THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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SWAYING RED-HOT SCYTHE, SOL SLAUGHTERS SCORES

From Every Section of Country Deaths Due to Heat Are Reported.

NEARLY HUNDRED DEAD IN GREATER NEW YORK

In Chicago Many Dropped Dead on Streets—Horses Fell Right and Left, in Some Places Blocking Traffic — Heat Records Broken.

New York, July 1.—Today was the hottest July 1st on record. At 3:10 p. m. the thermometer at the weather office reached 98 degrees, one degree hotter than yesterday. The records show that on only two days in the last thirty years has a higher temperature been reached. These were July 9, 1876, and July 3, 1898. On these days the thermometer reached 99 degrees. The percentage of humidity today was only 48.

The suffering in the city, particularly in the crowded tenement houses district, was most intense. As the day grew the deaths and prostrations increased, and, although provision was made in all the hospitals for this emergency, the authorities were scarcely able to cope with the great tax made on their resources.

Between 2 a. m. today and midnight tonight there were reported fifty-seven deaths and 141 prostrations in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

From midnight last night to 9 o'clock tonight twenty-one deaths and thirty-six prostrations had been reported in Brooklyn.

Although the weather bureau shows that the maximum was 98 degrees, this does not indicate the heat on the streets. Many thermometers registered 108 at 3:10 o'clock, and all of them over 100 on the street levee.

If the heat was killing on mankind, it was worse on the horses. They dropped right and left. At one time there were eight dead horses lying on Broadway between Twenty-third and Forty-second streets. There were fourteen horses prostrated in the vicinity of Madison Square alone.

The rush of the crowds to the parks and to the nearby seashore resorts tonight was unprecedented in the history of the city. It was noted at the Brooklyn bridge that numbers of men who boarded the cars for Coney Island and other beaches carried blankets, in which they intended to roll themselves and sleep on the sands.

At 2 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning the death record for the twenty-four hours ending at that time in Greater New York was eighty-seven; the prostrations, 183. For the last five days, covering the present heated term, the total deaths in the same territory were 136.

At Newark the mercury touched 100 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. This was the maximum. Late tonight the reported deaths were fourteen in and about Newark.

SQUALL BREAKS THE HEAT.

Mercury Drops After a Thunder Storm—Five Deats at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, July 1.—The spell of torrid heat which has been in sway here during the past week and which left death and prostration in its wake was broken this evening by a squall. The storm came suddenly from the southeast, and for a time the wind blew at a rate of sixty miles an hour. This was followed by a thunder shower, and the thermometer dropped to 75. The storm played havoc with telephone and telegraph wires. The maximum temperature today was 96 at the government station and 99 on the street. There were five deaths from heat today, as follows:

JOHN STOFER.
JOSEPH FUSSE.
MICHAEL GIBBEN.
GEORGE ELRICH.
MICHAEL DELOUGHEY.

This makes seventeen deaths since the hot spell began a week ago.

There were numerous prostrations during the day and about twelve are now at the city hospital in a serious condition.

IT IS SCORCHING AT ST. LOUIS.

Five Deaths and Numerous Prostrations Reported.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—July was ushered in today with scarcely any abatement of the heat which marked the closing days of June. Starting at 5 a. m., at 81 degrees, the mercury at the weather bureau rose steadily, reaching 100 at 8 o'clock. It did not remain long at that point, however, and an hour after the highest point had been reached had dropped two degrees.

The following deaths from heat were reported:

JOHN KELLER, 58 years old.
JOHN EISE.
HENRY STAUBER, 50 years old.
FRANK DOUGLASS, negro.
HENRY SCHUETTE, 60 years old.

The following were prostrated:

Julius Eberhardt, 38 years old; Patrick Rabbit, Ike Murphy, Mrs Lizzie Curboy, 60 years old.

PROSTRATED BY HUNDREDS.

Fourteen Deaths at Philadelphia. New Heat Record.

Philadelphia, July 1.—Philadelphia and vicinity today experienced the highest temperature recorded in this city, the government thermometer on the top of the postoffice building, 170 feet from the street, registering 102 degrees even.

At Cramp's ship yard the prostrations were so numerous that the 5,000 men employed there were relieved from further duty at noon.

At Baldwin's locomotive works, the Midvale Steel Works and numerous other places, scores of heat sufferers had to quit.

Reports from all sections of the state show that the temperature was exceedingly high, in some places the record was broken and in other places it was squaled.

Up to midnight fourteen deaths were reported and upwards of 100 persons were treated at hospitals for heat exhaustion.

RELIEF NOT YET IN SIGHT; TODAY TO BE A SCORCHER

Washington, July 1.—The hot weather continued here today with unabated fierceness, the climax coming in the afternoon when the local record for this early in the summer was broken, the weather bureau thermometer recording a temperature of 102 degrees. Fortunately, there was not much humidity in the atmosphere. There were twenty cases of heat prostration reported and one resulted fatally.

At 8 o'clock tonight the thermometer had fallen to 90 degrees, with every probability that it would not fall greatly below that during the night, and that tomorrow would be a scorcher. There seems to be no prospect for any relief for the next forty-eight hours for this vicinity. Beyond that length of time the weather bureau officials make no predictions.

The present hot wave started in the west June 21st, and the weather bureau officals report that high temperatures are recorded in most sections east of the Rocky mountains and many places west of them. Rains, most of them moderate in amount, have fallen in many places. Thunderstorms have occurred in West Virginia, Iowa and the ower lake region. By tomorrow relief is promised in the middle Mississippi valley, the upper lake region, and by Wednesday in the Ohio valley and possibly the western part of the lower lake region. For the next forty-eight hours along the northeastern coast the prospects favor more hot weather.

Some of the high temperatures recorded during the day by the weather bureau were:

Atlanta, Ga., 90 degrees; Atlantic City, 90; Boston, 92; Chicago, 92; Cincinnati, 96; Davenport, Iowa, 96; Desmoines, 92; Indianapolis, 92; Jacksonville, Fla., 94; Kansas City, Mo., 100; Little Rock, 90; Memphis, 92; New Orleans, 90; New York, 98; Omaha, 94; Pittsburg, 98; Salt Lake, 92; St. Louis, 100; St. Paul, 90; Springfield, Ill., 96; Vicksburg, Miss., 90.

DROPPED DEAD ON STREETS.

Five Succumb to the Intense Heat at Chicago.

Chicago, July 1.—Five persons dropped dead on the streets in Chicago today from heat and fifteen others were so badly overcome that they had to be removed to hospitals. A number of prostrated are in a serious condition and may die. At noon the temperature in the weather bureau in the Auditorium tower was 93 and on the streets over 100. A severe thunder storm at 1 o'clock brought relief, and the mercury dropped 20 degrees. The dead:

PETER BAJDIK.
BESSIE POOLE.
JOHN SMITH.
JOSEPH SOBESKI.
THOMAS WALSH.

ICE IS SHORT AT LOUISVILLE.

Two Prostrations from the Heat Are Reported.

Louisville, Ky., July 1.—At the maximum temperature of 97 there were two heat prostrations at Louisville today. Increased demand due to hot weather and a break down of machinery at some of the local ice factories has caused a shortage of ice. Today Louisville manufacturers refused to ship a pound of ice to nearby towns, although they were besieged with orders. If present conditions continue it is said the Louisville dealers will have ice shipped to them from other cities.

FOURTEEN DIE AT BALTIMORE.

Maryland City the Hottest Place in the United States.

Baltimore, July 1.—According to weather bureau reports Baltimore was the hottest city in the United States today. The weather bureau thermometer recorded 80 degrees at 5 a. m., and from that hour the mercury steadily mounted upward until 102 was reached at noon. Up to midnight fourteen deaths and twenty-eight prostrations had been reported.

DRANK ICE WATER AND DIED.

Trying To Relieve His Thirst, Dowdon Killed Himself.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 1.—The long drought and heated spell was broken tonight by a heavy rain and a rapid drop in the temperature. There were many heat prostrations here today, only one of which proved fatal. Ex-Policeman T. J. Dowdon was overcome, and before he had recovered he drank a glass of ice water. Within five minutes he was dead. The thermometer registered 105.

Pittsburg a Furnace.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 1.—Pittsburg was a veritable furnace all day, with a maximum of 98. Among the poorer classes the suffering was intense. Between 7 a. m. and midnight tonight eighteen deaths in Pittsburg and Allegheny were recorded, and forty prostrations.

Three Deaths at Boston.

Boston, July 1.—Heat casualties in Boston were numerous, with three deaths at the hospitals and six critical cases. Elsewhere there were deaths at Concord, N. H., Andover and Lowell. The worst feature is the great increase in infant mortality in the cities.

Hottest Day in Years.

Zanesville, O., July 1.—This was the hottest day here in years, the thermometer registering 104 for four hours this afternoon. Six prostrations and one death were reported. The heat was broken tonight by a shower.

100 in the Shade.

Richmond, Va., July 1.—The mercury reached 100 in the shade here today. There were a number of prostrations from the heat, but none have resulted fatally.

Drought Broken at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb., July 1.—Lincoln got an inch and a quarter of rain today, breaking an almost unprecedented drought existing since June 3d and causing a fall of temperature of nearly forty degrees.

Three Deaths at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., July 1.—Three deaths occurred today from heat and eighteen prostrations.

WRIT OF ERROR FOR BARKER.

Assailant of Rev. John Keller Fighting for Liberty.

Trenton, N. J., July 1.—Counsel for Thomas Barker, who was sentenced to five years in the state prison for assaulting Rev. Dr. Keller at Arlington, today took out a writ of error which will carry the case to the court of errors and appeals.

In the meantime Barker will not be sent to the state prison to serve his sentence. If the court of errors grants the writ, Barker may again be released on bail.

IOWA RAVAGED BY TORNADOES

Extent of Damage Unknown—Communication Broken.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 1.—Tornadoes are reported near Holstein, Cambridge and other Iowa points. Communication with Cambridge cannot be obtained from here.

ILLINOIS IS A GREAT SHIP.

Report of Board of Inspection on the Recent Trial.

Washington, July 1.—The official report of the board of inspection on the recent trial performance of the battleship Illinois has been received at the navy department. The run of sixty-six miles was made in three hours 48 minutes and 46 seconds, and with tidal corrections the true mean speed shown was 17.449 miles per hour. The run was made practically on an even keel. At its close the helm was thrown hard astarboard and the vessel made a complete turn in three minutes and eight seconds within a circle of 300 yards diameter. A turn to port was made in three minutes and ten seconds.

The board reports that the vessel is strong and well built, and that the workmanship is in strict conformity with the contract. The working of the machinery was in all respects satisfactory. The boilers were found to be in excellent condition, only one tube leaking slightly and needing repair. The board states that the steering and maneuvering qualities of the vessel are admirable and that she is free from structural vibration.

MORE THAN HALF A BILLION.

Government Receipts and Expenditures for Fiscal Year.

Washington, July 1.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, the total receipts from all sources amounted to $565,848,899 and the disbursements to $509,963,310, leaving a surplus for the year of $75,864,999. The receipts from customs during the year amounted to $238,786,740, as against $233,164,871 for the fiscal year 1900.

Internal revenue, $305,514,410 as against $295,326,926 for last year.

Miscellaneous, $41,547,157 as against $38,748,053 for last year.

The disbursements during the year are given as follows:

Civil and miscellaneous, $122,310,434; war, $144,620,590; navy, $60,515,387; Indians, $10,896,000; pensions, $139,323,489; interest, $32,317,402.

The total disbursements for the year were $22,269,519 in excess of those for last year.

WILL NOT DELAY OPENING.

Secretary Hitchcock Refuses Request of Cattlemen.

Washington, July 1.—Secretary Hitchcock has decided that there is no authority of law permitting a delay until October 1st in the opening of the Wichita Indian reservation in Oklahoma, as desired by certain cattle interests.

The secretary's announcement followed a hearing which he had given to representatives of the lessees and of companies which had loaned money on reservation cattle owned by the lessees. The cattlemen have paid the money up to the 1st of October, and said an injustice would be done them if the reservation is opened at the date proposed. There was a very full and free discussion, but the secretary did not feel he had authority to grant the delay asked for. While he has announced no formal decision in the matter, his views are to the effect stated, and preparation will be made for opening the lands for settlement next month.

WILLCOXON GETS COMMISSION.

Atlantan Passes a Most Rigid Examination at Fortress Monroe.

Washington, July 1.—(Special.)—Captain Cleveland Willcoxon, of Atlanta, has returned to Washington from Fortress Monroe, where he went to take his examination for a commission in the regular army with a number of other men from the southern states. Captain Willcoxon was put through a very severe examination, and it will gratify his many friends in Atlanta to know that he secured high marks in all branches. He says all the men designated from the Twenty-sixth regiment have passed, or will pass, the examination. It is expected that the president will sign a number of commissions before he leaves here on the 15th, and after the commissions are issued the fortunate Georgians will know to what branches of the service they will be assigned.

LOCKE VISITS WASHINGTON.

Chief Deputy Marshal Takes in the National Capital.

Washington, July 1.—(Special.)—Colonel R. D. Locke, of Macon, was in the city today. Colonel Locke is chief deputy marshal for the southern district of Georgia, and a prominent republican. His visit to this city at this time carries no political significance, and he says he is here on personal business. He will leave for Macon in two or three days.

CARNEGIE GIVES TO DETROIT.

He Will Contribute $750,000 Toward Building a Library.

Detroit, Mich., July 1.—George W. Radford, member of the Detroit public library board, has received a letter from Andrew Carnegie stating that Mr. Carnegie will contribute $750,000 toward the erection of a new public library building in this city.

BY ONE BOLT ELEVEN PERISH

Chicago Lads, Fleeing to Lake To Escape Heat, Die by Lightning.

ONLY ONE OF TWELVE LEFT TO TELL STORY

Survivor Badly Injured and May Not Recover — Bodies of Victims Fearfully Burned and Mutilated—Pier Destroyed by Stroke.

Chicago, July 1.—Crowded together in a little zinc-lined shanty under a northshore pier, ten boys and young men and one old man met instant death by lightning today. They had left their fish lines and sought shelter from the fierce thunder storm that deluged the northern part of the city about 1 o'clock. Ten minutes later their bodies lay with twisted and tangled limbs, "like a nest of snakes," as the men who found them said. Twelve-year-old Willie Anderson was uninjured, but he lay many long minutes before he could be drawn out from under the heap of bodies.

The dead are all from the families of comparatively poor people, and comprised two men who were fishing and seeking relief from the heat of the day, joined by a number of boys who had come to wade and swim on the beach.

The dead:

George Brabinst, eleven years of age.
Meyer Jacobs, forty-five.
George Priebs, twelve.
Frank Coosey, eleven.
Carl Kruz, eighteen.
Edward Bloch, twenty-three.
Unknown man, name supposed to be Broderick.
Unknown man.
Two unknown boys.

There were thirteen men and boys on the pier. They rushed for the only available shelter and crowded themselves in through the little trap door in the top of the cabin until they were packed almost to a point of suffocation. Then came the thunderbolt.

Percy Keane, a small boy, clad in bathing trunks, and watching from the water station, thought he heard a scream as the bolt struck. Mindless of the storm, he rushed across the beach. At the pier he heard a cry: "Help! Get me out!" He locked into the cabin, and in dismay saw the twisted bodies. Young Percy, crying, pulled at the dead men's arms and legs to get them away. He saw Willie Anderson's head and part of his body, but he could not pull him out, nor could he pull the heavy bodies from on top of him. Then young Keane telephoned to the police, who succeeded, after a great deal of difficulty, in reviving young Anderson and recovering the dead bodies of the others.

CRUSADE AGAINST GAMBLERS.

Arkansas Is Making War on the Green Cloth Knights.

Little Rock, Ark., July 1—The first arrest under the anti-gambling act passed by the recent legislature was made today. R. A. Furth, who operates the largest clubroom in the city, was arraigned before a local justice of the peace on the charge of running a gambling house, preferred by Detective Vick. The penalty is $1,000 fine, half of which goes to the informer. The arrest did not have the effect of closing the clubrooms which were running today.

Furth, it is claimed, will be arrested every day he keeps his clubrooms open. The opening of the resort, it is understood, is done for the purpose of testing the validity of the anti-gambling act passed by the recent legislature. Some of the best legal talent in Arkansas has been retained by the gamblers.

RAILWAY COMMISSION LOSES.

Federal Judge Knocks Out Rates Made in Arkansas.

Little Rock, July 1—Federal Judge Trieber today made perpetual an interlocutory decree against the Arkansas railroad commission restraining it from making and enforcing joint through ratings provided for in the standard freight distance tariff adopted by the commission in April, 1900. It is announced that the commission will appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals.

OIL TRUST TURNS SCREWS.

Another Sharp Advance in Prices Is Announced.

Cleveland, O., July 1.—Another sharp advance was announced in prices for linseed oil today by the American Linseed Oil Company. The wholesale price is now 80 cents per gallon in single barrel lots, an increase of 15 cents per gallon since June 1st. The jump in prices today was 7 cents per gallon. The increase for the last month has been about 25 per cent.

RETIRED THEM ON PENSIONS.

Illinois Central Takes Care of Its Old Employees.

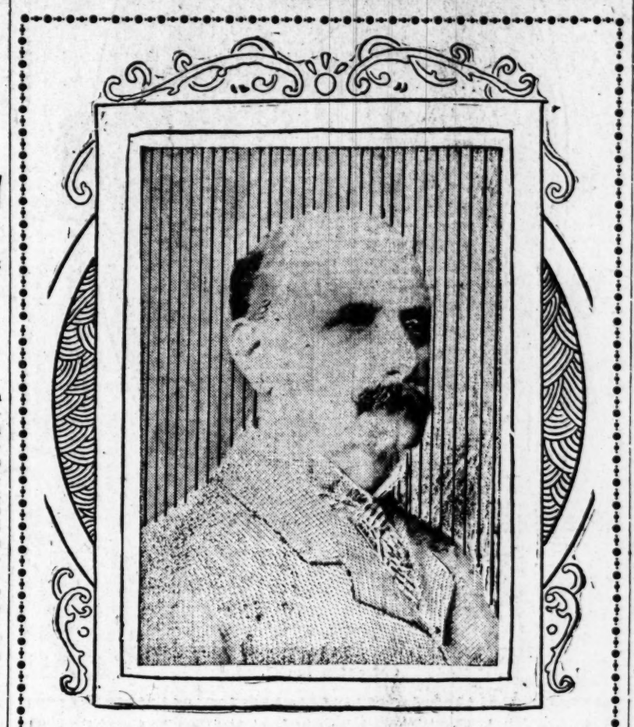
Chicago, July 1.—About 200 employees of the Illinois Central were retired today on a pension under the system approved by President Fish and General Manager Harrahan today and which became effective at midnight last night. Their pensions will be based on their average monthly pay during the last ten years of their service, they being allowed monthly a certain per cent of this amount for each year of their total service. To carry out the pension scheme the company has provided a fund of $250,000 and each year a sum not to exceed $100,000 will be set apart for the pension allowances for the year.

Ships Wrecked; Ten Drowned.

Melbourne, July 1.—Disastrous hurricanes on the coast of New South Wales have paralyzed shipping. Two vessels have been wrecked and ten persons drowned.

MILLION DOLLAR POWER PLANT TO BE LOCATED NEAR ATLANTA

WARDEN HAWK'S LIFE HAS BEEN A CAREER OF SUCCESS



COLONEL SAM A. HAWK.

Huntington, W. Va., July 1.—(Special.) Colonel Sam A. Hawk, warden of the government prison at Atlanta, Ga., is fifty years of age and has an interesting family. His wife, a southern lady, the daughter of Captain Mallory, of Memphis, Tenn., is highly cultured and ranks as a leader in social circles here. They have three sons, aged twenty, fifteen and twelve.

Colonel Hawk was formerly a merchant and later engaged in steamboating on the Ohio river. In 1890 he was appointed by President Harrison to look after the public domains in Arizona, which position he filled acceptably, notwithstanding agents of large cattle syndicates attempted to murder him on different occasions. Once he was cornered in his room at a hotel in Prescott. He was handy with a gun and shot two of his antagonists.

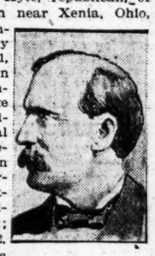
In 1896 he was appointed warden of the state penitentiary of West Virginia and brought this institution up to a standard never known in the history of the state. The people of Atlanta will find him an agreeable gentleman and will have no cause to regret his appointment.

DEATH OF SENATOR KYLE.

Heart Trouble Causes Death of South Dakota Senator.

Aberdeen, S. Dak., July 1.—Senator Kyle died at 6:05 p. m. Senator Kyle was stricken at his home about ten days ago. His trouble was of malarial origin and resulted in a functional affection of the heart.

James Henderson Kyle, republican, of Aberdeen, was born near Xenia, Ohio, February 24, 1854; entered the University of Illinois in 1871, taking a course in civil engineering; entered Oberlin college in 1873 and was graduated from classical course in 1878; prepared for admission to the bar, but afterwards entered Western Theological seminary, Allegheny, Pa.; graduated in 1882. During these years was teacher of mathematics and engineering; and subsequently engaged for several years in educational and ministerial work in Utah and South Dakota. At the time he entered political life was financial secretary of the Yankton college, Yankton, S. Dak. Was elected to the state senate as an independent in 1890; was elected to the United States senate to succeed Gideon C. Moody; took his seat March 4, 1891; was re-elected in 1897.



STILL MUDDLED ABOUT CHINA.

Foreign Envoys Not Agreed in Regard to Indemnity Bonds.

Berlin, July 1.—Nothing is known in German official circles regarding the news from Shanghai to the effect that Kai Fong Fu, in the province of Ho-Nan is to become the Chinese capital. The latest reports received here from Pekin reiterate the statement that it is the court's intention to return to Pekin.

The German government has not been advised touching the plans of Prince Chuan, further than that he is coming to Berlin to apologize for Baron Von Ketteler's murder.

In relation to the present status of the Pekin diplomatic negotiations the representative of the Associated Press learns upon reliable authority that the question of guarantees for the bonds securing the indemnities is still unsolved.

Russia's proposition is to raise sea tolls from 5 to 10 per cent but only if the junk and salt taxes with 5 per cent of sea tolls shall not yield sufficient results. Great Britain's objections to the Russian proposition are believed to be dictated less by practical reasons, since the above would most probably suffice, than the popular sentiment in Great Britain and by parliament. The Berlin authorities believed also like the other powers, that Russia's proposition is not likely to go into effect.

Costly Fire at Boston.

Boston, July 1.—A fire which for an hour threatened to do great damage broke out on pier 5 of the Hoosac tunnel docks in Charlestown today. The pier, which is the Boston terminus of the Warren Line Steamship Company, was destroyed, with a large quantity of merchandise. Six freight cars on the dock were consumed. The loss is placed at $200,000.

Driven Mad by Heat.

London, July 2.—Special dispatches from the continent report further ravages by storms and prostrations due to heat. In Florence six persons were driven mad and committed suicide in consequence of sunstrokes. According to the Lisbon correspondent of The Daily Express, the death roll due to storms amounts to twenty-two.

CHINA EXPEDITION IS COSTLY.

France Votes 80,000,000 Francs To Defray the Expenses.

Paris, July 1.—The chamber of deputies today voted supplementary credits amounting to 80,000,000 francs to defray the expenses of France's Chinese expedition.

In the course of the discussion of this subject M. Sembat, socialist, protested against the Chinese expedition and declared the war in China was due to missionaries and capitalists. He spoke of the brutality of the European troops in China and asked that an inquiry into their conduct there be made.

M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, repudiated the allegation that the French government had acted concerning China without consulting parliament.

M. DeLancesan, minister of marine, denied that atrocities had been committed by Frenchmen.

M. Rene Vviiani, radical socialist, moved an amendment calling upon the government to relinquish the protectorate of missionaries in the far east.

This was rejected by a vote of 425 to 109.

The credits were then voted by 474 to 71.

HARTFORD IS AT COPENHAGEN

Training Ship Is Welcomed by the Danish Authorities.

Copenhagen, July 1.—The Danish papers comment cordially on the visit here of the United States training ship Hartford. The American officers and crew have been invited to participate in a Fourth of July celebration at the famous Tivoli gardens.

Commander J. M. Hawley, of the Hartford, officially visited the Danish authorities today.

The nautical schoolship Enterprise, Lieutenant Commander E. M. Hughes, which left Boston May 31st, is expected here July 9th.

Boers in Camp.

Hamilton, Bermuda, July 1.—The 930 Boer prisoners who arrived here June 28th on the British transport Armenian, were today moved into the camps prepared for them on Darrells and Tuckers islands. These Boers are part of the force of General Cronje and were captured at Paardeberg.

Served Zach Chandler as Secretary.

Detroit, July 1.—George W. Partridge, for eight years private secretary to Zach Chandler, former United States senator from Michigan, and ex-secretary of the interior, died today from heart failure. He was about 70 years of age and held numerous governmental positions in Washington. Partridge at one time was a Washington correspondent for western papers.

Lost with All Hands.

Eagle River, Mich., July 1.—The tug Fern, of Algonac, Mich., foundered off here Saturday morning. She carried a crew of five men, all of whom are lost. Two were Frank Johnson, of this place and M. Anderson, of Eagle Harbor, and the others are unknown. The wreck of the yacht Marguerita, of Hancock, was also discovered between here and Eagle Harbor. Two men are supposed to have been lost on her.

Reading Strike Settled.

Philadelphia, July 1.—President George F. Bear, of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, today gave out a signed statement announcing the settlement of the Reading shop strike. The union will not be recognized, but the men will receive an advance in wages after returning to work on the old conditions.

Pensions Are Increasing.

Washington, July 1.—A statement prepared at the pension office shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30th the increase in the number of pensioners on the rolls compared with the previous year is about 2,500.

Chattahoochee River Near Bolton Will Be Harnessed by Dam.

THE PLANT WILL SUPPLY 20,000 DAILY HORSE POWER

Plans for Erection of Dam, Enlarging River Into Lake, Building of Park and Car Line Now Complete.

Atlanta is soon to have a new industry which, when completed, will involve the expenditure of northern and local capital amounting to $1,000,000, or more, and which will mean more industrially than any single plant in this section of the state. Its effect will be far-reaching, and it will practically revolutionize manufacturing conditions in and around Atlanta.

The new plant will be the realization of a plan which has long proved attractive to capitalists in this and other sections—the harnessing of the Chattahoochee river at a point about four miles from Bolton by means of a dam with a forty-foot fall and the erection of a splendid plant which will supply the manufacturers of Atlanta with a maximum capacity of 20,000 horse power in electricity.

Such in brief is the mere outline of the plan which has now reached practical fruition. What it means to Atlanta can be seen at a glance, when one takes into consideration the number of manufacturing concerns in the city and the greatly reduced rates at which such a plant would be able to supply power.

The new electrical plant will be located about eight miles from the center of the city, or, as has been stated, about four miles from Bolton, at a point which competent experts from the north claim to be an ideal location.

A construction company composed of northern capitalists and a few Atlanta men, who have unlimited money at their command, has been formed, and a tract of land which cost $100,000, or more, has been purchased from James Swann, A. E. Thornton and others. An expert engineer has been employed and work in developing the property will begin at an early date. Once it is begun, progress will be rapid. Work will be pushed with the utmost speed.

A Seven-Mile Lake.

The parties interested in the movement have long looked upon Atlanta as an ideal location near which to erect such a plant. To this end they paid several visits to the recently completed power plant at Columbus, and the local plant will be in every way more modern, with a daily horse power fully as large.

The present plan is to build a dam with a forty-foot fall, which will have a maximum daily capacity of six to eight thousand horse power, and which, by the use of storage batteries, can be augmented to 20,000 horse power. This power will be transmitted to hundreds of manufacturing concerns in the city at a cost far less than that they are now compelled to pay.

In order to obtain a sufficient flow of water, the body of the river will be enlarged, and the huge forty-foot dam will mark one extreme of a magnificent lake which will extend fully seven miles in the opposite direction, and will be two or three miles in width.

Aside from its utilitarian aspects, the erection of the plant will mean the improvement and beautifying of an enormous tract of land which will add greatly to the value and attractiveness of the adjoining country.

It is planned to build near the lake a beautiful park which will prove by all odds the most attractive suburban resort within many miles of Atlanta.

Access to the park will be had by a splendidly equipped, double track electric line which will be operated by the company owning the plant, and which will run a regular schedule from the center of the city.

Atlanta Men Interested.

While the bulk of the money invested in the new enterprise will come from the north, several well-known Atlanta men are interested in the venture. Although all plans are now complete, none of the interested parties care to have their names mentioned in the matter. A meeting of well-known Atlanta capitalists was held yesterday afternoon at the Fourth National bank, in which the matter was finally gone over and all details definitely settled.

Work on the plant will be begun at a very early date.

LIEUTENANT DOWNES KILLED.

Young Texan Met Death Fighting in Philippines.

Washington, July 1.—General MacArthur cables to the war department from Manila that First Lieutenant Edward E. Downes, First Infantry, was killed in southern Samar. Downes was appointed to West Point from Texas in 1896, but in 1898 entered the service as a second lieutenant without graduating from the military academy.

Robinson Going to Manila.

Washington, July 1.—H. M. Robinson, the superintendent of the postal service in China, writing from Tien-Tsin, May 21st, said he expected to leave that place the next day, and on his arrival at Manila would report for duty to the director general of posts, as he had been instructed.

Charges Against Judge Humphreys.

Washington, July 2.—It is understood that charges have been filed at the department of justice against Judge Humphreys, of Honolulu. The charges are said to grow out of the action of the judge in certain matters that came up before him.

SPARKS CAPTURED BY AID OF NEGRO

School Teacher Who Killed Contractor Is in Custody.

HE PUT UP A HARD FIGHT

During the Morning He Had a Pitched Battle with a Farmer, in Which the Farmer Put a Bullet in the Outlaw's Body.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—C. H. Sparks, wanted on the charge of murdering Jackson Ingersoll, the Phenix City negro contractor a day or two ago, was captured fourteen miles south of Cusseta this afternoon by a posse of officers.

Through the aid of a negro who had Sparks's confidence the officers were enabled to surround the fugitive. Sparks fought until the last and fired one shot, which went wild. The officers quickly disarmed him and no blood was shed. Sparks admitted his name but denied the crime. The negro will be hurried to the jail at Opelika, the county site of Lee county, Ala., in which the killing was committed, as early as possible. The officers did not make their capture in time to catch the afternoon train from Cusseta to Columbus. The Columbus authorities do not want the negro on their hands, because if he is placed in the Phenix City jail he is morally certain to be lynched. It has been openly talked in Phenix City that if the capture was made, both the school teacher and Ingersoll's wife, who is under arrest for complicity in the crime, would be hung by the same rope to a tree in front of the dead man's house. The woman has been carried to the Opelika jail, however. It is possible that the officers having Sparks in charge may hurry him around to Opelika by way of Montgomery rather than risk passing through Phenix City. Sparks was first seen near Cusseta early this morning by a farmer named Braddy. Braddy tried to entice the negro to loan him his gun, but the request was refused and the two exchanged shots. Sparks shot at Braddy with his winchester several times and Braddy emptied his shot gun at Sparks, although not wounding him seriously. Braddy was uninjured. The negro is now charged with assault with intent to murder in Chattahoochee county.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Ministers Dispose of Church Work at Forsyth Rapidly.

Forsyth, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The Methodist district conference adjourned at 1:30 o'clock today. Over a hundred delegates were present.

Rev. J. B. Robins, D. D., of Atlanta, presided. Every pastoral charge was represented before the conference as to its spiritual and financial state. There were no revivals of remarkable character reported, and not many additions on profession of faith during the year, but the church interests of the district were shown to be in healthy and growing condition.

Some masterly sermons were delivered and were listened to by large and appreciative congregations.

The opening sermon by Dr. Mixon, D. D., of Thomaston, was a gem of finely conceived thought, presented in a finished style. Professor H. S. Bradley, of Emory college, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church Sunday morning. His sermon was replete with interest and was copiously illustrated from his rich store of scientific knowledge.

Rev. J. L. Moon, of McDonough, delighted his congregation at the Baptist church. At night Rev. J. B. Holland, at the Methodist, and Rev. R. B. O. England, at the Baptist church, preached excellent sermons.

Colonel R. T. Daniel, of Griffin; E. T. Mallory and J. Wrightman Bowden, of Forsyth, and H. B. Neal, of McDonough, were selected lay delegates to the next annual conference.

Engineers Locate New Line.

Americus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The engineering corps of the Central railroad has begun the survey of a line from Smithville to Buena Vista, which, if built, will cut into the territory of the Seaboard Air Line.

Like a flash of lightning, sudden and startling, disease strikes down many a man. Yet there have been warnings upon warnings, unheeded. Food has lain like a heavy weight in the stomach after eating. There have been belchings, bitter risings in the mouth, nervousness, sleeplessness and growing irritability. Instead of listening to these warnings, recourse has been had to some of the nerve numbing palliatives that cover but never cure disease. Many serious diseases begin in a diseased condition of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. For such diseases there is one medicine which rarely fails to effect a complete cure. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures ninety-eight per cent. of all who give it a fair and faithful trial. It is a temperance medicine and contains no alcohol.

"I was afflicted with what the doctors called nervous indigestion," writes Mr. Thos. G. Lever, of Lever, Richland Co., S. C. "I took medicine from my family physician to no avail. In looking over one of Dr. Pierce's Memorandum Books, I found my case described exactly. I wrote to you and made a statement. You sent me a descriptive list of questions, also some hygienic rules. I carried those out as best I could, but thought myself incurable as I suffered so much with pain under my ribs and an empty feeling in my stomach. At night would have cold or hot feet and hands, alternately. I was getting nervous and suffered a great deal mentally, thinking that death would soon claim me. Always expected something unusual to take place; was irritable and impatient, and greatly reduced in flesh. I could scarcely eat any thing that would not produce a bad feeling in my stomach. After some hesitation, owing to my prejudices against patent medicines, I decided to try a few bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pellets.' After taking several bottles of each, found I was improving. I continued for six months or more, off and on until I was cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a positive cure for constipation.

CHAMPION GIRL GOLFER'S SPLENDID SCORES IN ROME

MISS EDYTH LOUISE MALLORY, OF MEMPHIS, Champion Golfer.

Rome, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Much interest has been aroused here in the splendid golf playing of Miss Edith Mallory, of Memphis, who is visiting Miss Bonnie King. President Hugh Foreman, of the Piedmont Golf Club, of Atlanta, and Professor G. W. Macon, of Mercer university, who have recently played over the Mont Alto Golf Club's links, pronounce them as one of the sportiest and most interesting in the south.

Miss Mallory has played almost daily over the course for two weeks past. She drives better than most men who play golf, and her playing has been a revelation to many. In a game with Mr. Sproull Fouche, who holds the champion cup of the Mont Alto Club, he played the course in 46, or one above bogey, while her score was 52, or 6 above bogey. She has defeated or tied seven of the ten young men she has played against in Rome.

Miss Mallory was the champion golfer at Hollins institute, Virginia, and holds the woman's record on the celebrated Burlington, Ia., golf course. She is the daughter of Mr. W. B. Mallory, the wealthy wholesale grocery merchant and capitalist of Memphis, and is a very handsome and charming young lady. During her visit to Rome she has been the recipient of much social attention. She has never been defeated by a southern girl in a championship game, and is very enthusiastic about golf.

"WINCHESTER" FOX BREAKS RECORD AT THE GUN CLUB

An exhibition of accurate marksmanship was given at the Atlanta Gun Club yesterday afternoon which far surpasses anything heretofore seen in this section. Ansley H. Fox, the expert trap-shooter, now visiting in Atlanta, broke ninety-five out of a possible 100 clay pigeons. The shooting was done to settle a wager that Mr. Fox could not break ninety-two out of 100. Mr. Fox, who represents the Winchester Repeating Arms Company and is better known to the shooting fraternity as "Winchester," is a native Georgian, having been born at Decatur.

During the afternoon Mr. Fox shot at 150 clay pigeons and scored 144, which is the best record that has ever been made on the local grounds. Mr. Fox was greatly pleased with the Atlanta Gun Club and its members. He is fully acquainted with all affairs connected with shooting and says that Atlanta has the largest gun club and the largest number of crack shots of any city in the south.

RIVER TRADE SHOWS GROWTH.

Increase of Seventy-three Per Cent in Business Is Manifested.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Commercial statistics for the fiscal year ending today show that the steamers on the Chattahoochee, Apalachicola and lower Flint rivers carried 119,743 tons of freight during the year, against 69,000 tons the preceding year. This is an increase of 73 per cent in the business done on the rivers and shows the remarkable growth in commerce on these steamers. The bulk of the freight consisted of cotton, cotton seed, cotton seed meal and hulls, fertilizers, naval stores, lumber and provisions. During the year the boats hauled 16,000,000 of shingles. The lumber records do not include the immense quantities of timber rafted to Apalachicola. The value of the freights in round numbers is $11,000,000.

WORK ON NEW STATION BEGINS

Columbus Will Soon Have Magnificent Union Depot.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Work has commenced on Columbus' new union passenger station. Material has been collected for the purpose of constructing temporary waiting rooms to take place of those which are to be torn away and Division Superintendent Johnson has received orders to at once build them. The Central railway will spend between $35,000 and $40,000 on its new station, which will be equipped in up to date style. The plans call for a structure which will be a credit to a city the size of Columbus. In a number of respects the station will resemble the one in Montgomery, Ala.

GOOD WAY TO OBSERVE DAY.

Cotton Mill Will Open in Columbus on the Fourth.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Columbus will celebrate the Fourth of July this year by starting up a 20,000 spindle cotton mill. The machinery for the plant of the Columbus Manufacturing Company will begin operation Thursday morning and Thursday afternoon the plant will be thrown open for public inspection.

STRYCHNINE IN THE WHISKY.

LaGrange Negro Charged with an Attempt To Murder.

LaGrange, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Jim Battle, a negro, was this afternoon bound over to the grand jury charged with assault with intent to murder. Jasper Smith, colored, wanted whisky Sunday. He gave money to a negro working with Jim Battle to get it. The negro boy says he got the whisky from Jim Battle. Smith took a drink, and in a short while was taken deathly sick. A physician decided that Smith was suffering from strychnine poison. The alleged motive for the poisoning is that Battle has been visiting Smith's wife, and wants to get Smith out of the way. He was placed under $150 bond.

D'ANTIGNAC WINS THE PLACE.

Augusta City Council Refuses To Sell the May Park.

Augusta, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—In the city council meeting this evening Harris H. D'Antignac, Jr., was elected assistant to the city sheriff after a spirited contest and after five ineffectual ballots. There were four candidates. The effort to sell May park and to convert it into building lots was defeated and a resolution was adopted providing for further improvement in the park.

A petition for a new gas and electric company and the right to lay pipes, run wires, etc., was referred to the streets and drains committee. Stewart Phinizy, president of the Augusta factory, is at the head of the enterprise and the petition promises to begin work within six months from date of grant.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

HIS WOUNDS PROVE FATAL.

Crawford's Own Pistol Caused His Sudden Death.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Stephen A. Crawford, who was accidentally shot by the discharge of a pistol in his pocket while jumping off a car last night, died in the Savannah hospital at 3 p. m. today. Crawford had been out to West End with one of the street railway conductors who said he expected trouble with negroes on his last trip. On the last trip a negro attempted to avoid paying fare and Crawford and the conductor endeavored to corner him. The negro jumped from the car and Crawford jumped after him. His foot struck a stone, causing him to fall to the ground backward, and the pistol, which was in his hip pocket, was discharged, the ball going through his side. An operation was performed at the hospital this morning and the ball probed for, but it could not be found.

POSTOFFICE IS INSPECTED.

Salary at Buford Has Gone Up to $1,600 a Year.

Buford, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The postoffice here was inspected last week and found to be in first-class condition. Beginning with today, the salary of the postmistress will be $1,600 instead of $1,400. Miss Lizzie Hamilton, the postmistress, is a model official.

LUMBER COMPANY AT BUFORD.

Application for a Charter Has Just Been Made.

Buford, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Application has been made for a charter for the Pattillo Lumber Company with a capital of $20,000. The company will manufacture sash and doors. The stockholders are L. P. Pattillo, Jack Pattillo, W. B. Shadburn, John Q. Allen, LeRoy Pharr, J. P. Pharr, C. H. Smith, Jr., L. R. Martin and W. T. Mayfield.

Leading Georgia Negro Dead.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—W. E. Terry, one of the most prominent negroes in Columbus, died today. He had been grand master of the Georgia colored Masons for seven years.

IS HELD FOR WIFE BEATING

Macon Man Is Arraigned Before a Jury for Lunacy.

WAS FOUND TO BE SANE

Juror Moves That He Be Held for Whipping His Wife, and It Is Done.

Macon, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—James G. Cook, a white man about forty years old, was tried today on the charge of lunacy. The verdict of the jury was that he was of sound mind and not a fit subject for the asylum. The verdict was found on the following motion of one of the jurors:

"I move the verdict of the jury be that we find Mr. Cook not a fit subject for the lunatic asylum, but that we recommend that he be prosecuted for wife beating."

A warrant was accordingly issued from the city court charging Cook with wife whipping, and he was placed in jail to await trial.

Cook was night telegraph operator for years for the Central railroad at Masseyville, Bibb county, a few miles from Macon. He was discharged last Christmas for drunkenness. His wife is day operator at Masseyville. The couple have two children. It is said that Cook has been abusing his wife for some time, and a few days ago beat her severely. Last night he made an attempt to cut her throat, so it is alleged. Her screams brought aid. Her friends took Cook in charge and brought him to Macon, where he was given a prison cell. Drink is supposed to be the cause of Cook's treatment of his wife. She had him tried today on a writ of lunacy. She has been afraid for weeks that her husband would kill her. It is possible, she thinks, if he can be kept in jail several months he might overcome his taste for strong drink.

COTTON GROWERS TO MEET.

The Interstate Protective Association in Macon on July 12th.

Macon, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—President Harvie Jordan, of the Interstate Cotton Growers' Protective Association, was in Macon today. He says he anticipates a large attendance of delegates to the annual session of the association in Macon July 12th. A number of important matters will come before the convention, and speeches will be made by several distinguished gentlemen.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria, 50c.

JULY FOURTH IN BRUNSWICK.

Yacht Races, Bicycle Races and a Naval Militia Shoot Are Booked.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The Fourth of July celebration here will include yacht and bicycle races on St. Simon's, in addition to a shoot by the naval militia. The races are:

First class boat entries: Monsoon, by F. D. M., Strachan; Lucille, by W. M. Tupper and Frank D. Aiken.

Second class boat entries: Caroline, by N. Emanuel; Dish, by P. Horan; Neca, by G. F. Anderson; Barlow, by William Anderson, and Frank Mallard's boat.

The first class boats will start at 3 p. m. and the second class fifteen minutes later. The judges are J. J. Conoley, A. C. Banks and A. V. Wood.

In the bicycle races the events are:

First event, local championship, quarter mile, three heats; first prize gold medal, second prize gold medal.

Second event, novice, half-mile; prize, bicycle lamp.

Third event, mile, free for all; prize, first, gold medal; second, gold medal. Among the entries so far are John Ross, Cargyle Elliott, Nick Brown, Elliott Moore, Freddie Joerger, Percy McNeeley. The judges are B. P. Coleman, Charles A. McCardle and B. J. Olewine.

IS CHARGED WITH ARSON.

Savannah Restaurant Man Has Been Placed Under Arrest.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Benjamin F. Colson, proprietor of the Kentucky restaurant, on St. Julian street, was arrested today charged with arson. There was a fire in the restaurant at 1 o'clock Sunday morning, which required some good work on the part of the firemen to subdue. After the fire was extinguished it was found that the walls of the place had been saturated with kerosene. It was reported that Colson had been seen in the place shortly before the fire occurred.

MAN STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Prominent Planter's Son Is Severely Injured.

Barnesville, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—John Howard, the nineteen-year-old son of M. G. Howard, a prominent planter and fruit grower near this city, was struck by lightning this morning during a severe rain and thunder storm. He recovered after strenuous work by the attending physician and is now out of danger.

LIGHTNING FIRES TWO BARNS.

Near Conyers Electric Storm Proves Quite Destructive.

Conyers, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—During a heavy rain here this afternoon lightning struck a barn belonging to Ed S. Everett. It was fired and soon consumed. Another barn near was set on fire, too, and came near being a total loss. Mr. Everett's valuable stallion, Baymore, was rescued from the barn uninjured. A negro child was struck by a bolt and severely injured.

MAJOR CULPEPPER DROPS DEAD

One of Fort Valley's Prominent Citizens Expires Suddenly.

Fort Valley, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Major J. M. Culpepper, one of the most prominent citizens, largest and wealthiest farmers and orchardists of this section, dropped dead shortly after noon today. He had been in perfect health, had just returned from his packing house, and was sitting in his room when, without a moment's warning, he died. Apoplexy was the cause. The funeral will take place tomorrow.

Hon. J. H. Brewer, Elberton, Ga.

Elberton, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Hon. J. H. Brewer died last night at his home, Bell Haven, near Elberton. His interment took place here today. He was an aged citizen and an ex-representative. He leaves a large family connection.

Miss Mary Stanley, Buford, Ga.

Buford, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Miss Mary Stanley, seventy-three years of age, sister in law of R. N. Blackwood, of this place, died yesterday and was buried today. She was the last member of the Stanley family, which removed from North Carolina to this place.

COUNTY SEAT IS CHANGED.

Fight in Alabama Is Given a Sudden Termination.

Jackson Depot, Miss., July 1.—(Special.) The legal fight over the proposed removal of the county seat of Simpson county from Westville to Edna was brought to an unexpected close tonight, when the books, records and court paraphernalia were loaded into twenty-five wagons and hauled rapidly across the country a distance of fifteen miles to Edna. The action was given legal sanction by the board of supervisors.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack.

What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease.

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it, and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

FIRST DAY GREAT SUCCESS

Jackson Chautauqua Proves an Interesting Event.

PROGRAMME CARRIED OUT

Each Number Was Entertainingly Presented, and Was Genuinely Enjoyed.

Jackson, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The first day of the chautauqua proper was a decided success, immense crowds greeting both programmes. After the morning concert by Baldwin's Military band the Cecelian Quartet gave several numbers, and Mrs. Elizabeth deBarrie Gill in her readings and impersonations delighted the audience. The lecturer of the morning hour was Hon. G. A. Gearhardt, of Philadelphia, in "The Coming Man." He came up to the expectations of the people and to what the press has been saying of him. It is a masterpiece by a master hand.

The ladies' auxiliary committee gave a reception this afternoon at 5 o'clock to the visiting ladies and it was largely attended. The city is full of visitors and most of them were taken out.

Tonight's work included Professor Ralph Bingham's famous impersonations, assisted by Baldwin's band, the Cecelian Quartet and Mrs. de Barrie Gill. The auditorium was well filled.

Tomorrow's programme embraces Thomas Dixon, Jr., in the morning, and Miss May McAfee at night, assisted by several specialties. The management is gratified at the outlook for the week.

ITS FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Barnesville Thronged with Visitors on the Opening Day.

Barnesville, Ga., July 1.—The fourth annual session of the Barnesville chautauqua opened today. The programme throughout was attractive.

Barnesville has one of the largest and most satisfactory auditoriums in the south. It is thoroughly ventilated, equipped with opera chairs, electric lights and electric fans and easily seats 3,000 people.

The musical attractions for this year are especially fine. The Chicago Glee Club is known as one of the finest quartets in the country and has given universal satisfaction. Professor Fred Wedemeyer's Fifth Regiment band is not surpassed in the south. He has the best artists in musical circles and people who know what Professor Wedemeyer can do were not today disappointed. The lecturers on the programme are known throughout the country as the greatest platform attractions. Among the lecturers are Rev. Sam P. Jones, Professor John B. DeMotte, Rev. Tom Dixon, Hon. G. A. Gearheart, Dr. Samuel Phelps Leland, Mr. Ralph Bingham, Hon. Frank H. Richardson and others of equal fame.

Chautauqua is a holiday week in Barnesville, the stores close, business is largely suspended and every home is open to invited guests and boarders.

A rate of one fare for the round trip has been granted by the railroads from all points in Georgia.

Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla for those living in the Malaria Districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

SECOND DAY AT MARIETTA.

Large Tent Was Crowded and the Programme Well Carried Out.

Marietta, Ga., July 1.—The second annual session of the Marietta Chautauqua Association is drawing large crowds.

The large tent in which the meetings are held was filled to overflowing today and Sunday.

The programme for today was:

10:30 a. m., "Sentiment," by ex-Governor Bob Taylor; 3:30 p. m., concert by Georgia State band; Schubert Male Quartet; reader, Miss Morris. 8 p. m., "Saul of Tarsus," by Hon. George R. Wendling.

The programme for tomorrow is:

10:30 a. m., "Mirabeau and the French Revolution," by Hon. George R. Wendling. 3:30 p. m., concert by Imperial hand bell ringers and Schubert Male Quartet. 8 p. m., grand concert by Imperial hand bell ringers, Georgia State band and Schubert Male Quartet; reader, Miss Morrison.

The Georgia State band will furnish music throughout the week. The railroads give special rates and there will be a special night train to Atlanta each night after the lectures.

THE AGREEMENT IS RATIFIED.

Mass Meetings at Mining Camps Accept Contract Made.

Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—Mass meetings were held at the various mining camps today to vote on whether or not the miners would accept last year's wage scale, as agreed upon by the miners' state convention and the operators here Saturday night. All the mines so far heard from voted to ratify the agreement, and the miners' state convention will reassemble tomorrow to sign up the scale.

HE DIED FROM HYDROPHOBIA.

Ten-Year-Old Boy Bitten Through His Nose by a Puppy.

Mobile, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Charles Bennett, a ten-year-old boy, died here today from hydrophobia. About two weeks ago he was playing with a puppy, when the dog bit him through the nose. He suffered intensely before he died.

MORE RAILS FOR B. AND B.

Schooner Loaded with Iron Has Reached Brunswick.

MACHEN PUSHING THE WORK

President of the New Line Anxious To Begin Earning Money at Once.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The overdue schooner Joseph W. Hawthorne has arrived and is now discharging a cargo of rails for the Brunswick and Birmingham railroad. This cargo is sufficient for some miles beyond the Seaboard Air Line track, and immediately on reaching the Seaboard trains will be run from Brunswick to the crossing and business will be established regularly. Rails have already been laid on the Birmingham and Brunswick about twelve miles and grading has been completed to the Seaboard. It is the intention of President Machen to begin traffic arrangement just as soon as connections are made. The Birmingham and Brunswick will then commence earning money, as it is conceded that a union with the Seaboard in and out of Savannah will be a good thing for both roads. Since the Southern and the Seaboard split off from their old connections at Everett the Seaboard has had trouble in getting in here and Brunswick has felt the change. The Birmingham and Brunswick has another engine now on hand and a full passenger train ready to go on the run when the line taps the Seaboard. An old-time excursion will be tendered the Birmingham and Brunswick's friends to Savannah by President Machen just as soon as the rails touch. President Machen is decidedly anxious to make that Savannah connection immediately.

Piles Cured Without the Knife.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you; 50 cents.

CROPS SHOW IMPROVEMENT.

Saw Mill Men Are Now Making Up on Delayed Orders.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Reports from along the line of both railroads indicate that all crops have improved since the recent protracted rains and not over 20 per cent loss will be sustained.

Corn crops received a good boost during the wet weather and extra results from that will offset some loss on other crops. All saw mills are at work on full time and double time, and have about caught up with orders delayed by the wet weather. The shortage in hands occasioned by the large number engaged in building the Plant system's cut off to Folkston and the Brunswick and Birmingham railroad has been made up by recent importations.

TO GIVE AN ENTERTAINMENT.

Daughters of Confederacy at Brunswick Are at Work.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Brunswick chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, assisted by a large number of society folk, will give an entertainment in a few days to raise funds to assist in work they now have under way. The chapter, in addition to caring for the graves of the confederates buried here, has always assisted in rendering aid to the old heroes who needed it. The large fund raised to pay for the monument now being built will be supplemented in order to provide for proper surroundings to it.

THIRTY-SECOND ANNIVERSARY

Negroes at Brunswick Are Showing Decided Improvement.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The First African Baptist church has just closed its thirty-second anniversary, the sermon being delivered by Rev. C. H. Young, of Americus. The Business League, an organization of colored men doing much good along industrial lines amongst its people, participated in the anniversary exercise. The speakers urged co-operation amongst the colored people for the material as well as the spiritual advancement of the race. Brunswick has a number of well educated negro men who have made a financial success. These have banded together for the advancement of their people and have invested money in various enterprises, industrial and otherwise, to help the younger generation. While the fathers practically manage the business, the training given their sons is having a good moral effect.

Brunswick Library Association.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The Brunswick Library Association will give an entertainment in Hanover park next Wednesday evening. Serving refreshments, the marine band and A. V. Wood with his stereopticon views will be the features.

Atkinson Hears from the Governor.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Dr. D. D. Atkinson has been notified of his appointment by Governor Candler as one of the state dental examiners for a term of five years. Dr. Atkinson has been a member of this board for many years.

Catholic Bazaar This Fall.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Ladies of St. Francis Xavier church are arranging to give a Catholic bazaar in the early fall. They want to raise money to add to the convent building.

Adventists Will Meet.

Brunswick, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The Southern Adventists' Christian Publication Society, scheduled to convene in annual session in Brunswick July 23d to 28th, inclusive, will be attended by many delegates, as Adventism shows a steady growth in the past few years. In Brunswick there is a good congregation of Adventists.

$20,000 Is Needed.

Columbus, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—So far $12,500 has been subscribed by citizens of Columbus for the Young Men's Christian Association fund. Twenty thousand dollars is to be raised.

How I Cure Stricture

Mr. J. T. Wicker, of Grange, Ga., writes: "I am delighted with your treatment for Stricture, which disease has bothered me for years. I tried in vain many advertised remedies and was in bad shape when I placed my case in your hands. Your home treatment has cured me in two months, and I take pleasure in commending your skill."

Those afflicted with Stricture or Varicocele should beware of the many ready made, quick cures so extensively advertised. Your condition needs special attention, and experiments often result in permanent injury. I give each case careful study and prepare treatment specially to meet all symptoms. I have cured more cases than any other physician in the United States, and my method of treatment has been given the severest test. I can cure you in the shortest time consistent with medical science, but I never claim to make immediate cures, because the after-effects of such treatment is always more damaging than beneficial.

I charge nothing for consultation and advice. Send for self-examination blanks explaining my perfect system of home treatment. My specialty also includes all other chronic and private diseases, such as loss of manly vigor or premature decline, blood poison, skin diseases, bladder and urinary complaints, etc.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.

Suite 33 Inman Building, 22½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

IF GOOD

Goods are what you are after this is the store for you. QUALITY is the foundation of our business. We are offering some extraordinary values this week in

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S SUITS.

Don't buy until you see ours.

If Money saving is what you are after, this is the store for you. Low prices is our banner.

If Satisfaction is what you are after, this is the store for you, for no matter what you buy, everything is guaranteed to give you satisfaction or your money refunded.

Ask to see our **$1.00** Negligee Shirts and Straw Hats—the best in Atlanta for the money.

Essig Bros.,

The Popular Outfitters.

37 WHITEHALL.

TO EUROPE

with Safety and Speed. Average voyage less than 7 days. Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool. Take one of the Palatial New Twin Screw Steamers of the

DOMINION LINE

New England, 11,600 tons, July 17--Aug. 14 | Commonwealth, 13,000 tons, July 3 and July 31.

Saloon passage, $75 and up; 2d cabin, $42.50; 3d class at lowest rates. For passage, plans and illustrated folder apply to the company's office. 77 State St., Boston, Mass.

Pianos at Reduced Prices.....

We have a large number of Pianos that have been rented out during the winter, which will be sold right now at very low prices. Many well-known makes are included and all are in first-class condition. Some are so slightly used that they appear to be perfectly new. Special low prices will be given on all these Pianos. Easy time payments can be arranged.

Call without delay.

PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

37 Peachtree Street.

BANKRUPT SALE!

R. B. Broyles Grocery Stock

Entire Bankrupt Grocery Stock, R. B. BROYLES, will be sold at Auction on premises at No. 26 W. Mitchell St., on Wednesday, July 3d, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. This includes Iron Safe, Cash Register, Refrigerator, Horse and two Wagons.

EUGENE DODD, Receiver.

If the Union Depot is built on Mitchell street it will vastly increase all values on Forsyth street. Then buy the Israel property while you can.

Go on Wrightsville excursion, via S. A. L., July 5th. Fine fishing and surf bathing.

WEEK END EXCURSION

And Summer Excursion Rates Via Seaboard Air Line Ry.

Beginning Saturday, June 8th, and on every Saturday thereafter until August 11, the SEABOARD AIR LINE Railway will sell round trip week end excursion tickets from Atlanta to Athens and intermediate stations at rate of ONE FARE; to Cross Hill (Harris Lithia Springs), S. C., at rate of $3.00; to Wilmington, N. C., at rate of $7.85. Tickets on sale for noon and afternoon trains Saturday, good returning until Monday following.

Also on sale DAILY regular SUMMER EXCURSION tickets from Atlanta to following points at rates named:

To Morehead City, N. C.	$23.60
To Wilmington, N. C.	17.90
To Shelby, N. C.	12.20
To Lincolnton, N. C.	13.60
To Old Point Comfort, Va.	24.50
To Virginia Beach, Va.	24.50
White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.	34.70
Hot Springs, Va.	25.70
Farmville, Va.	21.10
Staunton, Va.	24.70

Baltimore, Md., via Norfolk and Steamer.. 29.50

New York, via Norfolk and O. D. Line 37.50

Boston, Mass., and Providence, R. I., via Norfolk and M. and M. T. Co. 42.50

Similar rates to various other North Carolina and Virginia resorts.

For limits, and further particulars, apply

Ticket Office, 12 Kimball House.

SUFFRAGE PLAN SEEMS TO SUIT

Work of Majority of Committee Pleases Delegates.

SECTION WILL GO THROUGH

Alabama Constitutional Convention Gave Up the Day to Proposition To Reduce the Maximum Limit of Taxation. It Is Adopted.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—The constitutional convention spent the entire day debating the proposition to reduce the maximum limit of taxation from 75 cents on the $100 to 65 cents on the $100. The section making the reduction finally passed by a vote of 66 to 32.

The suffrage scheme of the majority of the committee meets with favor among the delegates generally. No one has come out in open advocacy of the minority report, though it has some supporters. The committee entertains no doubt of its ability to pass that section practically unchanged.

HANGED HERSELF IN A BARN.

Daughter of a Prominent Farmer Takes Her Own Life.

Mobile, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—News was received here today of the suicide, at Fairhope, Baldwin county, of Miss Charlotte Gable, daughter of John I. Gable, a prominent farmer of that locality. She had been mentally troubled for some time and had several times atempted to take her own life. Sunday morning she was missed, and her sister searched for her. She found Miss Charlotte hanging in the barn, dead. She was about forty years of age.

MR. BRYA NAT NEWPORT NEWS

After His Address He Is Tendered a Banquet.

Newport News, Va., July 1.—William J. Bryan tonight addressed a large audience at the Academy of Music, his subject being "A Conquering Nation."

Following the address a banquet was given at Hotel Warwick in his honor by the city democratic executive committee, at which a number of prominent men were present. He responded to the toast, "The United States." Governor Hoge Tyler's toast was "Virginia."

Senator Daniel was expected to be present, but was detained in Richmond.

From here Mr. Bryan will go to Roanoke and Bedford City.

THEY WILL RACE FOR HOMES.

Company Has Been Formed to "Rush" the Reservation.

Denison, Tex., July 1.—A company of Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma men has been formed to make a rush for the lands of the Kiowa and Comanche country, when it is opened to settlement, and these men will make a run for homes. They have employed Hon. Richard Morgan, of Perry, Okla., as counsel, and if necessary they will fight their case in the courts. They have been given legal opinions that the Kiowa and Comanche country has been purchased by the United States government and that it is public domain and open for settlement by the citizens of the United States, and that it can only be subject to the homestead laws of the United States, and the homestead laws provide but one means of selecting homes, and that is to move on to a claim, stake it off and own it as a homestead, and there is no provision in law for selecting claims by drawing lots.

SEEKS A JAIL FOR SAFETY.

Negro Appeals to Sheriff for Protection from a Mob.

Winchester, Ky., July 1.—(Special.)—John Henry, a negro, appeared here this afternoon on the verge of prostration from fatigue and fear and asked to be locked up. Sunday morning he killed his wife at his home among the foothills on the Kentucky river. A mob of negroes formed to hang him. Henry had been fleeing from the would-be lynchers since. Twice he swam the river to elude the pursuers. Being hemmed in on three sides, he abandoned hope of escaping and sought refuge in jail.

NEAL FOUND GUILTY BY JURY.

Former Superintendent of State Penitentiary Is Sentenced.

Columbia, S. C., July 1.—(Special.)—In court here today Colonel W. A. Neal, former superintendent of the state penitentiary, was convicted of failure to turn over public moneys to his successor and was sentenced to a term of four months in the Richland county jail and a fine of $1,000. Judge Gary told him he would not impose the wearing of stripes upon him in view of the jury's recommendation to mercy. A new trial was refused and after the sentence notice of appeal was given. Neal's bond pending appeal was fixed at $2,000.

Stricken with Apoplexy.

Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—C. W. Jacobs, a well-known drummer from Nashville, was stricken with apoplexy at the Morris hotel last night and is in a critical condition. He was removed to the Hillman hospital today and his family advised.

SCAR MAKES A DIFFERENCE

Two Men in Kentucky Show Remarkable Resemblance.

BOTH HAVE SAME CALLING

Search for a Missing Florist Proposes His Perfect Double.

Shelbyville, Ky., July 1.—(Special.)—A strange story in the way of coincidences is puzzling the police of the blue grass section of the state. A slight scar behind the left ear is the only known difference between two men, both enthusiastic on the same subject, of like personal appearance and dress, and both supposed to be wandering through the locality. A week ago Felix Brown, a florist of Georgetown, Ky., disappeared from home. His mind was supposed to be slightly affected. A coatless man answering to the description of Brown was seen during the next day or two at Versailles, midway between Lexington and Frankfort, all nearby towns. As the coatless one was taking orders for flowers, his friends felt certain that they had located the demented florist. Finally the supposed Brown was found in a hotel here. The fact that the man gave his name as Sowders made no difference to the captors, for he wore the same clothes, was of the same personal appearance and had the same fancy for flowers as the man wanted at Georgetown. Sowders, when Brown's friends reached here, was found to be only Brown No. 2. He did not have the scar Brown No. 1 had. Had Sowders been possessed of a scar, the Georgetown men, including a citizen who lived next door to the florist, would have sworn that they had found the right man, the personal resemblance being perhaps the most remarkable feature of this conglomeration of strange resemblances. Sowders is still here, proposing to set out the whole backyard of the hotel in flowers, still claiming to have left his coat at Versailles.

WORKING ON CONSOLIDATION

Savannah, Florida and Western Takes in Other Lines.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The stockholders of the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Company met this morning and ratified the agreement whereby certain of the railroads comprised in the Plant system were to be merged and consolidated under the charter of the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Company. At a meeting of the stockholders held several days ago in Savannah it had been agreed to authorize the issue of additional stock on the Savannah, Florida and Western. President R. G. Erwin, of the Plant system, presided and much of the stock was represented by proxy. A resolution to adopt the agreement for the consolidation of the properties was adopted and after a meeting of the stockholders in Savannah July 8th there will be no further legal stops to be taken for the completion of the plan of consolidation. On that occasion the final and definite action of consolidation will be taken. Under the charter of the Savannah, Florida and Western there will be consolidated with that road the Charleston and Savannah, the Brunswick and Western, the Alabama Midland, the Silver Springs, Ocala and Gulf and the Tampa and Thonotosassa. The Plant system owns the stock of all the roads and a simple issue of stock by the Savannah, Florida and Western to take up that of the other companies was all that was needed for financing the plan. An application for a charter for the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Company has been filed in South Carolina. The law of that state demands that each company doing business within its boundaries must have a charter granted by the state.

All the roads comprised in the Plant system are not to be consolidated with the Savannah, Florida and Western. Those left out are the St. James and Lake Eustis, the Green Pond, Walterboro and Western, the Abbeville Southern and the Winston and Bone Valley. Meetings of the several lines comprised in the consolidation plan were held yesterday at their headquarters, when the articles of agreement adopted by the stockholders of the Savannah, Florida and Western were also adopted by their stockholders. The meeting of the Charleston and Savannah was held at Charleston, of the Brunswick and Western at Brunswick, of the Alabama Midland at Montgomery, of the Silver Springs, Ocala and Gulf at Silver Springs, and of the Tampa and Thonotosassa at Tampa. To effect the consolidation an issue of 155,671 shares of capital stock of the Savannah, Florida and Western, each at the par value of $100, has been authorized. Of this 125,000 shares will be preferred stock without voting power and the remainder will be 30,671 shares of common stock with full voting power. The extra issue is designed to take the place of the stock of the companies consolidated with the Savannah, Florida and Western.

AMERICAN LOOTERS IN CHINA.

Five Men Who Plundered a Town Under Arrest.

Pekin, July 1.—Five men calling themselves Americans were captured by Chinese troops in a town fifty miles from Pekin and were today turned over to Major Robertson, commander of United States legation guard here. The men were armed and demanded five thousand taels from the keeper of a pawnshop and got 500. They filled five carts with plunder and then began shooting, not knowing that the town was occupied by one hundred Chinese troops. The United States legation was notified and the quintet was brought in.

All parts of Pekin occupied by the British for police purposes were turned over today to the Chinese authorities. The foreign ministers will meet July 3d.

British Steamer Is Floated.

Wilmington, N. C., July 1.—British steamer Star Cross, laden with 4,000 bales of cotton and phosphate, from Brunswick to Bremen, which has been ashore off Beaufort, N. C., several days, has been floated on high tide and she has proceeded to Norfolk, Va., without damage or loss to cargo.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

SEE GENUINE. WRAPPER.

PRINTED ON RED PAPER.

BLIND TIGERS NOT TROUBLED

Grand Juries Decline To Return Any Indictments.

CONVICTIONS ARE IMPOSSIBLE

Five Hundred Places in Charleston Sell Whisky, Wine and Beer.

Charleston, S. C., July 1.—(Special.)—The action of the grand jury in refusing to return a true bill against local dealers charged with violating the dispensary law has practically guaranteed the blind tigers of Charleston against trouble of any kind and will allow the tigers to operate without fear of being punished. Nearly one hundred cases were presented to the grand jury and only one true bill was returned. This was the first of the kind rendered within the past four years. The feeling here is so overwhelmingly opposed to the law that it has been impossible to convict and the courts are powerless to break up the unlawful traffic.

According to careful estimates, there are more than five hundred places in this city where liquor is sold. This list includes the more elaborate bars, the corner shops and dives and the grocery establishments which supply customers with liquor in the bulk. Dealers have been raided time and again and the only punishment is the loss of the beer and liquor seized. The conditions have become such that it is useless to make out cases against the dealers, as the juries will fail to convict.

Where Charleston suffers most is in the loss of revenues. The blind tigers supply four-fifths of the liquor used and only a small part of this is bought first from dispensaries. The tigers have been urged to buy their stock from the dispensary, for in this way the city would be directly benefited, as it receives a big share of dispensary profits. Wholesale blind tigers, however, keep the retailers supplied with a stock sold at a rate cheaper than the dispensary, and while the tigers are allowed to thrive the city gets practically nothing from the business.

Since the last term of court the tigers have become bolder and there is no telling to what extent the illegal business will grow before the opening of the exposition in December.

TESTING VALIDITY OF VOTE.

Supreme Court of South Carolina To Have a Special Sitting.

Charleston, S. C., July 1.—(Special.)—A petition has been submitted to the state supreme court by the city council of Charleston, requesting a special sitting of the court to determine the validity of the recent vote on the constitutional amendment, by which the city was allowed to increase its bonded debt to build a water works system. There was a clerical error in printing the ballots and the point is raised that this vitiated the vote. Since the decision of the supreme court in the case of Pieper against the city council, which held that council could not make a water contract extending into another administration, the plan for securing a water supply from Goose creek has been killed. Council has already prepared a contract with the American Pipe Company, of Philadelphia, by which the latter had agreed to build the water system, the city to pay $42,000 annually for public purposes. This contract is now off. It is stated by council that no other plan is before that body at present looking to another water contract and there is no hope of securing the much needed system. This condition is demoralizing and has had a depressing effect on business generally. According to the statement of those in authority, the petition referred to was submitted to the supreme court at the request of the city of Florence, which is working on a water supply contract.

SURRENDERS AND GIVES BOND.

Former Cashier Charged with Embezzling Declines To Talk.

Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Burgess Little, formerly cashier of the Shelby County bank at Montevallo, who is charged with having embezzled $10,000 from the bank, surrendered to the sheriff of this county today and secured his release on a bond of $1,000. He refused to make any statement regarding the charge further than to say he surrendered of his own accord. The bank from which he is charged with having secured the money was capitalized at $25,000 and closed its doors May 7th. When the doors of the institution were closed only a few dollars were in the vault for distribution among the depositors.

The case has attracted much attention since the suspension of the bank and suits have been filed declaring the president of the institution, William Walker, in partnership with Little.

The bond of $1,000 placed by Judge Coleman was quickly given and the release of the prisoner secured. His preliminary trial will occur next month.

BANK'S DOORS NOT OPENED.

City National of Buffalo in Hands of Receiver.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 1.—The City National bank, which was placed in the hands of a receiver on Saturday night by Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, did not open its doors this morning. M. D. Lynch, chief of the division of insolvent banks and Special Bank Examiner W. A. Mason took charge of the bank today pending the arrival of Mr. Vaughan, the temporary receiver.

Not more than fifty people were at the bank at 10 o'clock, the usual opening hour, and a few minutes later most of these had left.

LIVE STOCK DEALER INJURED.

Man Who Is Unknown Falls from the Ladder on Freight Car.

Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—An unknown horse and mule dealer was knocked from the ladder of a freight train and seriously injured this afternoon at 6:30 at the Twenty-first street bridge. The man was middle aged, but his name could not be learned as he has been either unconscious or delirious since hurt. He had several blank envelopes in his pocket from Miller & Brady's stable in Atlanta. The extent of the injuries could not be determined tonight on account of the condition of his head.

"BOBBY" WALTHOUR IN REAR.

Champion Is Leading in the Races at Boston.

Boston, July 1.—Champion surprised everybody at Charles River park tonight by finishing the first night of the six days' cycle race in the lead. Nelson, who had been the favorite, was third. Moran was second and Stinson and Walthour brought up the rear in that order. Champion in the two hours made 68 miles and 742 yards.

Dividends Are Paid Out.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Over $200,000 in dividends was paid out in Savannah today by the bands and other institutions. The Southwestern Railroad Company's dividend, payable today, amounted to $77,000, that of the Chattahoochee and Gulf railroad $7,500 and the Savannah Hotel Company $5,000.

VIRGINIANS LYNCH NEGRO

Small Mob Does Its Work Quietly and Quickly.

NO CLUE IS LEFT BEHIND

Jailer Is Forced To Give Up the Keys and a Bridge Is Used as a Gallows.

Richmond, Va., July 1.—(Special.)—Joe Walton, a negro arrested several days ago for attempted criminal assault upon Miss Kate Clarke, daughter of J. H. Clarke, of Brunswick county, was taken from the jail at Lawrenceville early this morning and hung to the county bridge about four miles from town. There were fifty or seventy-five men in the party and the lynching was carefully planned and carried out in an orderly manner. The mob rode leisurely into town about midnight, got the keys from the jailer's house, while he was held outside, took the negro from his cell, tied him to a jumper, carried him to the bridge, hung him and dispersed. Walton was employed by Clarke and slept in the dwelling. Last Thursday morning about 2 o'clock Miss Clarke was aroused by feeling some one's hand on her feet. Her screams scared the negro away. He was tracked to a cotton patch, where he was hiding. He was to have been tried Wednesday.

LAW FIRM IS REORGANIZED.

Mr. Denmark's Death Brings About New Style of Firm.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—The law firm of Denmark, Adams & Freeman, of which the late B. A. Denmark was a member, has been reorganized under the name of Adams, Freeman, Denmark & Adams, Saul N. Adams being the senior member of the firm. The other members are Davis Freeman, Thomas N. Denmark and A. Pratt Adams. Thomas N. Denmark is the son of Brantley A. Denmark and A. Pratt Adams is the son of S. B. Adams.

OFFICERS ARE INSTALLED.

Central Lodge, I. O. O. F., Held Important Meeting Last Night. List of the Officers.

The officers of the Central lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, were regularly installed last night by Grand Warden J. A. Hynds, assisted by Grand Representative J. G. Bloodworth and Past Grand J. A. Cooksey. The following are the officers for the term:

S. A. Wardlaw, N. G.; W. F. Sims, V. G.; G. W. Hall, secretary; W. H. Meyer, treasurer; F. M. Woodall, R. S. to N. G.; R. M. Hughes, L. S. to N. G.; J. B. Leamon, warden; C. C. Adams, conductor; J. I. Dennard, inside guardian; C. M. Turner, outside guardian; G. P. Calloway, R. S. S.; J. B. Everett, L. S. S.; F. Christophine, chaplain; J. T. Perkins, R. S. to V. G.; J. A. Goeney, L. S. to V. G.

BIG TROUT CAUGHT IN LEE.

Secretary Cook Receives Eighteen-Pound Fish from Home County.

Secretary of State Phil Cook received by express last Saturday an eighteen pound trout landed at one of the lakes of Lee county by Joe Lipsey, one of the best known farmers of the section. The trout, which is the largest ever caught in Lee, was forwarded to Atlanta in a block of ice.

Joe Lipsey, the lucky fisherman, is a typical Georgian whose occasional visits to this city have made him many friends.

Chinese Prefer Our Cotton.

Treasury Report: The growing popularity of American cotton goods in China is evidenced by figures contained in the reports on the foreign trade of China for the year 1900, a copy of which recently has been received at the treasury bureau of statistics. The report opens with a discussion of the wonderful expansion of China's foreign trade, and after commenting upon the interruption of this growth due to the unsettled conditions in the latter half of 1900, summarizes the principal features of the trade as follows:

"With few exceptions the trade in cotton piece goods has remained practically stationary, and a few items even have fallen off. The exceptions are American drills, jeans and sheetings, which show a strong advance, and cotton flannel, principally American, and cotton lastings, which evidently are increasing in favor.

"As regards heavy cotton goods, the expansion in American manufactures at the expense of British is natural and must be expected to continue. Proximity to China, cheaper freights, and the evident advantage of using indigenous cotton are all factors which will contribute to the expansion of the American trade.

"The imports into China have increased steadily and rapdly in the decade. This growth is the more remarkable when it is remembered that American goods, for the most part, reach China at the port of Shanghai and thence are redistributed through the ports of Newchwang, Tien Tsin and Chefoo, in the section most largely affected by the recent troubles. These three ports sustained a loss of more than 50 per cent in their 1900 import trade, as against a loss of only about 20 per cent for China as a whole.

"An idea as to the future of American cotton goods in the markets of China, with the restoration of normal conditions, may be obtained by the citation of a few representative items in this line of manufactures. In 1895 the importation of American drills into China amounted to 518,402 pieces; in 1899, to 1,626,107 pieces. Of American sheetings the imports into China in 1895 amounted to 762,095 pieces; in 1899, to 3,975,903 pieces. Of American jeans the imports in 1895 were 21,798 pieces; in 1899 126,306 pieces, and in 1900 137,366 pieces. Of the cotton drills imported into China in 1900, amounting to 1,024,634 pieces, 805,892 pieces were American, and of the cotton sheetings imported in 1900, aggregating 2,962,875 pieces, 2,312,494 pieces were American—the proportion of American in each case being in 1900 about 80 per cent, as against 70 per cent of the drills and 55 per cent of the sheetings imported in 1895.

China has somewhat decreased her importations of kerosene oil since 1898; those of the American being 50,084,015 gallons in 1898, 40,724,989 gallons in 1899, and 34,447,112 gallons in 1900; of Russian 19,926,246 gallons in 1898, 35,695,116 gallons in 1899, and 32,708,757 gallons in 1900; and of Sumatran, 26,871,865 gallons in 1898, 11,983,202 gallons in 1899 and 16,424,155 gallons in 1900.

Betting on Boat Race.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 1.—Late tonight the coaches of the various crews on the river declared that their men were in good condition and ready to row the race. Among the large wagers are even money that Columbia will be one, two; $100 even that Wisconsin beats Columbia, and $75 to $100 on Cornell against the field.

Difference in Senators.

New York Times: In the old days almost any New York man of very high character and distinguished ability who had exhibited a mastery of the principles of government and was capable of making a speech in the senate that would decide the fate of important measures and attract the attention of the whole country was good enough to be spoken of as a fit candidate for United States senator. If an old fogy of that stamp should come forward now and air his pretensions to Mr. Platt's place he would be hooted at by the republican organization. William H. Seward and Hamilton Fish were well enough in their day, just as Daniel Webster was well enough in his day and Henry Clay in his. But those days are afar off. None of these men could get in now from this state, simply because a new order of qualification is demanded in these more exacting times. Mr. Platt possesses it in the highest degree.

HOT WEATHER MAY CAUSE A RECESS

Even Electric Fans Will Not Cool Convention Hall.

ADJOURNMENT IS PROBABLE

Richmond Delegate Advocates Elimination of the Word "Christian" from the Bill of Rights. It Will Provoke Long Discussion.

Richmond, Va., July 1.—(Special.)—The constitutional convention was in session only twenty minutes today and there were only fifty-one members present—just one more than a quorum. The heat in the hall was almost unbearable, notwithstanding there were plenty of electric fans and the place was not overcrowded.

Many members who have heretofore opposed the taking of a recess until the fall of the year were ready to admit that it might be well to adjourn till cooler weather comes. It is probable the motion to take a recess until the fall will be renewed tomorrow, and if the weather should be as it has been today, the chances are in its favor. Seven members are kept away by sickness.

One of the most interesting resolutions offered today, and one over which there will be a big fight, was that of Mr. Pollard, of Richmond, striking the word "Christian" out of the bill of rights where it is declared to be the duty of all to practice Christian forbearance, love and charity. This is done for the sake of the feeling of the Jews. Mr. Pollard, explaining his resolution tonight, said:

"I am surprised to find that some Christians are so intensely opposed to the proposed change. I do not believe that Christianity needs any special recognition in law, nor do I believe that it is fair to the large proportion of our citizens who are not Christians to use in our laws any word which, to them, has a sectarian meaning. I am sure I should object if it were proposed to insert that we should practice "Jewish" charity toward each other. Yet the Jews exercise the most unselfish charity. I am unwilling to see in our fundamental law any word or expression which has a semblance of a discrimination against the religion of any citizen."

Among other resolutions presented were:

By Mr. Dunn, of Lancaster, prohibiting state appropriations of public funds to institutions not controlled by it.

By Mr. Waddill, to empower cities and counties to encourage new enterprises by exempting the same from taxation for a term of years.

By Mr. Munday, calling for information as to the number of negro convicts in the state prison and their educational capacity.

By Mr. Walter, a protest of the colored people of Orange county against a division of school funds.

House of Detention for Children.

Philadelphia Inquirer: One of the problems in sociology is the treatment of children who offend against the laws. To place them in the dock with hardened criminals, to bring them before crowded courtrooms, to send them to jail with convicts, this is in many cases to encompass their ruin.

In the year 1900 five hundred boys and girls between the ages of six and sixteen were committed to the county prison of Philadelphia. The charges against them included larceny, embezzlement, incorrigibility, running away from home, malicious mischief, assault and battery, burglary, house robbery, and cruelty to animals. There was one case of homicide and several cases of assault and battery.

In some other cities, notably Boston and Chicago, what is known as a juvenile court has been tried, for the special purpose of dealing with children. Our own legislature has passed a law based upon the experience obtained in Massachusetts and Illinois. Our Pennsylvania law provides for no extra judges, but for special sessions which shall be under the jurisdiction of judges already on the bench. The idea is to take the little offenders away from the surroundings of the criminal courts and to judge their cases in private. The theory is that first offenders, if properly handled, may be reclaimed, if, instead of sending them to jail, they are placed under the surveillance of officers appointed for that purpose, and are made to understand that their future depends wholly upon themselves.

As a supplement to the juvenile court act, legislation has been enacted providing for the establishment, not only in Philadelphia, but in the second-class cities of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton, of houses of detention for the reception of untried juvenile offenders and neglected and dependent children under the age of sixteen who may be in the custody of an officer pending judicial investigation. It is intended that not more than twenty-five children shall be collected in one house, and that as far as possible they shall be given separate rooms. They are to be under the general supervision of a board of managers, to serve without pay, two of whom shall be women and three men, all five to be appointed by the judges.

There is no doubt in the world that criminals are frequently made out of boys and girls of tender age who offend for the first time, and who are harshly treated under the strict letter of the law. This new legislation affords an opportunity for handling these small offenders in a different manner.

A Story in a Sentence.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: The only mortal who is lower in the scale of humanity than an illiterate negro is an illiterate white man.—Texarkana Courier. Short—but the entire story in a sentence, and the world.

By Land and Sea TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON AND THE PAN-AMERICAN, BUFFALO via the Savannah Line

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

For further information apply to your nearest ticket agent, or to W. G. BREWER, City T. & P. A., Savannah, Ga. L. A. SHIPMAN, T. F. & P. A., Birmingham, Ala.

The Israel property, Nos. 134 and 205 Forsyth street; sells today at 11 o'clock, before the court house.

H. L. WILSON.

Accept No Substitute.

N. P. PRATT LABORATORY.

Occupying our own buildings, Auburn Avenue, corner Courtland. ANALYTICAL AND ASSAY DEPARTMENT: Smelter, Umpire and Control assays on ores of Gold, Silver, Copper, etc.

Analyses of Fertilizers, Iron Ores, Clays, Ochres, Mineral Waters and all commercial products.

Will handle samples of any size and weight.

Telephones 1624—Bell and Standard.

Grand Sham Battle AND Field Day

By 5th Regiment, Atlanta Artillery and Governor's Horse Guard.

Grandest spectacle ever seen in the world. Thrilling, realistic reproduction of the Battle of San Juan Hill. Reduced Rates from all points.

Piedmont Park, JULY 4th,

3:30 P. M. - ADMISSION 25c.

Tickets on sale everywhere.

YOUTSEY IS NOW SHOVELING COAL

Convict Being Punished for Violating Prison Rules.

POSED FOR PHOTOGRAPHER

Republicans of Kentucky Declare Taylor's Secretary and Powers and Howard Are Being Persecuted by the Prison Officials.

Lexington, Ky., July 1.—(Special.)—The fact that Henry E. Youtsey, convicted of conspiracy in the plot which resulted in the assassination of Governor William Goebel, in Frankfort, January, 1899, has been put to shoveling coal into the furnaces at the Frankfort penitentiary following closely after the action of Jailer Lawrence, of Franklin county, in taking Powers and Howard from their comfortable berths on the third floor and confining them with the other prisoners, has caused the republicans here to cry persecution. Youtsey, a few days ago, posed for a local photographer without asking permission of Warden Lillard. This act was an offense against the prison regulations, and in order to punish him he was put at the furnaces with the negroes where he must stand for hours during the day shoveling coal into the big engines which furnish power to the state prison. The work is probably the most severe in connection with prison life, and at this season of the year the heat is almost unbearable.

Youtsey is within plain view of the visitors passing in and out of the prison, making the task degrading to the prisoner. Youtsey was private stenographer to Governor W. S. Taylor. He feigned insanity during his trial and was given a life sentence when otherwise he might have been hanged. He accepted the sentence gracefully, causing many to believe it was he who fired the fatal shot.

If you want close in, central property, buy the Israel houses today at the court house--buy while real estate is cheap.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock, 42 W. Baker St. will be sold at auction for whatever it will bring. It must be sold. Be there.

GET THE GENUINE

The base imitations of the super-excellent

Murray Hill Club

Whiskey, practiced by disreputable dealers, is prima facia evidence of its superior worth. Be sure that you always buy of first-class dealers, and that you get nothing but the genuine MURRAY HILL CLUB. It is on the lists of all leading clubs and for sale by first-class dealers.

TRADE MARK Magnus

JOS. A. MAGNUS & CO. CINCINNATI, O.

FOURTH OF JULY FOR FILIPINOS

On That Date Civil Rule Will Be Inaugurated.

TAFT'S COMMISSION READY

Appointment Credited to War Department, but It Is Stated President Is Not Proceeding Entirely Under His War Powers.

Washington, July 1.—The president today signed the commission of William H. Taft, of Ohio, as civil governor of the Philippine islands. Judge Taft was satisfied some time ago, when instructions were sent him relative to the inauguration of civil government in the islands July 4th, that he would be appointed civil governor.

While the appointment of the civil governor is credited to the war department, this does not mean necessarily that the president is proceeding entirely under his war power in setting up civil government in the Philippines. He is not differentiating the source of his authority. He is acting, so it is authoritatively stated, under all the powers he has in the premises.

Inauguration of Civil Rule.

Manila, July 1.—Thursday next, July 4th, will be inauguration day for the civil government and moving day for the military, whose headquarters will be transferred to the former Spanish headquarters outside the walled city. The palace will be occupied exclusively by the civil government. General Chaffee, who assumes command Thursday, will occupy Judge Taft's residence and Judge Taft will remove to the Malacanan palace.

General Chaffee is preparing to push Malvar, the insurgent chief, in southern Luzon. He has ordered the transfer of the Fifth infantry from northern Luzon to Batangas province. The general has been informed that Malvar's principal headquarters are in a mountain town in northern Tayabas, whose inhabitants are contributing to his support. General Chaffee has not formulated plans for the occupation of the island of Mindoro.

General Hughes, at his request, will be permitted to continue in command of the Visayas islands until the Samar campaign is completed. Consequently General Davis will continue temporarily to be provost marshal at Manila.

General Chaffee's staff appointees are as follows:

Adjutant general, General W. P. Hall; quartermaster general, Brigadier General Charles Humphrey; inspector general, Lieutenant Colonel Joseph P. Sanger, and military secretary, Captain Grote Hutcheson, Sixth cavalry.

Bills have been passed establishing a board of health for the Philippines and providing for laboratories in connection therewith. The salary of the health commissioner will be $6,000.

TOO MANY SPANISH PRIESTS.

Other Nationalities Wanted in the Island Possessions.

Rome, July 1.—According to vatican circles one of the principal subjects of the recent conference between Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Chappelle and Cardinal Rampolla was how to devise means for counteracting the Spanish sympathies of the priests in Cuba and the Philippines. It is said that the United States through Cardinal Gibbons, requested that the necessary measures be taken to secure the immigration of Dutch, Belgian, French and American clergy to Cuba and the Philippines in order to gradually dilute the pro-Spanish character of the priesthood. It is added that the suggestion was favorably received at the vatican.

BANQUET FOR THE CANADIANS.

Lord Strathcona Presides and Joseph Chamberlain Speaks.

London, July 1.—Lord Strathcona presided tonight at the Dominion Day dinner, given at the Hotel Cecil, London.

Mr. Choate, in the course of a letter expressing his regret at being unable to be present, uttered sentiments of hearty good will, saying: "We are neighbors and we must always be good friends."

Joseph Chamberlain, speaking of Canada's material progress, said:

"Thirty years ago your thoughts might have turned to the question of absorption with your powerful but friendly neighbor to the south."

This was received with cries of "No!" "No!" from Mr. Dobell and the other Canadian ministers.

Mr. Chamberlain: "Yes, you may say 'No!' 'No!' but you would not have said it thirty years ago. Of one thing I am convinced. If our colonies desire closer connection and will assist us with their counsel and advice, in addition to their arms, there is nothing this country would more readily welcome."

Referring to Great Britain's isolation, Mr. Chamberlain said:

"I do not think the opinion of civilized Europe today is likely to be the verdict of posterity. Of much more value is the opinion of our colonies than the uninstructed opinion of Europe, which is based upon lies foisted upon Europe by our enemies abroad and traitors among us at home. We may be isolated among the nations of the world, but so long as our children rally around us we are not alone."

Allen Hurst Inn Burned.

New York, July 1.—Fire tonight destroyed the Allen Hurst inn at Allen Hurst, N. J., and three cottages adjoining it. The loss is estimated at $170,000, with an insurance of $97,000. The hotel was one of the best known on the New Jersey coast. There were 165 guests registered at the time of the fire, but they all got out safely.

False Colors.

Many *Soapless* Powders masquerading as *Soap Powders*. Either they possess little cleansing power, or are merely chemicals. PEARLINE is a true soap powder,—built on soap with other things added, that double its effectiveness. PEARLINE is improved soap,—soap with more working power, more economy. 635

GREAT SPORT ON FOURTH

Arrangements About Complete for Fifth Regiment Contest.

SHAM BATTLE TO BE FEATURE

Will Occur Just at Dusk, and Camp Fires Will Be Lighted—Regiment To Parade.

The field day exercises and sham battle, to be participated in by members of the Fifth regiment, on the Fourth, promises to be one of the most popular occasions of its character ever witnessed in Atlanta.

It was announced last night that the arrangements have about been completed and those having the affair in charge are enthusiastic over the outlook for its success. The sports and sham battle will be given at Exposition park, and it is probable that the spacious grounds will be thronged by a large crowd of interested spectators.

The regiment will parade the principal streets in the afternoon and is scheduled to take cars for the park at the Aragon hotel at 2:30 o'clock.

The programme of sports will comprise a one mile relay race, run by four men from each company; a 100 yards dash, in which some of the best runners of the city will take part, among whom will be W. J. Erskine. Other features will be putting the sixteen-pound shot, sack and potato race, three-legged race, 220 yards hurdle race, and a tug of war, to be pulled by six men from each company. A cup given by Paine's Fireworks Company a year ago was won by Company A, which company still holds it. A team of officers will pull against the winning team.

The sports will be followed by a dress parade and the sham battle will then occur. The hill on the north end of the race track will be held by the First battalion, under command of Major Nash, and will be supported by the Atlanta artillery, with six pieces. The Governor's Horse Guard will act as reserve for this battalion.

The Third battalion, under command of Major Barker, will charge across the race track and attempt to capture the guns. The battalion will also attack the right wing of the forces on the hill.

It is stated that about $300 has been invested in blank cartridges, and that the firing will be incessant for the space of about an hour and a half. The battle will be fought just at dusk and camp fires will be lighted by the troops on the hill. That will add to the picturesqueness of the scene. It is said that at least fifteen men from each company will take part in the various sports.

Prize Drill Last Night.

The regular monthly prize drill of Company K was held last night. The noncommissioned officer's medal was won by Sergeant O. H. Mills and the private's medal by Private C. P. Ewing.

MAINE WRECK NOT RAISED.

Contractor Has Not Filed Bond, and Has Done No Work.

Havana, July 1.—Although three months have expired since the government completed the contract to raise the hull of the battleship Maine from Havana harbor, no work to this end has yet been done nor have the contractors—N. F. Chamberlain & Co.—filed the necessary bond of $25,000. This work of raising the wreck was to have been completed July 1st, but a provision was inserted in the contract to the effect that if there occurred unavoidable delay in the work the time for its completion would be extended to March 1, 1902.

Captain of the Port Lucien Young says that Chamberlain has sent him word that he is sick and asks for an extension of the contract. Captain Young is considering whether sickness comes under the head of unavoidable delay. It is believed here that the contractors cannot undertake this work according to their agreement. Shipping interests here are urging the government to remove this wreck as soon as possible, as a dangerous bar is forming about it.

GREAT LEAD COMBINATION.

It Will Control Output of the Missouri Fields.

New York, July 1.—Official announcement was made today of the completion of an immense lead combination, having a capitalization of about $20,000,000, which will control the output of the lead fields in southeastern Missouri. In the consolidation, which has not as yet taken corporate shape, will be included the properties of the Guggenheim Exploration Company, the Standard Oil lead mines, the Whitney-Ryan holdings, those of the Union Lead and Oil Company and the Electric Storage Battery Company and mines owned by Grant B. Schley, of this city.

DOUGLASS IS SHORT $13,000.

Assistant Teller at Philadelphia Robs His Company.

Philadelphia, July 1.—William E. Douglass, until recently an assistant to the receiving teller in the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of this city, is a defaulter in the sum of $13,000, which loss is covered by a Baltimore Surety Company.

Douglass resigned his position a few weeks ago. The auditor of the trust company in the last monthly audit found the discrepancy in Douglass' accounts, and at the request of the surety company, which is on his bond, a warrant was sworn out for his arrest. He was placed under surveillance but escaped. He is about twenty-six years of age and unmarried.

HARDY H. HARGROVE IS DEAD.

Recently Resigned Presidency of Southern Industrial Association.

New Orleans, July 1.—Hardy H. Hargrove, who resigned the presidency of the Southern Industrial Association on the last day of the Philadelphia convention, and who was the father of the cotton mill movement in Louisiana and Mississippi, as well as a veteran of The Picayune staff, died suddenly at his home in Shreveport, La., today, although he had been ill for months. He was forty-nine years of age, studied law, but took up journalism as a profession. He was also a leader in educational circles.

TRAPS MAKERS OF THE QUEER.

Chief Wilkie Has Been Successful in Decreasing Counterfeiting.

Washington, July 1.—The annual report of Chief Wilkie, of the secret service division, treasury department, submitted to Secretary Gage today, indicates that this has been the most successful year in the history of the division. During the twelve months, ending June 30, 1901, there were placed in circulation but four new counterfeit notes, against an average of about ten for each year during the preceding ten years. Coin counterfeiting decreased all over the country, except in New York city and vicinity, where there has been a gradual increase in this class of crime, particularly cases in which genuine silver forms the basis of the imitations. The arrests for the twelve months shows a total of 59.

LIBERTY DEAD IN CAPE COLONY

Illegal Methods Adopted by Governor and Ministry.

LIBERALS URGED TO ACT

It Is Charged That the Constitution Has Been Suspended and That People Are Without the Protection of the Law.

London, July 1.—The Daily News publishes an article by its parliamentary correspondent on the political situation in Cape Colony in view of the prorogation of the Cape parliament, the writer saying that an issue of the gravest moment, namely, the suspension of the constitution of Cape Colony, is involved. He adds:

"From the night of June 30 for an indefinite period the king's subjects in Cape Colony will be deprived of the protection of the law and will be governed contrary to its express provisions. Taxes will be applied under warrants of the governor without appropriation by parliament which has been prorogued until August 27 and is not likely to sit even then.

"This illegal method has been resorted to by the governor and ministry doubtless at the instigation of Lord Milner and Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. In a word the imperial government has abrogated every article of the compact under which a free people owes allegiance to its rulers. Liberty is dead so far as our Dutch subjects are concerned.

"The crisis calls for the authoritative intervention of the liberal party, in which there is a feeling in favor of summoning a great popular conference to consider the situation."

BOARD HELD NO MEETING.

Quorum Not Present—Meeting Probable Today—Important Business To Come Up.

The meeting of the city board of education, which was scheduled to occur yesterday afternoon in the office of Superintendent W. F. Slaton, was not held, owing to the fact that a quorum was not present. The members of the board were detained for various reasons, several by business and others by the meeting of the city council. The meeting will occur today, or at the latest tomorrow, as some financial business which is important and imperative is to come up.

TROLLEY PARTIES POPULAR.

People Are Taking Advantage of the Many Delightful Rides About the City.

A combination of beautiful moonlight nights and warm weather has resulted in bringing out many trolley parties lately.

The sundry delightful rides about the city furnishes opportunity for such excursions and jolly parties are patronizing them and enjoying the cool, bracing sensation incident to the ride. Among the most attractive routes for trolley parties are to East Point, Lakewood, the nine-mile circle, Ponce de Leon and from Brookwood to the federal prison.

Ponce de Leon springs is very popular this season, owing to the improvements that have recently been made there.

REUNION OF 30TH GEORGIA.

Thirtieth Georgia Regiment Will Meet at Forest Station, Clayton County, Friday, July 26th.

The annual reunion of the Thirtieth Georgia regiment will be held at Forest Station, on the Central railroad, in Clayton county, on Friday, July 26, 1901. Survivors of the regiment are requested to attend. Several prominent speakers are expected to deliver addresses.

The railroads will give reduced rates for the occasion. The train leaves Atlanta at 8 a. m., July 26th.

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED.

Atlanta Lodge, No. 20, Knights of Pythias, Held Election Last Night.

Atlanta lodge, No. 20, Knights of Pythias, last night held its regular election in Castle hall, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets.

The following officers were elected: Chancellor commander, Van A. Batchelor; vice chancellor, C. C. Houston; prelate, W. O. Wilson; master of work, James P. Wiley; master at arms, J. W. Bridwell; inner guard, J. D. Cromer; outer guard, G. W. Lewis. Dr. Thomas H. Hancock is the retiring chancellor.

The rank of esquire was also conferred on Dr. William C. Warren.

The newly elected officers will be installed next Monday night. State Deputy Thomas Day will have charge of the exercises.

A delightful al fresco party was given last evening at the Piedmont Driving Club, in compliment to Miss Washington, of Tennessee, and Miss Anderson, of Kentucky, the charming guests of Miss Maude Tompkins. Those present were Misses Washington, Anderson, Hallman, Tompkins, Toombs, Dooly, Mrs. H. B. Tompkins, and Messrs. Albert Howell, Jr., W. P. Hill, Henderson, Hallman, Thomas Egleston, Gordon Kiser, Will Glenn, Harvey Phillips and Fulton Colville.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

If you suffer from indigestion, you will be surprised at the speedy relief that can be obtained by using a combination of all the natural digestants.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is such a preparation, and its presence in the stomach and alimentary tract relieves the digestive organs from work, by digesting every kind of food that may be eaten.

It can't help but do you good

Mr. J. A. Miles, hotel proprietor, Richland Center, Wis., says: "I had dyspepsia for twelve years, and used tablets and medicines of different kinds; but without relief till I used KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. I had almost given up hope of ever getting cured. The first bottle of this preparation helped me, and several bottles of it completely and permanently cured me."

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

DeWITT'S Witch Hazel SALVE

A certain cure for piles and skin diseases

Three days of unalloyed pleasure on Wrightsville Beach, near Wilmington, N. C. $3.50, via Seaboard Air Line Railway's excursion July 5th.

The Israel property is just a fraction south of the big Inman buildings on Forsyth street, and will positively go to the highest bidder today.
H. L. WILSON.

WANTS A POLICE RESERVE.

Captain J. W. English Made a Strong Appeal to Council Committee Yesterday.

Captain J. W. English, chairman of the police commission, made a strong plea for the re-establishment of a police reserve before the finance committee and other members of the general council in the mayor's office yesterday morning.

Captain English said it happened about once a week that the services of such a force were needed to quell disturbances that were started in different parts of the city. Men had to be called off their beats during the Markham house fire to protect property. Extra men are needed on Decatur street every Saturday night, he said, to keep order among the tough element that gathers there. Captain English said he spoke before the committee rather than before the general council, as he would not have an opportunity to go before it in the afternoon.

Captain English was asked several questions with reference to the present force. He explained where the men were kept on duty, and showed where, in his opinion, others were badly needed.

He referred to the murder of Policeman DeBray and spoke feelingly of the family of the dead officer, urging the councilmen to give the police commissioners permission to grant the family the balance of Policeman DeBray's salary up to January 1, 1902.

The Leading Hotel.

Visitors to Atlanta should make their homes at The Aragon, which is now under new management. The house is run under the American and European plans and is on the beautiful Peachtree street. If the reputation of a house rests on its patronage.

THE ARAGON IS ALL RIGHT.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Beulah Powell vs. Thomas C. Powell.—No. 8672. Fulton Superior Court.—Spring Term, 1901.—To the Defendant Thomas C. Powell, Greeting: By order of court you are hereby notified that on the 6th day of February, 1901, Beulah Powell filed the above stated suit against you for a total divorce. You are hereby required to be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1901, then and there to answer petitioner's libel for total divorce, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 27th day of June, 1901.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.

The time to buy real estate is when it is cheap. The Israel houses will soon be double in value on what you pay today at the court house.

Finest surf bathing on the Atlantic Ocean is found at Wrightsville Beach, N. C. Go on Seaboard Air Line's excursion on July 5th.

Make Your Preserves On One of Our Charcoal Furnaces

Can place them about in the Coolest Places and Avoid the Heat. They are the thing for Ironing, too. We have them at 75c and up.

King Hardware Co.

FOUR PER CENT PAID ON SAVINGS

(Compounded July and January) by

BANKERS' TRUST COMPANY,

CORNER BROAD AND ALABAMA STREETS.

Capital Paid Up.....$150,000 | Special Guarantee Fund.....$50,000

Call and see the Family Savings Bank, which we lend to depositors. You cannot open it. Start your boys to saving their 5 and 10-cent pieces. ROBT. H. JONES, President; THOS. G. LAWSON, Vice President. Both Phones, No. 1252.

HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS

THREE-MILLION DOLLAR HOTEL. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF!

PARK AVE. HOTEL

PARK AVE. (4th AVE.) 32d TO 33d ST.

NEW YORK.

One of the Coolest Hotels in New York City, having a beautiful

COURT GARDEN WITH FOUNTAINS, FLOWERS AND MUSIC.

Travelers from the south take 23d Street cross-town cars and transfer to Fourth Ave., cars direct to the Hotel.

American Plan, $3.50 to $5.00 per day.
European Plan, $1.00 to $4.00 per day.
REED & BARNETT, Proprietors.

THE COOLEDGE

Is pleasant summer and winter. Coolest dining room in the city. Building recently renovated. Excellent service at moderate rates. Only a few minutes' walk from business center to electric fanned dining room of the Cooledge.

49-51 HOUSTON STREET.

PINE MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,

LIFSEY, GA.

On Southern railway, 55 miles from Atlanta. Fine baths, springs of chalybeate and calcic water; 30 or 40 minutes' drive from Manesville, Ga. Splendid place for pleasure and recuperation. Rates, $6 per week, $20 per month. Service second to none. The cheapest and best place to spend the summer. For particulars, address J. M. Head, M.D., Lifsey, Ga.

Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Elegant modern brick hotel and cottages, with baths and sanitary plumbing. Fine livery, golf links, boating and fishing; beautiful grounds; good orchestra. Special rate in cottages, $32.50 month. For booklet address E. B. MOORE.

Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,

WEST VIRGINIA.

The representative resort of the south. Open June 15 to Sept. 15. New lights, sewerage, and private baths. Also sulphur, Turkish, Russian and spout baths, in charge of professional. Orchestra of 15 pieces. Write for illustrated booklet. Harrington Mills, Manager.

Beautiful Hale Springs

Hale Springs, Tenn.

3,200 feet above sea level in the heart of the Alleghanies. Excellent mineral waters. Accommodations for 250. Leave Atlanta via Southern 5:30 a. m., arrive springs same afternoon. For booklet, address Mrs. Sue M. Murray, owner and proprietor.

Atlanta to Athens and return every Sunday via Seaboard Air Line One Dollar.

Southern Pacific C

"SUNSET ROUTE."

$60 to SAN FRANCISCO and RETURN

Tickets on Sale July 5th to 12th.

The direct line through Texas Los Angeles and the beautiful coast country of California.

Go via the Sunset Route and return through the Rockies.

For further information address
W. R. FAGAN,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
No. 10 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

MEN.—If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C.O.D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.

LOCAL APPLIANCE CO. 196 Thorp Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

Watch the sale of the Israel lots, Nos. 134 and 205, today at 11 o'clock. It is central and very valuable. Meet me at the court house.
H. L. WILSON.

GAS FIXTURES AT Less Than Half Cost.

$50.00 Fixtures at	$20.00
40.00 Fixtures at	15.00
25.00 Fixtures at	10.00
15.00 Fixtures at	6.00
10.00 Fixtures at	4.50
8.00 Fixtures at	3.50

These are sample fixtures that have been hanging in our show rooms and are slightly shop worn. They are good values at double the money, but we must have the room for new samples. Come early if you want bargains.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath Co.

HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS

THE CONTINENTAL, Atlantic Beach, Fla.
21 MILES FROM JACKSONVILLE.

Opens June 1, 1901

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF

The Florida East Coast Hotel Co. . . .

Bathing, Cycling, Driving, Fishing from Ocean Pier

Music and Dancing Evenings

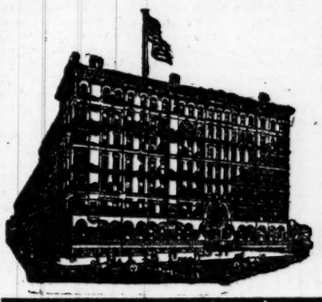
Season Week End and Sunday Excursion Tickets on Sale from All Points

Special Rates Given to Families

FOR RESERVATION AND FURTHER INFORMATION,
ADDRESS H. W. MERRILL, Mgr.
Atlantic Beach, Florida.

Hotel Brunswick

Corner 89th St. and Madison Avenue, . . . NEW YORK CITY



No hotel in city more homelike than the Brunswick. None with larger if as large rooms. Single and en suite with baths. An ideal hotel home for quiet people and ladies visiting or alone in the city. Only a few feet from Fifth avenue's highlands, overlooking Central Park. In the heart of the best resident district. Madison avenue cars and Fifth avenue stages pass hotel. All night elevator. Rates $2.50 per day and up. American plan.

CHAS. E. HOWLAND, Prop.

Hotel Earlington

NEW YORK CITY.

New and Absolutely Fireproof.

27th St. West, near Broadway

Center of shopping and amusement district. Orchestra in palm room. European plan. Table d'Hote dinners.

Tariff of Rates

Single rooms, bath adjoining, $1.50 to $2. Double rooms, bath adjoining, one person, $2; two persons, $3. Large double rooms, with private bath room, one person, $3; two persons, $4. Suites of parlor, bedroom and bath, for one person, $3, $4, $5, $7; two persons, $4, $5, $6, $8.

Richfield Springs, N. Y.

The Famous Health and Pleasure Resort.

HOTEL EARLINGTON

Directly Opposite the Bathing Establishment

AND

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Located in Earlington Park, Moderate Rates

June to October
The Bathing Establishment.
Golf Links.
Write for Booklet and Information.

E. M. EARLE & SON.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

Come to Cool, Pleasant Buffalo. See the Exposition. Stop at

THE ELMWOOD, 830-832 Elmwood Avenue

It is high class, fireproof, within sight and walking distance of exposition, on beautiful Elmwood avenue, opposite Lancaster ave. Elmwood cars pass the door going direct to exposition. European or American. Special rates to southerners.

BLOWING ROCK

Green Park Hotel.

Summit of Blue Ridge 4,340 feet.

This popular resort will open on June 15th under the management of Frank P. Morton. Scenery and climate unsurpassed in the world. Hotel first-class in every respect. Patrons say they get more for their money here than anywhere else, and that it compares favorably with $3 and $4 a day hotels. Superior roads, excellent livery. All the usual amusements. Post-office and telegraph in hotel. Write for leaflet and rates to Green Park Hotel, Green Park, N. C.

Block Island, R. I., Spring House.

Famous for the Natural Mineral Springs. Extensive grounds; fine Golf Links. Large dance hall and orchestra. Booklet.

B. B. MITCHELL, Prop.

MILLER'S HOTEL.

37, 39 and 41 West 26th Street, NEW YORK.

A select, quiet Family Hotel, one block from Madison Square, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, and within ten minutes' walk of all the large stores, places of amusement and other Hotels. It is in the very center of everything that a Stranger visiting New York wishes to see. The house is fitted up with modern conveniences and the rates are exceedingly moderate. Single rooms with board from $2 to $2.50 per day. Double rooms with board for two from $4 to $5. Special prices for a stay of two weeks or longer.

W. M. HAIGHT, Prop.

Under Entire New Management.

HOTEL GERARD

44th Street, Near Broadway,
NEW YORK

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF, MODERN AND LUXURIOUS IN ALL ITS APPOINTMENTS.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.

American and European plan. Cool and comfortable in summer. Rooms single and en suite.

J. P. HAMBLIN'S SONS, Proprietors,
ALSO
AVON INN, Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J.
Most select Resort on the New Jersey coast

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ASBURY PARK, N. J.

A whole square on the ocean. Hotel of highest class. Illustrated booklet.
FRANK B. CONOVER.

STATLER'S HOTEL

Buffalo, N. Y. LARGEST IN THE WORLD. 300 ft. from the Main Entrance to the Exposition.

$2 and $2.50 For lodging, breakfast and eve. dinner. Rooms with bath extra. Send for free maps and folder, telling about our Guaranteed Accommodations.

STOCKTON HOTEL,
CAPE MAY, N. J.

Largest and most spacious on the coast; every modern comfort and facility; orchestra 16 pieces; billiards, tenpins, shuffleboards, lawn tennis, golf, magnificent beach front driveway and promenade three miles long. Rooms with private baths when desired. Rates $15 to $35 per week. Special reduction for July. Write for booklet. H. M. CAKE.
Also Hotel Normandie, Washington, D. C.

HOTEL CUMBERLAND,

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, GA.

The favorite seaside resort on the South Atlantic Coast. The finest ocean beach in the world, fine artesian water. Open the year round.

Summer season begins JUNE 1st.
Daily steamer from Brunswick, Ga., and Fernandina, Fla.
For rates aply to
R. L. BUNKLEY, Prop.

Virginia Hot Springs

The Homestead Hotel and Cottages.

Most delightful Summer Resort in the Allegheny Mountains.

Finest bath house in America. Waters very beneficial to persons suffering from rheumatism and gout. Excellent roads for riding and driving. Well equipped livery. Casino and fine orchestra. First class golf course. Terms very moderate for July and August.
FRED STERRY, Manager.

THE CHICAGO BEACH

Has nearly 1000 feet of veranda like the above. A high-class residential, tourist and transient hotel on the lake shore, 450 outside rooms, 220 bath rooms. Most delightful abiding place in summer or winter in the West, 10 minutes by Ill. Central exp. from theatre and shopping district of Chicago. Finest hotel on great lakes with golf, tennis, boating, bathing and fishing. Send for handsome new illustrated booklet.

"THE LODGE"

Paris Mountain, five miles from Greenville, S. C. Excellent board, beautiful location; daily mail and transportation. Terms $5 per week. Children and servants half price. Apply to MRS. A. B. SINKLER.

Warm Springs, Ga.

Will be open for guests June 1st. First class accommodations at moderate rates. For full information apply to
CHAS. L. DAVIS, Proprietor.

HADDOCK INN,

TOCCOA FALLS, GA.,

NOW OPEN.

Electric lights, electric bells, waterworks, porcelain tubs. Half rates for children and nurses for all arrivals by July 1st.
E. P. SIMPSON,
Owner and Proprietor.

Young's European Hotel

Cool, delightful furnished rooms by week or month. Transients 25, 50, 75c. Three blocks from union depot. Opposite Prudential bldg. Next to postoffice.

36 North Forsyth Street.

UNITED LABOR DEFIES COLOSSUS OF CAPITAL

Amalgamated Association Ready To Give Battle to Great Steel Trust.

EXISTENCE OF UNION DEPENDS ON RESULT

Trouble Is Not Over a Question of Wages, but Over Recognition of Union—Real Battle Will Not Begin for the Present.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 1.—As a result of the refusal of the representatives of the American Steel Sheet Company and the American Steel Hoop Company, subsidiary companies of the great United States Steel corporation, to sign the workers' new scale at Saturday's conference, circulars were sent out from the national headquarters of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers yesterday and today declaring a strike at all the plants of the two combines. The great strike is now on, but it will be several days before its actual extent is known. At the outset, however, over 35,000 men will be involved.

What the strike just inaugurated may eventually lead to is problematical. Three months ago, when a strike occurred in the wood plant of the American Steel Company at McKeesport, because the company refused to allow its men to become members of the Amalgamated Association, President Shaffer threatened if the McKeesport strikers could not win of their own strength he would order a strike in every plant of the company. If the latter would not yield he would then call out the union men in every plant of the United States Steel corporation. Such a course would now end in the biggest strike the country has ever seen, involving several hundred thousand men.

When Real Battle Begins.

For the first few weeks the situation will not show the strength of the association. Almost all the plants of the company, union and non-union, will be compelled to shut down during the early part of July to give the men a rest. They have been working steadily since the first of the year, many of them without a week's cessation. Union and non-union alike, they are demanding a short vacation and the prediction is made that the companies will be unable to keep any one at work for two or three weeks after tomorrow. The heat is intense and the men, one vice president said today, are almost in a state of revolt.

It would be after, perhaps, the 1st of August when the combine makes a serious attempt to start up in full, that the real battle will begin if no settlement has been reached at that time. The company cannot well delay operations longer than that on account of the present flood of orders. In fact, the urgent orders now on the books can scarcely wait through July. Thus the association has almost a month more to prepare for the coming struggle. It is the boast of the Amalgamated Association officials that by that time they will control 80 per cent of the capacity of the combine's plants.

Gradually the plans of President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, are being uncovered. Since the trouble in the wood mills in McKeesport a few months ago the Amalgamated Association has been actively engaged in breaking up the present arrangement of the combine in operating parts of their plants with non-union men and the others with union men. Mr. Shaffer says that if this is not checked the life of the Amalgamated Association is threatened, for the combine will always work their union mills last and the union men will be sufferers by this discrimination.

To Scare Steel Combine.

It is believed by the Amalgamated Association that the promptness with which the sheet steel combine came to their terms in the McKeesport trouble and allowed the union to exist in that plant would prove a boon to further aggressive action on the part of the organized workmen. Taking advantage of the new United States Steel corporation as the present head of all the other combines with which the Amalgamated Association had to deal it was felt that a threatened strike of all the union men in all branches of the steel business would so frighten the combine officials that they would give in and allow every one of the non-union plants to be unionized.

Thus is arrayed against the union organization the two branches of the United States Steel corporation. The scale for the American Tin Plate Company, also a part of the great corporation, has been signed. It is said, however, that in case the struggle continues the Amalgamated officials have the power to call out these tin plate workers as a means of defense against the parent corporation, which they hold responsible for all disagreements. The strike now threatened in the bar mills, following so closely upon that of the sheet mills, has therefore a most serious aspect and may spread to enormous proportions. Indeed, in some circles it is predicted that the gigantic struggle that has been talked of since the organization of the United States Steel corporation was formed, is on the eve of breaking out and that it is coming much sooner than many believed was probable.

The position that the greater combine is placed in practically frees the independent plants from complicity in the battle. The fight is not for wages, but for organization. Either the Amalgamated Association must bow to the will of the greater combine or else the greater combine will have to give up its non-union mills.

May Adjust Trouble.

Added interest was given the strike situation today when it became known that the two mills in dispute which were the cause of disagreement between the Amalgamated Association and the American Sheet Steel Company, were claimed by both parties. These mills are the Old Meadows at Scottdale and the Saltsburg mill.

The sheet steel officials appeared to have a trifle the better of the argument today when word came from Scottdale that the men now working there refused to quit, scale or no scale, association or no association. In line with an intimation of Secretary Jarrell that there will be no real strike was the appearance at the headquarters of the workers today.

All of the prominent officers were on hand and several private consultations were held. The indications are that President Schaffer himself expects an early adjustment of the complication.

NEITHER SIDE WILL YIELD.

Strike Situation at Newport News Is Unchanged..

Newport News, Va., July 1.—The striking machinists at the ship yard are adhering to their determination to hold out for their demands. The strike is now in its fifth week and seems no nearer a settlement than on the day of its inauguration. The machinists claim they have 98 per cent of the number solid for a continuance of the strike. The ship yard employed 7,500 men before the present trouble. Now about 3,000 are employed. General Superintendent Post states that no concessions will be made.

SETTLEMENT SEEMS LIKELY.

Employers and Strikers Meet in Conference at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, July 1.—A conference was held here today between representatives of the Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Company and the striking machinists in an endeavor to reach a settlement of the trouble at that plant.

A proposition was submitted by the manufacturers which the representatives of the strikers agreed to submit to the executive board for approval. About 350 machinists are employed at this plant.

It is expected that should the trouble at this plant be satisfactorily settled other settlements will speedily follow.

POLITICAL REFORM FIRST

Social and Economic Questions Are Secondary, Says Lentz.

CALLS MACHINES CRIMINAL

Declares They Are Ready To Commit Any Crime To Secure Preferment.

Detroit, July 1.—The morning session of the National Social and Political conference was better attended than any preceding one. Ex-Congressman John J. Lentz, of Ohio, was the first speaker, discussing "Should Political Reforms Precede Social and Economic Reform."

Mr. Lentz said:

"Political reform must precede social and economic reforms, for political parties are organizations as reform forces. With the machines of each party ready to commit any crime to secure preferment and power, there is no hope to secure any reform from them. We must educate the masses."

Mr. Lentz also contended for government ownership of the telegraph and telephone lines and municipal ownership of all public utilities.

"Are Political Parties Necessary or Are They Obstacles to Progress?" was discussed by Mayor Jones, of Toledo. He took a strong stand against all political parties and political conventions.

"Can Reform Be Gained Through the Parties?" was the next topic, and was discussed by J. B. Howarth, of Detroit, business partner fo the late ex-Governor Pingree, who was to have read a paper on this subject; Hon. George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; J. A. Parker, chairman of the national committee of middle-of-road populists, of Louisville; R. S. Thompson, Springfield, O.; Fred E. Briston, Detroit, and Seymour Steadman, chairman of the board of social democrats.

POPULIST PARTY TO GO IT ALONE

So Says Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina.

SILVER QUESTION IS DEAD

And the Main Issue, He Says, Will Be Public Ownership of Natural Monopolies—He Never Liked Word "Silver." Anyway.

St. Paul, Minn., July 1.—This city today entertained an Alaska excursion party consisting of Senator J. C. Jones, of Nevada, and his son, Roy; former Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina; former Senator R. F. Pettigrew, of South Dakota; Congressman William Sulzer, of New York, and a number of mining experts.

The party left for the coast tonight. From Seattle they go to Alaska on a revenue cutter. Senator Butler, chairman of the populist national committee, said:

"The populist party will go it alone next time and we will poll more votes than we ever did before. The main issue will be public ownership—not of everything, understand, but of the natural monopolies. We are not socialists. The populist believes in competition. Let the public own the natural monopolies and then for the rest let it be every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost. All we ask is that there be equality of opportunity.

"The silver question is dead, for the time being at least, and for one I never favored the use of that word silver. All the true populist contends for is money enough to transact business and maintain the equilibrium of prices. I believe that coinage and the supply of money should be regulated by law.

"The populist party is the progressive party of the south. In our state it enacted the legislation to encourage manufacturing which has brought so much prosperity to that section. We are now protectionists, of course."

MAINE IS GIVEN TO ENGLAND.

American Presents Hospital Ship to British Navy.

London, July 1.—The earl of Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, announced in the house of lords today that he had great gratification in informing the house that the hospital ship Maine had been presented, as a free gift, to the British navy.

The earl of Selborne read a letter from President Bernard Baker, of the Atlantic Transport Company, offering the Maine, and also read the government's reply, accepting the ship. Lord Selborne added that the ladies of the Maine committee had donated the ship's hospital fittings. This gift of citizens and ladies of the United States was a most gracious one.

Mr. Baker, in his letter to the earl of Selborne, says:

"In offering the Maine, I would like as a citizen of the United States, to express appreciation of the long protection afforded my interests under the British flag. I am also influenced by the noble work achieved by Americans in equipping and maintaining the Maine while in service in South Africa and China. I trust she will long be an emblem of the cordial relations existing between the citizens of the United States and those of the mother country."

The lords of the admiralty, in their reply, expressed cordial appreciation of the motives of the generous act.

UGLY STORIES ABOUT BANK.

Talk of Prosecuting Officials of Seventh National.

New York, July 1.—United States District Attorney Burnett said today that no action would be taken by his office today looking to the prosecution of officers of the Seventh National bank unless more evidence is forthcoming.

"If all that has been published about the bank be true," said General Burnett, "there is no doubt that criminal proceedings could be commenced against those responsible, but unless a complaint shall be filed here which is valid on its face and it shall be found on conference with the complainant that evidence can be produced to support it which will hold good in court, this office will do nothing."

Threatened Strike Is Off.

Chicago, July 1.—The threatened strike tomorrow of the 3,000 wood workers in Chicago was averted tonight by the manufacturers of saloon, store and office fixtures, who acceded to the demands of the men and signed a two-year agreement, granting an advance of -- cents a day in the men's wages.

GREAT COAL COMBINE PLANNED BY MORGAN

By September All Bituminous Companies Will Be in One Organization.

MORGAN IS ACQUIRING COMPANIES ONE BY ONE

Senator Hanna, of Ohio, Is Aiding in Formation of the Colossal Trust—Confidential Agents at Work Securing Coal Lands.

Cleveland, O., July 1.—Before the 1st of September all the big companies producing bituminous coal will have been gathered into one organization, similar to the United States Steel Corporation. The capitalization will be enormous, probably second only to that of the big steel trust.

From what can be learned, work upon the big coal trust has been under way for a greater length of time than upon any of the industrial combinations. J. P. Morgan first started in with his coal combinations three years ago, making the first movements along the line of controlling the products of the Ohio and West Virginia fields. At that time he claimed complete control of the mining property in the Hocking and Shawnee valley.

The proceedings in the present combination are similar to those displayed in the formation of the steel trust. One year ago all of the coal properties in the Pittsburg district which ship coal to the lakes were collected into one organization known as the Pittsburg Coal Company. About that time the same interests which ship coal from that territory down the river formed what has since been known as the Monongahela Coal Company. The desire to control other coal territory has led to the selection in certain sections of confidential agents.

As an outgrowth of this policy an organization was completed in Chicago ten days ago, known as the Illinois Coal Company, which owns two-thirds of all of the coal land in Illinois and western Indiana. About the same time it became generally known that M. A. Hanna and others in this territory had about completed the absorption of most of the coal properties in the Massillon district. This is expected to be completed in the next ten days.

The West Virginia coal production is virtually owned by one company, the Fairmount Coal Company, which is in turn the property of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. The other interests in the territory are all owned by the Norfolk and Western railroad, the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad or the Pennsylvania railroad, all of which, with the Baltimore and Ohio, now form practically one big railroad organization, being owned by one company. Now the Illinois Coal Company, the Pittsburg Coal Company, the Monongahela Company, the Fairmount Coal Company, the Hocking Coal Company and the Massillon Coal Company are all to be collected into one big organization.

The aim of all of this is to effect a complete monopoly of the bituminous coal production in the territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac. To the accomplishment of this end Mr. Morgan is said to have given himself without reserve and will take it up as soon as he returns from Europe.

NEGRO SENTENCED TO HANG

Although Chief Witness Against Him Confessed to Perjury.

WOMAN WAS HIS ACCUSER.

She Retracted Her Story of Assault, but Judge Smith Sentences Negro.

Camden, Ark., July 1.—Circuit Judge C. W. Smith today overruled the application for a new trial in the case of Will Bussey, colored, under sentence to hang for criminal assault.

Governor Davis recently granted a reprieve of thirty days in order to allow judicial action following the confession of Mrs. Tom Watson, the prosecuting witness, that she testified falsely against Bussey at the behest of her husband. Watson and his wife left Camden after the confession.

Judge Smith stated today that the witnesses were so utterly unreliable that their evidence was not worthy of belief and that he did not know what influence had been brought to bear on the state's witness to cause her to change her evidence. The court then set August 3d for the execution. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

PAYMENT OF BONDS ILLEGAL.

Mississippi Is Now Paying a Debt Without Authority of Law.

Jackson, Miss., July 1.—(Special.)—Ex-Chief Justice Campbell created surprise and consternation among the state officials and local banking institutions today by raising the point that the payment of the $400,000 bond issue now in progress is illegal, and that special act of the legislature is necessary before the bonds can be paid. The series was issued in 1896, with an option for redemption in five years, and thirty days ago Governor Longino issued a proclamation calling in the issue for payment at the treasury today. Judge Campbell states that as no provision was made for the governor calling in the issue, that he cannot assume this power, as it is not only violative of the constitution, but sets the dangerous precedent that the governor is the state. Governor Longino and Attorney General McClurg take the opposite view, but Judge Campbell is backed up in his opinion by some of the ablest legal talent in the state. About $200,000 of the issue has already been paid by Treasurer Stowers.

CALLED BEFORE COMMISSION.

Combine of 'Frisco and Memphis Systems To Be Investigated.

Kansas City, Mo., July 1.—B. L. Winchell, president of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railroad system, is in Fort Worth, Tex., today. President Winchell has been cited to appear before the state railroad board at Jefferson City tomorrow to answer interrogatories regarding the consolidation of the Memphis and 'Frisco systems, which it is asserted would be a violation of the Missouri constitution prohibiting the amalgamation of parallel and competing transportation lines. It will be impossible for President Winchell to be in Jefferson City tomorrow.

It is said that the Memphis president is not ignoring the state commission or doubting its authority. The Fort Worth engagement was made before the railroad board ordered him to tell all he knew.

OLDEST EMPLOYEE RESIGNS.

After Serving a Road for Thirty-five Years Thompson Quits Work.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 1.—(Special.)—John Thompson, one of the oldest employees of the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad, resigned the position of master mechanic of that road in this city today. He was first employed in Nashville thirty-five years ago as journeyman blacksmith, was transferred to this city in 1866, and in 1875 was made master mechanic, serving in that capacity and residing in this city since. He has accumulated a handsome competency by habits of saving and frugality, and is now regarded as a rich man. He will devote his time to management of his personal affairs.

JUDGE REPROVES PREACHERS.

He Was Angered by Criticisms from the Pulpit.

Denver, Col., July 1.—Judge Palmer, of the district court, today reprimanded and discharged Rev. M. A. Rader, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church; Rev. W. H. Talmadge, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, and Secretary Walter D. Wynkoop, of the Christian Endeavor Society, who were charged with contempt of court for criticising the issuance of an injunction against raiding Sunday saloons. No ruling on the continuance of the injunction was handed down.

ROADS SEEK COMBINATION.

Savannah, Florida and Western Asks for Increase of Capital Stock.

The Savannah, Florida and Western railway yesterday made formal application to increase its capital stock from $9,000,000 to $25,000,000 and to form a combination of a number of lines in southern Georgia, northern Florida and eastern Alabama. The right to issue 155,671 additional shares of stock at the par value of $100 a share is asked for, which makes an increase of over $15,000,000 in the stock, at par, of the different roads it seeks to combine.

Railroad officials see in the proposed combination only the object of simplifying accounts, while another object is economy. The roads cited in the petition are the Charleston and Savannah, the Brunswick and Western, the Alabama Midland, the Silver Springs, Ocala and Gulf and the Tampa and Thonotasosa.

The ultimate meaning of the combination, it is said, is that these roads will shortly be in the control of a greater system, probably the Southern or the Seaboard Air Line.

The application was made to the secretary of state by R. B. Smith, secretary of the Savannah, Florida and Western.

Cut His Throat with Razor.

Mena, Ark., July 1.—J. E. James, son of Dr. J. E. James, of Cove, ten miles south of here, committed suicide yesterday by cutting his throat with a razor. There is no known cause for the act. The deceased was a young man of high standing.

Body of ex-Governor Pingree.

New York, July 1.—The remains of former Governor H. S. Pingree, of Michigan, arrived today on the steamship Zealandia. With the body came H. S. Pingree, Jr., who accompanied his father to England. The body will be taken from the ship tomorrow and removed to an undertaker's shop until arrangements are made to ship it to Detroit.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL.....Pres't and Bus. M'g'r

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ATLANTA, GA., July 2, 1901.

Why Atlanta Is Exempt.

For a second time within three weeks the great cities of the northeast and along the lakes have been overcome by excessive heat. Within this area prostration has been general and death has been sufficiently frequent to be alarming.

While the wires are laden with incidents establishing this assertion Atlanta remains exempt. Representing the Piedmont region, she stands for special conditions which have puzzled many, but the existence of which have long been known. During the hottest waves sweeping the northern Mississippi valley, the southern lake region and the north Atlantic coast, Atlanta has enjoyed cool breezes, and even on the hottest day night brought recuperation. The present is no exception to the rule, since the facts are attested by the news reports and comparison is within reach.

The explanation for this condition is given by Chief Observer Marbury. "Atlanta," says he, "can readily endure a temperature of 98 or 100, while people in other cities cannot." But even in Atlanta's warmest weather a 96 thermometer is a most unusual sight. The reason given is Atlanta's 1,000 feet elevation above sea level, of which Observer Marbury says: "The air is more clarified, and therefore the more easily cooled. The heat is not so oppressive at this altitude, and there is generally a circulation of air which other cities do not have." This explanation from so prominent an official of the weather service should carry with it conviction. It is not the claim of a day, but the normal result of many years of observation.

While allowing for the effect of density of population in other cities and the presence of heat attracting substances, the fact remains that Atlanta is cooler than the rural portions of the territory outlined. In addition to the high altitude is the cool nights—a most important point. The steam and moisture of the valleys are dissipated before they reach the 1,000 feet altitude, and the higher breezes act as a cool blanket upon the atmosphere below. As Chief Observer Marbury points out, this enables our people to have a good night's rest, and they are the better prepared to meet the heat of the coming day.

Altogether Atlanta is blessed by Providence in this exemption from oppressive heat. Her citizens have no need of going abroad for fresh air or comfortable temperature, since they have both right at home. We have the paradise of the continent.

The State Normal School.

The Constitution has steadily supported the claim of the State Normal school to the attention of the people at large. The work of this school is the preparing of teachers for the state system. Its doors are thrown open for the reception of young men and women from every section of the state, and the attendance of from five to six hundred annually shows that there is hardly a militia district which has not had its representative.

These people go back to their homes with a great message, opening wide the prospect of the future. They are at once the connecting link between isolated communities and the great outside world, and they proceed to spread enlightenment wherever they go. Whether in the school room or family, their work is constant and widening in its influence. There is no other school in Georgia with such a record for extended work during the past few years. In fact, the Normal school is the center of our educational revival, and the necessity for supporting it is not only philanthropic, but patriotic.

One of the brightest features of this work, and which is its tragedy as well, is the intense earnestness with which young men and women have applied themselves to the obtaining of an education. President Branson, who has succeeded to the work so admirably set on foot by President Bradwell, writes The Constitution that "there are twenty young women in this school who are eager and anxious for an education in order to be released from a condition of dependence. One of them asked me the other day if I could not give her some work to do, even a servant's place. She had been used to working in the field, and if she went back home she would have to work in the field again. This woman is very bright and capable, but frail physically. The faculty of the school created a scholarship at once and will take care of this young woman until her education is finished."

Who could resist this wail of our young white womanhood coming from the corn fields? It was creditable to the hearts of the slenderly paid teachers at the Normal school to raise a fund for the education of this young woman. We are assured that this case does not stand alone, but that students, with barely enough to maintain themselves, have divided even that allowance so as to make room for anxious seekers for an opportunity in life. Where we find so much heroism there should be forthcoming at once some system of relief by which those who are so anxious to obtain an education may be gratified.

President Branson tells of another young woman in the schools who has been educated by a brother paralyzed upon one side who year after year has ploughed in the fields with one hand in order to make a crop and in this way pay for the schooling of his sister.

Now for the remedy. A scholarship, including everything, is only $75 a year. The state is filled with philanthropic men and women who are at a loss for good work to do. Here is the opportunity. The creation of a number of scholarships would provide for such heroic people as have been referred to. Every woman's club could maintain one such scholarship. There are scores of men in the state who should esteem it a privilege to establish a scholarship. To these people, then, the appeal is made to communicate at once with President Branson and place him in such a position that he can accept those anxious for help. The case has been fully stated and no one should require further urging.

Miss Anthony's Plea.

The plea of Miss Susan B. Anthony in behalf of woman's rights, in which she narrates the progress of that work since 1852, so temperately written and bearing evidence of controlling strong sense, will be read with interest the world over.

Many a cause suffers from the injudicious expressions of its friends and the want of level-headedness on the part of others. To this rule the cause of woman's rights has been no exception. It is gratifying to note from the relation of Miss Anthony that substantial work has been done in which every man must feel a pride. Whether that work was expedited by the women's agitation is unnecessary to say, but it is certain that the legislation of the past half century has been in favor of a wider recognition of the individual. It will not do to class laws which have been set aside as unjust. They had a time and a place, but that time had passed away and new conditions had made necessary new laws in which the individual came into prominence rather than the family. It may be stated that in Georgia, one of the states far removed from the influence of female agitation, the recognition of woman's right to the management of her personal affairs came at an early date. In this state woman's right to inheritance, to the care of her family, to the control of her own accumulations, has been too long recognized to recall the time when conditions were otherwise. That there are improvements yet to be made in these laws is freely admitted, and it is equally certain that in whatever progress may be made in the future Georgia will be in the front.

The only unfortunate feature in Miss Anthony's statement is the prominence given to the subject of divorce. Divorce is a drastic remedy even in cases where it is rendered necessary. It is a source of grief to those who have to be mixed up in it. The growth of our divorce laws, however, is seen in the illegitimate use made of agencies intended for those who are really unfortunate. As a matter of fact it is the woman that suffers with every weakening of the marriage tie. All of woman's interests and hopes are centered in the perpetuity of the marriage relation. This Miss Anthony admits when she speaks as to what she would do with a bad husband even today. She speaks as one who would bear her grief in private as long as possible, and who even then would seriously debate whether it was best to still suffer or to seek a painful relief. On the whole, Miss Anthony is to be congratulated upon the labor to which she has devoted her life. While her persistence upon the stump exhibits her as a woman of strong will, yet she has ever been characterized by the sterling virtues which are such an ornament to the weaker sex.

Another "Independent" Heard From.

The plea for "independence" put forth by former Secretary Hilary A. Herbert has called into view another distinguished brand from the burning in the person of ex-Judge William M. Springer, of Illinois.

Mr. Springer will be remembered as a violent democrat in the days of greenbackism, grangerism and various other movements by which men could gain seats in congress. He was fortunate enough himself to be thus favored, and it was not until a critical time in 1893 that he became convinced that he had been wrong, and secured a judgeship in order to have the leisure in which to meditate upon his past career. He is now an ex-judge as well as an ex-representative, and from his declaration that he believes "President McKinley understands the situation," it is very likely that Mr. Springer does likewise.

Referring to Mr. Herbert's speech Mr. Springer very properly says that he considers it "the key-note to the organization of a new party in the south." Why he should profess an overweening interest in what the democratic party may do when he is so anxious for a new one he does not say; but he is convinced that "the time is rapidly approaching when there will no longer be such a thing as a solid south. The protectionists in the south who have since the civil war allied themselves with the democrats have done so from purely personal interests. The republicans in the north will gain more by the elimination of the negro in the south as a political factor than the democrats. The republicans, if they could only see ahead, should lend assistance instead of criticism in this movement. Intelligence will predominate and govern whether north or south."

We believe that the democratic party represents the true interests socially, commercially and politically of the people; but if there are those who believe that the republican party is to be preferred, they are remiss in their public duty by not openly avowing their alignment. Mr. Springer declares that protectionists in the south adhere to the democracy for personal reasons. Does he believe in men with republican convictions allying themselves with another party for personal reasons? Can such reasons be patriotic? Are they not misleading when they seek a place and favor as democrats only to become republicans when intrenched in office? As we have said before, Mr. Herbert does the people of the south an injustice when he intimates that a man who wants to be a republican is not at perfect liberty to have his way about it. Mr. Springer follows along in the same line. He wants to shine as a democrat and yet he seeks republican advancement. Such conduct cannot be approved of, and if there is cowardice anywhere, it is in the men who hide out from their own convictions and seek to lay the blame upon others.

The Maryland Census.

The Maryland census, taken under authority of the state, will show a loss of 15,000 as compared with the federal census, and a gain of eight or nine thousand in the city of Baltimore, making the total population of the state from six to seven thousand less than was credited to it by the federal census.

Of course The Baltimore American finds fault with its new census because of the smallness of the change. It seeks by this method to bring blame upon the state authorities for having performed their duty with the evident purpose of hiding out the true issue at stake. As the census stood at first the six or seven thousand "lost people" represented republicans. They were convenient for purposes of ballot box stuffing or increasing the representation of republican counties so as to control the election of United States senator. The six or seven thousand were as effective as would have been sixty or seventy thousand. The plain purpose was to rob the democrats of what was rightfully theirs and to transfer power to the republican side.

It is true that in a half-hearted manner when the issue was forced the federal census was patched up so as to make an approach to the truth, but this result was due to democratic contention and not to any good work done by the republican leaders. Whether the new work has cost the state of Maryland four thousand or forty thousand dollars matters but little. The truth has been vindicated, republican methods have been exposed and the work was well worth the money.

The Visit of General Gomez.

The visit of General Gomez to the United States has given the people an opportunity of knowing him better than they did before. His course has been so unobtrusive and modest that he has made friends of all with whom he has come into contact.

When the general refused to be drawn into a discussion of Cuban affairs he was put to a test which but few men are able to resist. It would have been the most natural thing in the world for him to have entered into a discussion of the relations of the United States and Cuba, in which he would most likely have said unwise things, but instead of doing this he measured up all the consequences and decided upon a policy of silence. Through such self control as this General Gomez has demonstrated that it may be possible for him to do as much for his people in peace as he did in war. The future of Cuba is in the hands of such men, and if they prove themselves wise enough to be silent until they understand the whole situation they will prove to be capable leaders.

It is impossible at this early date to say what is best to be done and hence delay is in the line of true statesmanship. Whatever is eventually done should be for the safety of the United States and for the prosperity of Cuba. That the best interests of Cuba lie in a close alliance of some sort with the United States all must admit. If General Gomez will continue to hold his tongue until he is fully advised, he will be the better able to do good service to his people.

Reviving the Maine.

Former Senator Chandler, who is now a member of the Spanish claims commission, has made a statement likely to lead to a good deal of discussion.

Mr. Chandler is quoted as saying:

To adjudicate the claims for damages sustained by the destruction of the ship will require the settlement of two very important questions. The first of these questions is whether in the case of the destruction of a national ship any claim whatever for private damages arises. Had the Maine been a private ship destroyed in Havana harbor, and had it been proved that her destruction was due to the carelessness or ill will of the Spanish authorities, it is plain that every man aboard of her would have had a just and equitable claim for damages against that nation.

Mr. Chandler was a member of the United States senate when the destruction of the Maine occurred. He was one of those who believed in holding the Spanish government responsible therefor. He assisted in the prosecution of a war as a result of that tragedy. At no time during his membership in the senate did Mr. Chandler venture to declare that there was any doubt as to responsibility for the destruction of the warship. It is a little strange, therefore, that in his new relations he should begin to hedge and to intimate that the sinking of the vessel is an open question. If responsibility for the act is uncertain now, was it not equally uncertain when Mr. Chandler was in the senate, or is it true that there have been discoveries showing that Spain was innocent of complicity in this tragedy?

Mr. Chandler, having said so much, will find himself under the necessity of saying more in order to clear up the atmosphere.

The "proclaiming" of King Edward will last eleven months more. His nephew, the kaiser, would not require so much time.

The South Carolinan does not want to pay federal tax on his beverage. He probably thinks he has paid enough for it already.

The opera season has been unprofitable in London. Ragtime music would have met a better fate.

The loafer has rights which every one seems bound to respect, and hence he cannot be run in.

An "Uncle Tom" troupe is now doing actual work on the roads of Connecticut.

If grass forces diversification from cotton, it will deserve the kingly title.

The old lady of China will not be too easily trapped.

The summer girl is in full bloom.

More Water in a Trust.

Omaha Bee: If that new milk trust should give signs of getting rambunctious the governor may feel impelled to call out the infantry to put it down.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

His View of It.

Hot or cold, he'd never say
Trouble ever come his way.
"What on airth's the use to mind it?
Take the worl' jest as I find it!"

Many a road was long an' rough,
But he'd say 'twuz good enough;
"No use growlin' on the way—
Shore to reach the end some day!"

That wuz how he went along,
Makin' of a sigh a song;
"Trouble? Ain't no use to mind it—
Take the worl' jest as I find it!"

* * * * *

The Whitsett Courier.

Lightnin' killed Tom Jones's mule Tuesday; but the creetur' had been in poor health for some time, an' wasn't at himself at all.

Major Brown was thrown by his mule on Wednesday clear up into the railroad water tank. He caught a severe cold from the unexpected bath he got.

A hurricane blew Tom Jinks's house over the county line. The last seen of Tom he was thanking the Lord the land was left.

There are enough watermelons in this county to make ten thousand niggers happy.

* * * * *

By the River.

Down here by the river, takin' of my ease,
Listenin' to the locusts an' hummin' with the bees,
Life is jest a-goin' as happy as you please
Down here by the river—by the river.

Down here by the river, where soft the south-winds sweep;
Pity all the toilers that have to sow an' reap!
Winds an' ripplin' waters a-singin' me to sleep
Down here by the river—by the river!

* * * * *

They Fixed Him.

A Georgia singer complains that the printer murdered his verses in a current publication. He says that he wrote—

"A little wife to wait,
In the rosy twilight late,
With the blooms—thick at the gate."

But the stanza appeared in print as follows:

"A little wife to wait,
In the rosy twilight late,
With the broomstick, at the gate!"

* * * * *

Of Shakespeare.

That admired English poet, William Watson, has written a fine sonnet on Shakespeare, containing such notable lines as these:

"Of him that to the ages gives no rest,
The world-watched secret peaks of human mind."

"'Tis said of certain poets, that writ large
Their somber names on tragic stage and tome,
They are gulfs, or estuaries of Shakespeare's sea.
Lofty the praise, and honor enough to be
As children playing by his mighty marge,
Glorious with casual sprinklings of the foam!"

* * * * *

The Plowman's Song.

Much has been written of "The Song of the Plowman," and "The Song of the Reapers," but we recently heard the plowman singing over the cornfields, this ancient, practical refrain:

"Oh, it's hot on high,
An' it's hot below,
An' the devil take the weather
When the wind don't blow!"

* * * * *

Not Much to Reckon.

The other day an Englishman, talking with an Irishman of the coming coronation of King Edward, said:

"And I'll tell you one thing—he's every inch a king!"

"Yes," replied the Irishman, "but there's mighty few inches of him!"

* * * * *

The Country Faith.

It would be difficult to match, in beautiful simplicity, this gem by Norman Gale. It is called "The Country Faith:"

"Here in the country's heart
Where the grass is green,
Life is the same sweet life
As it e'er hath been.

"Trust in a God still lives,
And the bell at morn
Floats with a thought of God
O'er the rising corn.

"God comes down in the rain,
And the crop grows tall—
This is the country faith,
And the best of all!"

* * * * *

An Oregon poet says he "cannot sing the old songs, and will not sing the new." Verily, there's hope for that young man yet.

* * * * *

"Satan rides the whirlwind" is a line in a new campmeeting hymn. Well, with the mercury up where it is, no wonder he feels like cooling off.

* * * * *

How He Sang It.

Following is said to have been sung by a Georgia field-hand:

"Lot's wife turn
Ter a piller er salt;
Lot gone on,—
Say it ain't he fault.

"Never did stop
Fer ter make no reasonin',
Kaze he knowed dat salt
Wuz good fer seasonin'!"

* * * * *

Some one says that a cannibal chief sent over this word of the arrival of the new missionary: "He is now in our midst."

* * * * *

A Georgia moonshiner wrote home from prison: "I'm here, in jail. Send me three fiddle-strings, and keep the 'still' goin'!"

* * * * *

In the Meadows.

Out in the meadows with daisies and clover,
White clouds a-drifting so dreamily over;
Free as the bee—the brown robber and rover,—
Out in the meadows, my dearie!

Out in the meadows—no sorrow can move me;
Never a care or a trial to prove me;
All the world singing, you love me—you love me!
Out in the meadows, my dearie!

* * * * *

Seventy-five new novels are announced for September next. What do these new authors care for the public and hot weather?

F. L. S.

The Responsibility of Wealth.

New York Evening Post: There can be no doubt that the responsibility of great wealth is more acutely felt in this country than ever before. Larger gifts are made in a larger way, as fortunes increase in size and number. And we are glad to think that it is not pressure from without so much as humane impulse from within which stimulates to generosity. Wealth sees poverty and need and stunted lives and unrelieved misery about it, and yearns to be a rescuer, a creator of opportunity, and by voluntary distribution to undo excess.

RAILWAY NOTES.

Yesterday the Illinois Central put on a system of pensions which will affect all aged and disabled employees who have been in the employ of the company as long as ten years. Employees will be retired from the ages sixty-one to seventy, and all who have reached the age of retirement which holds in their department after a service of ten years or more, or who have been disabled after such a service, will be entitled to draw pensions. For the present the company will set aside $100,000 per year for this purpose, although it is thought that this is much more than will be required for some time. If an employee is retired after a service of ten years he will receive a pension equal to 10 per cent of the salary which he was receiving at the time of his retirement, and this amount will be increased 1 per cent for each year's service, so that if he is retired after twenty-five years' service his pension will be 25 per cent of his former wages, and if retired after fifty years his pension will be 50 per cent. This idea is not altogether new in America, but the Illinois Central is the first railroad which has extensive lines in the south to put it on.

R. B. Lutz, traffic manager of the Atlanta and West Point, is in the city.

Yesterday, being July 1st, was the beginning of the new fiscal year. During the year ending June 30th the roads in the south made greater earnings than ever before. Nineteen hundred was a year of such great prosperity that the managers were expecting something in the nature of a relapse in 1901. However, instead of the expected fall in earnings, the gross earnings of the roads in the south for 1901 show a great increase over those of 1900. The gross earnings of the Southern railway for 1901 are over $2,000,000 more than those for 1900, and these figures do not include the St. Louis division of the Mobile and Ohio. The earnings of the Central of Georgia are nearly $850,000 more than those for the previous year. The Cincinnati Southern is one of the few southern roads to show a decrease in earnings. This decrease amounts to something more than $100,000.

Managers say that the outlook is fine, and they see no reason why the season of prosperity should not continue.

George L. Prentiss, one of the principal owners of the Tallulah Falls railroad, is at the Kimball.

Railroad people are greatly interested in the prediction that Texas oil will take the place of coal as fuel for locomotives. This subject is discussed in the June issue of The Common Carrier, as follows:

A very interesting question just now is the threatened competition between Alabama coal and Texas oil.

The Beaumont oil is better adapted for fuel than for lubrication or illumination. By refining, it will yield 10 to 12 per cent of illuminating oil, which is rather too little to be profitable. Nor is the Texas product so good for lubrication as oils from some other districts.

The chief use to which Texas oil will be put will be for fuel. In Texas, steam coal is high, varying from $3 a ton up.

Beaumont oil can be supplied at Port Arthur for from 30 to 50 cents a barrel, and three or four barrels will make as much steam as a ton of coal.

At the coast, therefore, one or two dollars' worth of oil will make as much steam as three dollars' worth of coal. It costs from $300 to $600 to change a coal burning engine to an oil burner.

The Santa Fe and Southern Pacific railroads are changing some of their locomotives, and they will try oil on their Texas divisions. There is no doubt that the change in fuel will save the companies a great deal of money. Both these roads use oil on their California divisions for fuel. The Southern Pacific has been using it for years, and aside from the economy, the oil is more desirable because there is no smoke or cinders.

Fearing an invasion of Texas oil, the railroads have reduced their rates on coal from the Alabama fields to Mobile and New Orleans. The Louisville and Nashville started the movement. Some railway men think the roads were rather hasty in their action as the extent of the Texas oil supply has not been proved. Nor is the Beaumont district marketing much of its product, but it soon will be. The idea of the roads probably was to forestall the oil producers and keep consumers from changing their furnaces. If the coal operators can meet the oil prices within a small margin, consumers will not make the change, certainly not for some time. It may be found that it will take $2 worth of oil to make as much steam as one ton of coal will produce. If that is true, the coal people ought to be able to hold their own east of the Mississippi.

The prompt action of the roads in reducing the coal rates to New Orleans and Mobile ought to be appreciated by the operators, and no doubt is. Of course the roads are interested in keeping the coal mines open, but if they cannot compete with oil, the roads will get to haul the oil into the interior and possibly they can adjust the rates so that a ton of oil will yield as much revenue as two tons of coal.

The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin is authority for the following as to the Plant system:

Chicago, June 27.—The Record-Herald tomorrow will say: "Several of the railroad companies comprising the Plant system are to be reorganized and consolidated under one name and one management. A special meeting of the stockholders has been called for early in July to decide upon the details. The companies affected are the Savannah, Florida and Western; Alabama Midland; Silver Springs, Ocala and Gulf, and the Tampa. One object sought by the consolidation is simplification of the accounting and another is economy.

"Some of the lines which are operated as a part of the Plant system are not included in the present plans. The roads omitted are the Florida Southern; Sanford and St. Petersburg; St. John's and Lake Eustis; Ashley River, Great Pond, Waterboro and Branchville; Abbeyville Southern and the Winston and Bone Valley."

Hon. Hamilton McWhorter, one of the leading legal representatives of the Southern railway and president of the Augusta Southern, is at the Kimball.

Rumors as to changes in the officers of the Gould roads are persistent. The changes expected are: Russell Harding, president, vice George Gould, resigned; F. H. Britton, third vice president and general manager of the Missouri Pacific, vice Harding; R. H. Bowran, vice president and general manager Cotton Belt, vice Britton; E. A. Peck, general superintendent, vice Bowran; William Neff to be returned to Arkansas and Missouri division as superintendent, vice Peck.

A Canine Right.

Baltimore Herald: The lovers of the dog—and they are legion—have occasional opportunities to rejoice that the canine comes into the enjoyment of some one of the many privileges to which his usefulness and his faithfulness entitle him.

The latest instance is a decision by an Illinois court in a suit for damages brought against a street railway company for the killing of a great Dane by a trolley car.

The evidence in the case was to the effect that the dog was quietly walking along a street before the car overtook it. The motorman noticed the dog, but assumed that the animal would instinctively get out of the way. But the dog turned and stepped immediately in front of the car and was killed. In his testimony the motorman admitted that he saw the dog when fifty feet away.

In his decision, which was adverse to the railway company, the judge declared that the motorman should have either warned the dog or stopped the car.

INSURANCE NOTES.

Atlanta managers claim that the answer made by Macon to the article in The Insurance Herald is insufficient, as it does not cover the questions involved. While it is true that in the aggregate of losses accredited to Macon there are a number which occurred outside the city limits, the same is true of the figures relating to every other city. Premiums are credited to the place where they are received and losses are likewise charged to the place where they are paid out. While outside losses have been charged to Macon as they have to every other town, a good per cent of the premium income which is accredited to Macon is paid on risks located outside the city limits. The distinction between losses in the city and outside the limits is not made by the companies in any town in the United States. Mr. Hughes' book shows that, while in 1900 the premium account at Macon aggregated $188,292 as against $89,850 losses, the record for the preceding five years shows premiums $835,365 against losses to the amount of $840,094, an actual loss of nearly $5,000 exclusive of the expense of getting the business and adjusting and settling the claims. This cost is estimated at about 33 per cent of the premium account.

Mr. J. H. Morgan, special with the Manhattan Life, is in the city, having just returned from a trip over Texas.

Several of the successful agents of the Mutual Life of New York are in the city, having completed their work for the first six months of the year, and are about to take their annual vacations. Among them are A. W. Hill, of Newnan; G. R. Brightwell, of Maxeys, and Herman Bashinsky, of Sandersville, who leaves today for Buffalo, where he will take in the Pan-American exposition.

J. E. Wilhelm, manager for the Mutual Life of Kentucky, has just returned from a successful trip over southeast Georgia, where he has been at work among his agents.

J. B. Crossland, boiler inspector for the Fidelity and Casualty, is in the city, and reports the number of internal inspections as large. He has just covered eastern Tennessee in the interests of his company.

Casualty and fidelity people report the amount of burglary insurance being written as large, this being their most active line at the present time. This is due to the large number of people who are leaving the city on summer vacations.

O. L. Pattillo, special agent for the Hamburg-Bremen, has just returned from a trip over the field covering Pensacola, Mobile, Chattanooga and Knoxville.

When asked as to the following, which appeared in The Insurance Field of the 27th ultimo, Manager John M. Green replied that they had already written over a million this year:

"The Aetna Life general agency at Atlanta—John M. Green & Co.—has been the subject of considerable comment this week for sending out a circular to Georgia Baptists holding policies in the Aetna Life. The circular, after giving a list of the names of Baptists holding Aetna policies, reads:

"'If you have already joined "the band," do you not want to go farther with us? If you have not, will you not join us?'

"Other agents object to the circular, saying it is mixing religion with life insurance."

The American Fire Insurance Company of New York has insured its entire business in the United States and Canada with the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford. The American was owned by the Manchester and it is understood that the insurance was effected on account of the complications between the business of the two companies. The business acquired by the Hartford through this deal is of a high order. The American had deposits in Virginia and Georgia aggregating $48,725. The local representatives of the American are Hatcher & Dunlap, while the Hartford is represented by Thomas Egleston.

SUMMER ECHOES FROM JUSTICE COURT HALLS

In Justice Landrum's court, when a coterie of congenial spirits are assembled, during the lull in the day's work, many a story of the Atlanta of the past is told. In those days the farmers flocked into town from many miles around, driving in large herds of live stock, and bringing wagons full of produce.

One of these sons of the soil came in one fine day with a flock of turkeys. He put them up for the night, and the next morning he found one of them missing. Suspicion pointed toward a negro who had been working around for a few days, and a few inquiries confirmed this belief.

The farmer immediately applied to a justice for a search warrant. This exponent of the law took down his book of forms and commenced a search for the turkey, which an hour's chase did not end. At last, thoroughly exhausted, he turned around to the impatient waiter and said: "Hang it, Bob, I can't find the turkey; but I tell you what I will do. I will give you a warrant for a cow, and if you happen to come across the turkey you can bring that along too."

The most mixed up mix-up that an Atlanta justice has ever been called on to unmix fell to the lot of Justice Orr yesterday. A dozen of the swellest negroes in Darktown were present, either as witnesses or friends, and the case was listened to with interest. There were half a dozen witnesses, and no two of them agreed on exactly the same story, while several of them contradicted each other emphatically. It seems that a crowd of colored women and men had assembled for the purpose of drinking beer and of having a general good time in Jumbo Hollow's most exclusive hotel, and before the evening came to a close a few beer bottles were put to other uses than that of holding beer. Two belles quarreled over a gentleman friend; two beer bottles came together with a crash, and then one of them played havoc with the head of one of the belles. Then beer bottles began to fly, and the waiters rushed in and separated everybody concerned. Justice Orr will decide today who threw the first bottle.

Yesterday morning a dowdy negro, by the name of Dowdy, got into trouble. He had been hired by another negro to help him in some work on a house. When the job was finished Dowdy walked up to the mistress of the house, saying that he had been sent to collect the money, and as soon as he got it he left for parts unknown, leaving his employer in the hole. A little while after he had left the negro who had been hired to do the job came up, demanded pay, got it, and now it is up to the man who paid twice for the same job to see that Dowdy does not enjoy his money and his freedom at the same time.

A man hired two painters to decorate his house for him. The decorating was complete, the job was finished, and the workers wanted to paint the town red with the results of the job. One of them walked into the office of his employer, Mr. Morris, the real estate man, and asked for his money. It happened that one of the two painters owed Mr. Morris a certain amount, and so he refused to settle with the painter until his bill was paid. And the result of the whole thing was that the painter was handled pretty roughly, and kicked out of the office, so he claims. As soon as he could collect his thoughts he swore out a warrant for assault and battery, and the case will be tried today. Did the individual or the firm owe the debt? And, if the individual owed it, must the firm settle for it? This is for Justice Bateman to decide.

NEW HOSPITAL IS OPEN TO PATIENTS

Presbyterians Yesterday Afternoon Formally Opened Institution.

MANY VISITORS ATTENDED

Inspection of the Hospital Induced Many Complimentary Comments.

INTERESTING PROGRAMME IS RENDERED

Addresses and Music Entertained Spectators—Report of Dr. Holderby.

With interesting exercises the new Presbyterian hospital, located on Central place, was formally opened yesterday afternoon and is now ready for the reception of patients.

The exercises were public and were attended by a large number of spectators. The visitors thronged the various rooms and the hallways, and during the rendition of the programme many were forced to stand on the front porch, unable to gain entrance to the building. At the conclusion of the exercises the hospital was inspected, in all of its departments, by the visitors, and comments of the most complimentary and congratulatory nature were heard on all sides. The hospital was open to the public from 5 o'clock in the afternoon until 7 o'clock at night.

The following is the programme rendered:

Invocation—Rev. Richard Orme Flynn.
Address—Hon. Hoke Smith.
Report of the president of the board of trustees and the ladies' auxiliary—Dr. A. R. Holderby.
Violin solo—Mrs. Herbert B. Davis, with Miss Jessie Wood, accompanist.
Address—Rev. C. P. Bridewell.
Address—Dr. W. W. Landrum.
Report of the chairman of the medical board—Dr. Marion Hull.
Vocal solo—Miss Jennie Boyd.
Vocal solo—Miss Belle Crane.
Instrumental solo—Mrs. Herbert B. Davis.

The report of Dr. Holderby briefly recited the work necessary to the establishment of the institution, from its inception until the hospital became a realization yesterday afternoon. Dr. Holderby paid a glowing tribute to the ladies' auxiliary, showing that the ladies have been earnest and diligent in the work and that its present success is due largely to their faithful efforts.

The hospital is neat and tidy in every particular, and is equipped in an excellent and up-to-date manner. Dr. F. M. Sutton has been elected to the position of house physician and Miss S. B. Cunyus to the position of superintendent of nurses. Her home is in Cartersville, but she has been connected with Dr. Briggs's infirmary in Nashville. They will begin their duties today.

There will be four endowed rooms in the hospital, one by Mrs. R. J. Lowry, one by Mrs. M. M. Stokes in memory of her son, one by Miss Florence Jackson, and one by the ladies of the First Presbyterian church. The room will be known as the "Barnett Memorial," in memory of the late Dr. Barnett.

Regular meetings of the ladies' auxiliary will be held the first Wednesday in each month in the ladies' parlors of the First Presbyterian church. A meeting will be held next Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Through the Danube's Gates.

London Daily Mail: For centuries the navigation on the Danube, the largest river of Europe next to the Volga, was greatly hampered by the so-called Iron Gates, a celebrated defile in the river at the confines of Hungary, Servia and Roumania. At this place the river is crossed from shore to shore on a length of about 8,000 feet by rocky masses, and many a ship went aground in the Iron Gates, which always had been a terror to all navigators. It is the most magnificent and greatest river defile in the whole of Europe.

During the years of 1890 and 1896 a scheme was carried out here which involved immense difficulties. A canal 275 feet wide and seven feet deep was cut through the rocks of the Iron Gates. No less than 14,000,000 cubic feet of rocky masses had to be blasted and more than 50,000,000 cubic feet of stone and earth had to be excavated. A greater number of dams, of a combined length of 35,000 feet, had to be built to protect the canal. The expenditure for this work amounted to about 12,000,000 florins. Since the completion of this canal the navigation on the river has steadily increased, and thousands of steamers and barks now sail every year down to the Black sea.

One drawback, however, remained. The current in the Iron Gates is immense, averaging from fourteen to eighteen feet per second, and it was especially difficult for the heavy laden ships to steam up stream through the gates or to tow the barges against the current. It was therefore decided to build a special wire rope steamer for the purpose of towing ships through the defile. The steamer was built at Budapest and has recently been put on the river. The Vasapu, as the steamer is named, is entirely built of steel. It has a length of 1,836 feet, is 25¼ feet broad, its draught being 5.44 feet. It is divided into nine water-tight compartments and has a double bottom, so that even in case of a serious accident the vessel will not sink.

A wire rope 20,000 feet in length and almost one foot in diameter, having a resistance of eighty-four tons, is strongly anchored to a rock at the upper end of the gates at the bottom of the river bed. This rope or cable runs over a drum on board the steamer, vessels to be taken up stream are towed to the steamer and the cable is then drawn around the drum by means of a steam engine of 300 horse power. The wire rope vessel has, in addition, two other engines, so as to enable her to run independent of the cable. Each of these two engines has a capacity of 250 horse power. The speed of the steamer, with two loaded vessels of 600 tons in tow, is 1.3 miles per hour when sailing against the current and between four and five miles per hour when going down stream. The steamer has also been equipped with a powerful dynamo, which furnishes electric light and feeds a searchlight.

The Baby on the Battlefield.

Cassell's Little Folks: During the hill fighting on the northwestern frontier of India, in November, 1897, the Ghoorkas were one day advancing in force up the Bara valley. The scouts, seeing an Afridi, driving off cattle, fired at him, but when they came up to his body they were surprised to find a wee Afridi baby lying beside him. The soldiers at once took the infant prisoner, and the mess president was required to see its wants were attended to. Luckily he had some Swiss milk among his stores, so food was obtained, and he promoted a Kohati native to the post of nurse. It proved to be a serious thing, however, to carry about an infant in arms in a hostile country where there was plenty of fighting. So two days later, as they were returning through the village near which it had been picked up, the men, treating the child as a foundling, left it on the doorsteps of a house in full view of the Afridis, who would, doubtless, be able to restore the interesting little stranger to its friends, if not to its parents.

TECH STUDENTS ARE DENOUNCED AS SCABS

Council Asks for Laws To Prevent Them from Taking Strikers' Places.

LEGISLATURE TO BE ASKED TO PASS PROHIBITORY LAW

Resolutions Introduced by Councilman Barrett Call Both on Trustees and Legislature To Take Action—Opposed by Grady.

The city council yesterday afternoon adopted resolutions by a vote of 11 to 5, deprecating the action of the students of the Technological school in taking the places of the striking machinists in the Southern railway shops, calling on the trustees of the institution to take steps to prevent such action on the part of Tech students in the future and calling on Fulton's representatives in the legislature to secure the passage of a law which will prevent the students of this school from taking places made vacant by striking organized laborers.

The resolutions were introduced by Councilman Barrett, who moved their passage, and a warm debate followed in which the principal speakers were Councilmen Barrett and Garrett on one side and Councilman Grady and Alderman Welch on the other, the latter vigorously opposing the passage of the resolutions.

During the progress of the debate the students who have taken the strikers' places were designated as "scabs" and it was stated that a stigma had been placed upon them for life. It was stated that the president of the board of trustees of the institution was an attorney for the Southern railway. On the other hand it was asserted that the action of the students was a matter with which council had nothing to do; that the students had a perfect right to pursue the course they did, and that no law could be passed which would abridge their liberty to accept such employment as they should see fit.

The Resolutions as Passed.

Following are the resolutions as introduced by Councilman Barrett and as passed by council:

Whereas, the machinists belonging to the International Association of Machinists have withdrawn from work in the Southern Railway Company's shops at Atlanta on account of the refusal of the company to accede to requests made by said machinists for more liberal treatment by said company, and

Whereas, the Southern Railway Company has not only refused the request, but also failed to arbitrate its differences with said machinists, and

Whereas, certain students from the Technological school have accepted places made vacant by said machinists; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we express our regret that students of said school have thus taken a course antagonistic to organized labor.

Resolved further, That we suggest to the trustees of said school the propriety of considering and taking such action as may prevent the scholars at said school in future from similar conduct.

Resolved further, That we request the members of the legislature from Fulton to introduce and urge the passage of legislation which will prevent students of this school from in future accepting positions left vacant under circumstances similar to those connected with the places left vacant by the machinists from the Southern railway shops.

A Warm Debate.

Councilman Barrett stated in introducing the resolutions that some action should be taken to prevent the students of the Technological school from becoming "scabs." Those who had accepted the places of the striking machinists, he said, had a stigma placed upon them which would last for life.

"The president of the trustees of the school is an attorney for the Southern railway," he said, "and it looks like they are close akin."

Councilman Garrett said it was not alone in Atlanta, but in Savannah, Macon and Augusta that students of the Tech were working in place of the strikers.

"These boys," he said, "will be branded as 'scabs,' and they never can outlive the stigma. There is an instance of a man living in Atlanta today who did just as they are doing years ago, and the stigma is one that has descended even to his children."

"This is a matter with which council has nothing to do," said Councilman Grady. "I sympathize with the machinists, but I regret that these resolutions have been introduced. The matter is one in which council has no right to take a hand."

"Doesn't the gentleman know that the president of the trustees of the school is an attorney for the Southern railway?" asked Councilman Barrett.

"If all the officials of the school were employees of the Southern I still ask what would we have to do with the matter?" Councilman Grady replied.

Councilmen Longino and Rawson and Alderman Welch agreed with Councilman Grady that it was a matter with which council had nothing to do.

At the request of Alderman Welch the report showing that the Federation of Trades had exonerated the trustees and officers of the Technological school from all blame in connection with the matter, was read from one of the afternoon papers.

Effort To Lay on the Table.

Councilman Grady then moved to table the whole matter. Council had no more right to interfere with the students, he said, than it would have to interfere with the machinists.

"I didn't know I was going to stir up such a stench when I attempted to oppose the coming here of dagoes to take the bread and meat from the mouths of hard working citizens," said Councilman Barrett. "The conduct of these boys will be condemned in the eyes of every decent man who knows the meaning of the word 'scab.'"

Just here the point of order was made that a motion to table was not debatable, and the debate was shut off until Councilman Grady withdrew his motion.

Then Dr. Longino wanted to postpone the whole matter until tonight, when everybody might have a chance to talk on it as long as they pleased.

Councilman Grady renewed his motion to table the resolution. It was defeated by the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Kilpatrick and Welch, Councilmen Rawson, Terry, Grady and Longino.

Nays—Aldermen Day, Pierce and LaHatte, Councilmen Barrett, Fincher, Lewis, Minhinnett, Garrett, Adams, Glass and Hill.

Councilman Grady again spoke on the motion of Councilman Barrett that the resolutions be passed. He said every one should know that no law could be passed to prohibit any free white citizen from accepting any position he desired to accept. It was a ridiculous proposition. The constitution of the United States, he said, guaranteed freedom and equality of rights to all.

"It is a shame and a disgrace," said Councilman Garrett, "that we should be called upon to pay taxes to breed 'scabs' in Georgia. We can get such a law as we desire in this case and we will ask for it whether the representatives from Fulton take the matter up or not."

The question then came up on the passage of the resolutions. They went through by practically the same vote as appeared on the question to table, the only exception being that of Councilman Longino was absent when the vote was taken and the vote for the resolutions was 11 to 5. There was a slight ripple of applause in the council chamber when the passage of the resolutions was announced.

COMMITTEE ASKS FOR TIME.

No Candidate Was Chosen for Dr. Kerfoot's Successor—Action Delayed for More Consideration.

The committee which met yesterday afternoon to nominate Dr Kerfoot's successor as secretary of the home mission board of the Southern Baptist convention did not come to any definite conclusion as to a candidate.

The session was a short one and all that was done was to decide to ask the board, at its meeting today, for more time to consider the matter.

The committee consisted of the following gentlemen: Dr. W. W. Landrum, Dr. J. E. White, Rev. Dr. Bell, A. D. Adair and John M. Green. The regular monthly meeting of the home mission board takes place today at 4 o'clock. It is probable that the time for consideration of candidates will be indefinitely extended and final action in the matter, according to a member of the committee, may not take place until fall. It is stated that there is little probability of an Atlanta man being nominated for the office.

The delay was not the result of difference of opinion among the committee. No effort was made to get down to business at yesterday's meeting, except that it was agreed to ask for more time.

FUNERAL OF MISS MARKHAM.

Services at Residence of Mrs. Healey at 10 O'Clock This Morning.

The body of Miss Emma Markham will arrive in the city this morning and the funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock at the residence of the aunt of the deceased, Mrs. T. G. Healey, corner Ivey street and Auburn avenue. The interment will be at Oakland and the pallbearers will be Dr. C. W. Strickland, Walter Maude, Robert L. Meador, Camp Martin, S. T. Barnett, Percy H. Adams, John Barry and Harvey Wilson.

Miss Markham was well known in Atlanta and was loved by a large circle of friends, with whom she had been intimately acquainted since childhood. During the last two years she has spent much time in Jacksonville and was there during the recent fire. At the time of her death Miss Markham was a guest at a house party at Cambridge Springs, Pa. She was the second daughter of Marcellus O. Markham and is survived by two brothers, William Markham, of Atlanta, and M. O. Markham, of Jacksonville, and one sister, Mrs. Smith D. Pickett, of Jacksonville. She was the niece of Mrs. R. G. Lowry and Mrs. T. G. Healey.

PRESIDENT ORR RE-ELECTED.

Officers and Directors for Ensuing Year Named by Chamber of Commerce.

The annual election of officers and directors of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday and resulted as follows:

President, J. K. Orr; first vice president, E. C. Peters; second vice president, R. F. Maddox; third vice president, J. Frank Beck; treasurer, A. L. Kontz.

Directors—J. Wylie Pope, W. A. Hemphill, T. D. Meador, D. O. Dougherty, R. F. Shedden, M. Rich.

The board of managers for the election was composed of Darwin G. Jones, Joseph F. Burke and J. W. Hill. The election was over at 5 o'clock in the afternoon and the ballots were soon counted and the returns certified.

The Hot Weather Test makes people better acquainted with their resources of strength and endurance. Many find they need Hood's Sarsaparilla, which invigorates the blood, promotes refreshing sleep and overcomes that tired feeling.

Death of Marcus Shoemaker.

Marcus Shoemaker, aged seventeen years, died from consumption at 1 o'clock yesterday morning at the King's Daughters' Hospital for Incurables. The primary cause of the young man's death was excessive smoking of cigarettes. The father of the deceased is a confederate veteran who lives at 27 Newton street and who is in straitened circumstances. The body of the dead boy is at the undertaking establishment of H. M. Patterson, where it will remain until arrangements for the funeral are completed. The body will probably be carried to Madison, Ga., for interment.

Death of an Infant on Park Avenue.

Ralph Osgood Thrower, six months of age, the son of J. K. Thrower, of 89 Park avenue, died at 7 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of his father after an illness of several weeks. Will be buried at Oakland cemetery this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Death of Miss Emma McDaniel.

Miss Emma McDaniel died at her residence, 17 Tennelle street, at noon yesterday. She was twenty years of age. The body will be taken to Dunwoody this morning at 7:50 o'clock, where the funeral services and the interment will take place.

Patek-Phillippe Watches

Are the most perfect productions of the finest watchmakers in the world. Climate, rough jolting, careless handling can hurt a very good watch; but these dangers are guarded against in Patek-Phillippe Watches by the scientific adjustment of every part. We are the Sole Agents in Atlanta for this timepiece.

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FRANCHISE FOR BOULEVARD LINE

Council Grants Transit Company's Application.

PETERS STREET FRANCHISE

New Ordinance Introduced—To Make Park of Old Stable Lot—Unsuccessful Effort To Stop Baseball at Brisbine Park.

Council yesterday agreed to the majority report of the committee on electric and other railways giving the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company the franchise on the Boulevard as requested.

There were two reports from the committee, a majority report signed by Councilmen Grady, Lewis and Reed and a minority report signed by Alderman Welch and Councilman Adams.

The only difference between the majority and minority reports was that the latter contained a clause requiring the Rapid Transit company to give on all its lines and continue to give three fares for ten cents from the center of the city to any point within the city limits or from any point within the city limits to the center of the city. The minority report contained a clause making this requirement, though it provided that fares from one part of the city to another should never be more than 5 cents and that upon this rate transfers should be given.

Councilman Grady explained in detail that the foregoing was the only provision contained in the minority report that did not appear in the majority report, and that in all other respects they were identical in provisions.

After both reports had been read Councilman Garrett moved the adoption of the majority report, and Councilman Grady seconded the motion.

Several petitions from citizens asking that council insert a condition requiring three-cent fares were read. Then came a counter petition signed by several citizens who had signed a petition for John Clay Smith stating they wished to withdraw their signatures, as they had signed the petition under a misapprehension.

Councilman Grady stated just before the question was put that the adoption of the minority report would prevent the construction of the road, as it would not be built under the three-cent fare condition. The minority report was then lost by the following vote:

Nays—Councilmen Barrett, Fincher, Rawson, Minhinnett, Terry, Garrett, Glass, Grady, Longino and Hill.

Yea—Adams.

Councilman Adams, as a member of the committee, had signed the minority report and was the only member of council who voted for it. The aldermen, of course, did not vote on the ordinance.

Majority Report Went Through.

The majority report then went through by a viva voce vote. Councilman Adams being the only one to vote against it. It was held by the city attorney and the chair that the ordinance did not have to be read another time, as the reading at the time of its reference to the committee was the first reading.

The ordinance gives the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company the right to construct and operate an extension of its Forrest avenue street railway line from the corner of Forrest avenue and Boulevard by a single track along the Boulevard northwardly to Linden avenue and thence at the option of said company either along Linden avenue to Arnold street or to continue along the Boulevard to North avenue and along North avenue to Jackson street.

The conditions upon which the franchise is granted are as follows: That work on the extension shall begin within sixty days from the approval of the ordinance, and the line shall be completed within twelve months; that bond for $1,500 as liquidated damages be given in case of failure to build the line; that the Transit company shall move the present track of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company to one side of the street; that the Transit company shall give the city a bond for $5,000 to absolve the city from any damages that may accrue to individuals as the result of building the line; that the location of tracks, style of rail to be used, methods of construction, etc., shall be approved by the committee on electric and other railways, and that whenever it shall become desirable and necessary that the Transit company shall submit to a joint use of the double tracks on the Boulevard.

Peters Street Franchise.

The Peters street franchise was placed before council again in form similar to that in which it appeared before.

Another ordinance providing that the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company be given a franchise on Peters street to West End was introduced. It appears that the former ordinance, which has been pending for some months, was lost, and a new one was placed before council yesterday.

Among the provisions of this ordinance is one for the condemnation of the tracks of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company on Whitehall street between Trinity avenue and Mitchell street. The tracks there are doubled and there is not room enough for the Transit company to get onto the street without using the Power company's rails.

No specific proposition is made with regard to the proposed viaduct over the railroads at the Peters street crossing. The Transit company at one time offered to pay the city $15,000 toward this viaduct, and, it is said, is still willing to do so. In the ordinance as presented to council, however, the matter is left open, the construction of the viaduct to be settled between the Transit company, the city and the railroads interested.

The ordinance providing for this franchise was referred to the committee on electric and other railroads.

Wants a New Park.

Alderman Pierce wants a new park established just west of the city. He introduced an ordinance in council providing that the large tract of land west of the city, now used for the stables and dumping ground for the sanitary department, shall be converted into a public park as soon as the sanitary stables are moved into the city. Dr. Pierce is a great believer in parks, and he will work for the establishment of this one in a section where he believes it is needed. The ordinance presented by him is as follows:

"Whereas, The city is the owner of a large tract of land just west of the city limits, formerly used as "a dumping ground" and for the stabling and feeding of the stock of the sanitary department; and,

"Whereas, The crematory has rendered said grounds unnecessary as the receptacle of the night soil and garbage of the city and the stables are shortly to be moved within the city limits; therefore,

"Be it ordained by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, That as soon as said stables are removed all of said land formerly used as a dumping ground and for the stables as aforesaid shall be taken from the possession of the sanitary department and be placed in the possession and control of the board of park commissioners, who shall at once beautify and adorn same as a public park, from such funds as they may now have on hand for park purposes."

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Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

Aid for DeBray's Family.

Councilman Barrett introduced a resolution providing that the wife of Policeman E. H. DeBray, who was murdered while on duty several days ago, be paid the salary that would have been paid to the policeman for the rest of 1901 and for 1902 had he lived and served on the force for the term for which he was elected.

Councilman Barrett also introduced an ordinance providing that the police commissioners shall not deduct anything from the salaries of policemen who lose time from sickness due to exposure or on account of wounds received while in the service.

Both the resolution relating to DeBray's family and the ordinance were referred to the police commissioners and the police committee of council jointly.

Council accepted an invitation from the Federation of Trades to take part in the Labor Day exercises and the following committee was appointed to assist in arranging the programme: Alderman Johnson, Councilmen Rawson, Hill, Minhinnett and Lewis.

On motion of Councilman Barrett it was decided to put six electric fans in the charity wards at the Grady hospital, three in the male and three in the female ward, at a cost not to exceed $175.

Down on Brisbine Park.

Councilman Lewis introduced a petition from citizens living in the neighborhood of Brisbine park stating that the park was a nuisance and greatly disturbed the peace and quiet of their homes. The petition stated that the noise was bad enough when the white men were playing ball, but with the negroes there it was simply unbearable. It said that the citizens of that part of the city had improved their homes with a view to having a quiet neighborhood and that was what they wanted.

Accompanying the petition was an ordinance prohibiting the playing of baseball or any similar game at Brisbine park.

Councilman Barrett moved that the petition be referred to the chief of police with instructions to see that order is kept at the park. Councilman Lewis moved as a substitute that the ordinance be put on its second reading.

Councilman Grady was indignant at the idea of attempting to "squelch" the great national game. He seconded Councilman Barrett's resolution. The ordinance was not read a second time and Councilman Barrett's motion was carried. There will still be ball at the park, but the police will be asked to keep things quiet.

Settlement of a Claim.

The aldermanic board held a short meeting just after council adjourned and agreed to the action of council in settling the claim of Mrs. Sudie C. Sage for $2,500. Mrs. Sage secured a verdict for $3,000 for injuries received by falling into a manhole at Grant park. She agreed to take $2,500 as a settlement in full, the city to pay the costs, and this has been accepted.

ATLANTA CONCERNS PAY DIVIDENDS

Beginning of Fiscal Year Causes Financial Movements.

BANKS DECLARE DIVIDENDS

Corporations Pay Good Interest to Their Stockholders.

STATE PAYS INTEREST ON ITS BONDS

Prosperity Evident and Business People in All Lines Confident. Railroads Make Money.

Yesterday was a day of activity in financial circles. July 1st is the beginning of the new fiscal year and of the second half of the business year to the many corporations who divide their earnings semi-annually. It was a day for the distribution of checks, the declaring of dividends and the paying of interest on bonds. Prosperity was in the atmosphere and the signs of healthy business progress were many and evident.

The interest on the state bonds was paid by check yesterday, the earnings of the various railroads for the fiscal year just past were announced, and semi-annual dividends were declared by many banks and corporations, such as wholesale business houses. Of the banks issuing statements to their stockholders, the Lowry National bank declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent on a capital stock of $400,000, and the Third National declared a 2 per cent dividend on its capital stock of $200,000 and passed $25,000 to its surplus fund, which now reaches a total of $100,000. The Atlanta National declared its usual large dividend. The directors of the Fourth National have not as yet announced what dividend they will declare.

No public statements are made by the corporations, but it is understood that many of them declared dividends which will bring satisfaction to their stockholders and incidentally furnish a large number of guests to the summer hotels.

These financial movements show that the city is on the upward plane. All lines of business are paying and the people are happy. Real estate is booming and desirable lots are in great demand. Sound business policies combined with the advantages of the best market in the south have given to the people of Atlanta abundant fruits for their labors and the city is reaping the benefit from intelligent and well directed efforts.

Interest Paid on State Bonds.

Checks to the amount of $57,000 have been sent out from the office of the state treasurer in payment of the interest on the state bonds. The coupon interest was also paid yesterday, which puts the total disbursed by the state at $160,000. The checks in payment of the interest were mailed to the bondholders direct. The work of preparing them is quite a task and Captain Furlow, cashier of the treasury department, has been busily engaged in the work for some time. A large part of this interest goes to bondholders in Atlanta. The paying of this interest, together with the cashing of the school warrants, make the amount given out by the state during the last ten days nearly $400,000.

VALUE OF EDUCATION.

The Georgia Military Academy an Ideal School.

A good education and a stainless character are a parent's best gift to a boy. The school determines most largely what the boy will be in intellect, in morals, in habits, in culture, and in honor. For developing these powers in a boy the Georgia Military Academy, College Park, Ga., is one of the most noted home schools in the south. Send for catalogue.

KENNEDY CHOSEN HEALTH OFFICER

Elected by Council To Serve for Term of Four Years.

PITTMAN HOLDS HIS OFFICE

All Opposition to Tax Assessors Meador and Harrison Disappeared — Close Race for Ward Physician—Dr. Hurt Won.

Dr. J. P. Kennedy was elected by council yesterday to the position of health officer under the recently adopted ordinance, to serve for a term of four years.

Of all the elections before council yesterday the greatest interest was centered in this one. Dr. Kennedy's opponents were Dr. Robert Westmoreland and Dr. T. H. Kenan. Councilman Barrett nominated Dr. Westmoreland, Councilman Longino nominated Dr. Kennedy and Dr. Kenan's name was placed before council by Councilman Garrett.

The election was had on the first ballot, the vote being as follows:

Kennedy—Aldermen Kilpatrick, Welch and Pierce, Councilmen Rawson, Reed, Terry, Adams, Grady, Kontz and Longino—10.

Westmoreland—Aldermen Johnson and Day, Councilmen Barrett, Glass and Hill—5.

Kenan—Alderman LaHatte, Councilmen Fincher, Lewis, Minhinnett and Garrett—5.

Before the vote was announced Councilman Lewis changed his vote to Dr. Kennedy, giving him eleven votes, which made a majority. Dr. Kennedy was then declared elected.

Dr. Kennedy has practically served the city in a similar capacity to that of health officer for the last five years. He has had charge of the hospital for contagious diseases under the direction of the board of health, and he will continue the work he has had in charge besides having other duties added to those he has performed in the past.

The Other Elections.

On motion of Councilman Barrett council went into the elections shortly after it met. Mayor Mims was called to the chair and presided during the election.

The first election was that of Building Inspector Frank Pittman, who was re-elected to that position for a term of two years. Mr. Pittman received thirteen votes as against seven for his two opponents. J. A. Thomason received five votes and J. A. LeSueur received two.

Recorder Nash R. Broyles and Fire Chief W. R. Joyner were then re-elected without opposition for terms of two years. Both received the full vote of council.

When the ballot for tax assessors was reached all opposition to the incumbents had disappeared. S. C. Glass, who was a candidate, withdrew a day or two ago, and yesterday C. J. Keith announced that he was out of the race. This left the field entirely free of opposition and Tax Assessors C. D. Meador and J. L. Harrison were elected by the full vote of council.

Councilman Barrett asked if the trustees of the Grady hospital were not to be elected. He was informed that he was a little behind the time, as they had been elected some days ago. Councilman Barrett replied that instead of his being behind the time, he thought the election had taken place before the time for it.

The Ward Physicians.

The most interesting contest for the position of ward physicians took place between the candidates in the sixth ward. Dr. J. W. Hurt, the incumbent, was nominated by Councilman Kontz, who spoke of his ability and his good record. Dr. John G. Wilkins, son of Grant Wilkins, was nominated by Alderman Johnson, who said that in making the nomination he desired to indorse everything that had been said with reference to Dr. Hurt, but that Dr. Wilkins was also an able and capable physician and would make a splendid official in that capacity.

Councilman Grady also stated that he felt about the matter just as did Alderman Johnson. He thought both men were capable and would give the city the best of service and that the sixth ward would have an able physician whoever was elected. Under the circumstances, however, he felt it incumbent upon him to cast his vote for the present physician of the ward, Dr. Hurt.

The vote was then taken and stood 11 to 9 in favor of Dr. Hurt, who was declared elected.

In the first ward Dr. A. S. Bridewell was re-elected for a term of two years.

In the second ward Dr. E. VanGoidtsnoven was elected to succeed himself.

Dr. M. C. Martin received seventeen votes in the third ward as against three votes for Dr. E. Griffin, and was declared elected.

Dr. B. E. Pearce was re-elected for two years in the fourth ward.

Dr. Henry R. Donaldson was re-elected in the fifth ward, the promised opposition to him not having developed.

Dr. A. H. Lindorme was chosen physician for the seventh ward.

Mayor Mims will reappoint City License Inspector J. K. Hunter to succeed himself.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fourth of July Rates.

On July 2d, 3d and 4th the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell round trip tickets to all points within the states of Georgia, South and North Carolina, Virginia and including Washington, D. C., at the rate of one and one-third fares. Tickets good returning until July 8th. Ticket office 12 Kimball house.

Bankrupt Sale.

The entire stock, furniture and fixtures of the Gate City Electric Supply and Construction Company will be sold at auction today at 12 o'clock, 74 North Broad street. R. A. RYAN, Trustee.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED BUT EQUALITY.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

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STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Mrs. M. R. French vs. Jefferson C. French.—Fulton Superior Court, Spring Term, 1901.—No. 8656.—To Jefferson C. French. Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 30th day of January, 1901, Mrs. Maggie R. French filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the spring term, 1901, of said court. You are hereby required to be and appear at the fall sterm, 1901, of said court to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1901, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 28th day of June, 1901.

ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.

EISEMAN BROS. EISEMAN BROS.
Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. Baltimore, Md.

Men's Summer Outfits.

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At Great Money-Saving Prices.

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We believe that honesty is the best policy; we believe that our sales this summer will be double those of last year; we believe that this increase will even up our advertising bills.

Be the outcome what it may, we are not here to sleep.

Haberdashery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Shoes, Summer Suits.

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BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE SOUTH

Your Advertisement in the

"WANT"

—COLUMNS—

will place you in touch with every desirable interest in the city.

PRICE, TEN CENTS PER LINE : : : :

No "want ad" guaranteed classification after 8 p. m. All advertisements received after that hour will appear under "Unclassified."

HELP WANTED—Male.

MAN WITH $500 take interest in grocery and run it; salary and investment guaranteed. Box 471, Atlanta, Ga.

YOUNG MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks; mailed free. Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Young man, age 17 to 20; must write good hand and quick on calculation. Address Box 341, Atlanta, in own handwriting.

WE ARE constantly placing people in good positions and are daily having calls for bookkeepers, stenographers and other help. Call and let us place you. The Empire Business Bureau, 115½ North Pryor street 5-31-tf

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisement. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—September 1st, a first-class dressmaker. Apply with reference. L. W. Robert, Greenville, Miss. 6-28-7t

WANTED—Salesmen.

SALESMEN for pen carbon copying books and other office specialties; fine side lines; easy sellers; liberal terms; catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., Dept. 24, South Bend, Ind. 6-27-tu-th-su-15t

CIGARS—An experienced salesman by old established and well known house. 14 per cent commission. O. P. Merryman & Co., Baltimore, Md. 6-30-7-1-2

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

PUT YOUR SAVINGS in BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama sts. and get 4 per cent compounded.

$200 TO $300 PER WEEK can be earned by representing us and handling our dividend paying oil stock. Liberal contracts given to good agents. Address The Petroleum Producing Company, Agency Dept., Akron, Ohio. 6-25-7t

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THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company, Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

THE BEST dressed army in the world is an army of women in Atlanta, Ga. They wear shirt waists and wash dresses and they have them done up at the Trio Steam Laundry.

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST, compounded July and January, paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama streets. 3-28-6mo

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

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PERSONAL.

LADIES! Try my monthly remedy. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

WHENEVER you hear a person call up 1099 you can put it down that that person is particular about the way his laundry work is done and will have none other than the Trio Laundry to do it.

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YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR fine face press and building brick write E. N. Jelks, manufacturer, Macon, Ga. 6-14-30t

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FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms

THREE rooms, pleasant and cool, furnished or unfurnished, at 139 Spring st.

ONE nicely furnished front room; shady yard; close to postoffice; private family. Gentlemen only. 41 Luckie street.

FOR RENT—Lovely furnished front rooms; singly or en suite; also furnished for housekeeping. Close in. 70 Cone.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Journal coupons for student outside of Fulton county at 20 cents 100. Call 42 Walton st. 7-2-4-6

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MISCELLANEOUS.

NO, THERE'S no use trying to get me to wear silk. A white shirt waist done up by the Trio Laundry is the proper thing for all occasions.

START YOUR BOY TO SAVE HIS MONEY. FOUR PER CENT paid by BANKERS' TRUST CO., 16 South Broad.

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YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. Barker & Holleman, Gould bldg., Atlanta.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

FIVE-YEAR Farm Loans in sums of $1,000 to $5,000, at 7 per cent straight, in Fulton, DeKalb and surrounding counties Representatives wanted throughout the state. Address or call on Barker & Holleman, Gould building.

S. W. CARSON, 6½ South Broad, will lend home money on real estate quicker and cheaper than anybody.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

MONEY TO LEND on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor, Gould building, before borrowing.

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W.&A. R. R. Tel. 1956, 2 calls.

MORRIS Storage and Transfer Co., 50 N. Broad st. Household goods and pianos stored, packed and shipped. 'Phones 618.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

WATCHES.

WATCHES CLEANED 50c—Main springs warranted, 50c; jewelry repaired like new; old gold made into rings; work warranted first-class. Boley, 141 Peachtree.

FINANCIAL.

BANKERS' TRUST CO. pays FOUR PER CENT, COMPOUNDED. Why not let your money earn something? Open account today. 3-28-6mo

SAVINGS BANKS.

BANKERS' TRUST CO., corner Broad and Alabama sts. PAY FOUR PER CENT ON SAVINGS. START NOW.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN CO., sign painters; signs, banners, flags; shipped anywhere. 7½ S. Broad. Bell 'phone 509. 6-4-6m

W. W. REYNOLDS, the sign painter (lately of Whitehall), has moved his paintery to 49½ E. Alabama st.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

SEND for weekly rent bulletins, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 N. Broad. 2-14-tf

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FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—66 Walton street, two desirable rooms, well furnished; meals if desired.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR a nice place to spend summer go to the Brunswick Hotel, Norcross, Ga. Large, shady grounds; fine water. Special rates to families. J. M. Holbrook.

WANTED—Real Estate.

ABOUT 20 acres near city. E. R. Richards, 419 Prudential building.

LOST.

LOST—New folding book containing $8 currency, check for $1.75, payable to F. J. Smith. Return to 18 Marietta street for reward.

LOST—Between Standard Telephone Exchange and 57 E. Ellis street, ladies' double case gold watch. "Lena" engraved on case. Return to 57 E. Ellis street and get reward.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—Gentlemen boarders; $3.00 and $3.50 per week. 63-65 E. Ellis street Standard 'phone 2073.

A FEW MORE BOARDERS can be accommodated. 183 Whitehall st. Pleasant rooms, good table, near in.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS and excellent board for a few young men at $4 per week. 134 Ivy. Bell phone 4592.

TEETH.

GO TO the Philadelphia Dental Rooms, 36½ Whitehall street, for unexcelled work in all branches of dentistry. Prices reasonable. d-tf

A SMALL BUSINESS

An Attempt To Take Profits Was Met with No Demand

AND PRICES MELTED AWAY

Effect of Steel Workers' Strike Manifest in U. S. Steel Stocks, Market Closing Heavy and Dull.

New York, July 1.—Expectations of higher prices for stocks, which were aroused by the action of the market during the latter part of last week were not realized today. It is the usual thing for the effect of July disbursements upon the money market to be delayed, some times for a week or two, the looked-for demand for reinvestment failing to appear and the rate for money holding comparatively firm. These conditions held today, although there was some relaxation in the call money market. There were a number of more or less disturbing factors which discouraged buying, and when last week's buyers attempted to take their profits they met no demand to absorb their offerings, and prices melted away easily on a small volume of business. The tone of the foreign markets was quite cheerful and the occasion of some opening advances here. The passing of the semi-annual settlement day at Berlin without a hitch was a great relief to all the foreign markets, and heavy disbursements of government interest in London made money and discounts easy there, but the market here had to face the action of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers in inaugurating a strike in the steel trade. Officers of the United States Steel Corporation professed to belittle the effects of the strike, but its effects were manifest upon the price of the company's stock nevertheless. The independent steel companies were also weak. United States Steel, both common and preferred, lost 1¾ and Colorado Fuel and Tennessee Coal about 3 each. The expected dividend action on United States Steel tomorrow was also a factor in the situation, the bears striving to discredit rumors that the common stock would be placed on a 4 per cent dividend basis. Fears of damage to the corn crop from drought in Missouri, Kansas and Texas especially depressed the corn-carrying grangers, which were more vulnerable by reason of last week's strength. The decline reached 3¼ in St. Paul, 3 in Rock Island, 2½ in Illinois Central, 2¼ in Union Pacific and Texas Pacific and 2 in Atchison preferred. The hand of the bears was manifest in the circulation of some alarmist rumors early in the day to the effect that the clearing house committee was in consultation over the affairs of some of the clearing house institutions. There was certainly no such consultation, and there were emphatic denials of any thought or intention or necessity of such a consultation, but the effect produced by the rumors showed rather strikingly that last week's failures have left the speculative mind in an impressionable state. There is good ground for the supposition that last week's episode has prompted some overhauling of collateral for bank loans and has induced a rather stringent caution on the part of the banks in the certification of checks. It must follow that business by stock exchange houses is conducted with somewhat less facility than when the machinery of credit was entirely untrammeled. There is nothing to show that any further ground than this exnsts for the rumors circulated of financial troubles. The fierce heat had its effect on the trading today, as it had on all other kinds of human activity. There was notable strength in Iowa Central stocks and in the New York, Chicago and St. Louis stocks, their gains extending to about 2 to 6 points. Most of the active stocks were off a point or more during the day and the closing was heavy and dull.

There was little doing in railroad bonds, but prices yielded in sympathy with stocks. Total sales, par value, $1,800,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

The total sales of stocks today were 391,200 shares, including Atchison 25,100; Atchison preferred 11,500; Erie 15,500; Erie first preferred 11,400; Illinois Central 10,900; Iowa Central preferred 5,300; New York Central 7,500; Pennsylvania 14,100; Reading 13,900; St. Paul 27,400; Southern Railway 6,200; Union Pacific 44,900; Amalgamated Copper 9,800; Brooklyn Rapid Transit 7,000; Tennessee Coal and Iron 8,400; United States Steel 38,900; United States Steel preferred 22,600.

Money on call firm at 6@12 per cent; last loan at 6; ruling rate 8; prime mercantile paper 4@5½ per cent.

Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾@4.87⅞ for demand and at $4.85¼@4.85⅜ for 60 days; posted rates $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills $4.84½@4.85.

Silver certificates nominally 60c.
Bar silver 59⅛c.
Mexican dollars 47¼c.
Government bonds steady.
State bonds steady.
Railroad bonds easier.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	88¼	Manhattan L.	124
do preferred	104¾	Metro. Street Ry.	173
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅝	Mexican Central	28
do. preferred	94¼	Mexican Nat'nal	10¾
Canada Pacific	104¾	Minn. & St. Louis	106
Canada Southern	68½	Missouri Pacific	120¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	48¾	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	30⅝
Chic. & Alton	44⅛	Mo. K. & Tex. pref.	63
do. preferred	79	New Jersey Cent.	160
C., B. & Q.	197¼	New York Central	157¼
Chic. Ind. & L.	37¼	Norfolk & Western	52⅛
do preferred	70	do preferred	89
Chicago & East Ill.	125	Northern Pacific	120
Chic. Great West.	24¼	do. preferred	97
do. pref. A	84	Ontario & Western	36¾
do. pref. B	51	Pennsylvania	151
Chicago & N. W.	197	Reading	45¾
Rock Island	155¾	do. 1st preferred	79
Chic. Term. tr.	23⅛	do. 2d preferred	54¼
do. preferred	45¼	St. Louis & S. F.	46⅞
C. C. C. & St. L.	87¼	do. 1st preferred	83
Colo. Sou.	15	do 2d preferred	69⅛
do 1st preferred	52½	St. L. & S. W.	32
do. 2d preferred	24	do. preferred	66
Del. & Hudson	167	St. Paul	174¼
Del. L. & W.	233¼	do. preferred	187⅛
Den & Rio Grande	49	Southern Pacific	59⅛
do. preferred	97¼	Southern Railway	33⅛
Erie (new)	42⅞	do. preferred	87
do. 1st pref.	71¾	Texas & Pacific	45
do. 2d pref.	57½	Tol., St. L. & West.	21⅛
Great Nor. pref.	185	do 1st preferred	35⅛
Hocking Valley	53	Union Pacific	109
do. preferred	75¾	do. preferred	90
Illinois Central	152⅝	Wabash	22⅝
Iowa Central	41	do. preferred	43⅝
do. preferred	86	Wheel & L. E.	20⅝
Lake Erie & W.	57	do. 2d preferred	32⅛
do. preferred	118	Wisconsin Cent.	24⅝
Louisville & Nash.	109¾	do. preferred	46¾

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	170	United States	87
American	195	Wells Fargo	150

MISCELLANEOUS

Amal. Copper	122⅜	National Salt	44⅛
Am. Car F'dy	32⅜	do. preferred	76
do. preferred	88½	North American Co	100¼
Am. Linseed Oil	26⅛	Pacific Coast	68
do. preferred	56	Pacific Mail	40⅞
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	57¾	People's Gas	117¾
do. preferred	103¾	Pressed Steel Car	44
American Tobacco	136⅛	do. preferred	85¼
Anaconda Mining	48¾	Pullman Palace	209
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	81¾	Rep. Iron & Steel	21¼
Col. F. & Iron	112	do. preferred	75⅛
Consol. Gas	221¼	Sugar	144⅛
Cent. Tobacco	68¼	T. C. & Iron	70
do. preferred	118½	Union Bag & Paper	17
General Electric	264	do. preferred	73¼
Glucose Sugar	60¼	U.S. Leather	13¾
Hocking Coal	23	do. preferred	78¾
International Paper	22¾	U.S. Rubber	21
do. preferred	77¼	do. preferred	60⅛
Intern'l Power	96¼	U. S. Steel	48⅛
La Clede Gas	85¼	do. preferred	98⅛
National Biscuit	45	Western Union	93
National Lead	22		

BONDS.

U.S. 2s ref. when is	107	L. & N. unified 4s	102½
do. coupon	107	M. K. & T. 2ds	86¾
U.S. 3s reg	108¾	M. K. & T. 4s	98¾
do. 3s coupon	108¾	N.Y. Central 1sts	104½
U.S. new 4s reg	139	N.J. Cent. gen. 5s	132
do. coupon	139	Northern Pac. 3s	72¾
U.S. old 4s reg	112¼	do. 4s	104½
do. coupon	112¼	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	106½
U.S. 5s reg	108¾	Nor. & Westcon. 4s	102¾
do coupon	108¾	Oregon Nav. 1sts	107
District of Col. 3.65s	125	do. 4s	103
Atchison gen. 4s	104¼	O.S. Line 6s	129¾
do. adj. 4s	98⅛	do. con. 5s	116½
Canada So. 2nds	109	Reading 4s	97
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	107½	Rio G. W. 1sts	100
do. 1st income	79¾	St. L. & I. M. con. 5s	117¼
do 2d income	32	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	136½
C. & O. 4½s	107½	St. Paul consols	180
do. 5s	119½	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	120
Chic. & N.W. con. 7s	142¼	do. 5s	117¼
do. S. F. deb. 5s	122	Sou. Pacific 4s	93
Chicago Term. 4s	94½	Southern Ry. 5s	119
Col. Sou. 4s	87¾	Stand. Rope & T. 6s	62
D. & R. G. 1sts		Tex. & Pacific 1sts	119
D. & R. G. 4s	101½	do 2d	99
East Tenn. 1st		Union Pacific 4s	105
Erie general 4s	88	Wabash 1sts	120
F. W. & D. 1sts	107	do. 2ds	112
Gen. Electric 5s	200	West Shore 4s	112¼
Iowa Cent. 1sts	117¾	Wiscon. Cent. 4s	89
K. C., P. & G. 1sts		Virginia centuries	93½

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 1.—The stock market this morning opened irregular and became heavy on moderate selling, due to the uncertainty of the financial outlook. Early London prices reflected a firm but dull market, without any particular news from abroad. Here the week opened with a strike of 40,000 men employed by the United States Steel Corporation and this unfavorable factor was responsible for a decline of more than 1 per cent in the common and a fractional loss in the preferred securities of that company. The uncertainty regarding the dividend on the common stock was also particularly responsible for the decline. Upon the failure to confirm the report that Mr. Frick is to become a director of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, that stock sold off rather sharply in the opening dealings and Sugar was another heavy industrial. St. Paul, Union Pacific common and the Atchisons were also heavy in the early dealings, but there was little speculation. The intense heat with the approaching holiday had the usual tendency to make traders close out many commitments. Beginning today from $125,000,000 to $130,000,000 will be disbursed in the form of dividends and interest. As much of this money will go out of the city, and as the interior demand for money to move the crops is approaching, it is probable that the return of cash will be slow. This, together with the bank statement of Saturday, which was not as favorable as it apeared to be, makes probable a weaker market.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.
American Tobacco	141	141¼	140	140	138
Am'n Sugar Ref	144	144⅛	143¾	144¼	144¼
Atchison	89⅜	89⅜	87¾	88⅛	88⅛
do., preferred	105⅛	105⅜	103½	104⅜	104⅜
Balt. and Ohio	108¾	108¾	107½	107½	107⅝
Brook. Rap. Tran.	82¾	82⅞	81½	81⅝	81¾
Col. Fuel & Iron	116⅛	116⅛	113	113	112
Bur. & Quincy	197	197⅜	197	197⅜	197¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	89	89	87⅞	87⅞	87½
Ches. & Ohio	48¾	48¾	48	48¼	48¾
Canada Southern	69½	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	68¼
Del. & Hudson	168	168	166	166	168½
Cent. Tobacco	68½	68¼	68¼	68¼	67
do. preferred	....	....	....	....	118½
Con. Gas	221¼	221⅛	221⅛	221¼	222½
Gen. Electric	268¾	268¾	266	267	269½
Chic. Great West.	24¾	24¾	24	24¼	23
Jersey Central	165	165	165	165	164¾
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	64¾	64¾	64	64	64
So. Pacific	60⅜	60⅜	59¼	59⅝	59¼
Louisv. & Nash	110¾	111	109½	110	100
Amal. Copper	124	124⅛	122⅜	122⅜	121⅝
Manhattan L.	124½	124⅛	123⅝	124¼	124
Mo. Pacific	121⅞	121⅞	120¼	120½	120½
Met. Street Ry	173½	174	173½	173¼	173
National Lead	....	....	....	....	22
Northern Pacific	....	....	....	....	120
do., preferred	....	....	....	....	97
N. Y. Central	158¾	158¾	156½	158	158⅞
Northwestern	....	....	....	....	197
Pennsylvania	151¾	151¾	150⅞	151⅛	151
Pacific Mail	42	42	41¼	41¼	40¾
People's Gas	119⅛	119⅛	117½	118¼	117¾
Reading	47	47	45½	46	45¾
Rock Island	158½	158½	155¾	156	155¾
Southern Ry	33⅜	33⅜	32⅞	33¼	33½
do., preferred	87⅛	87⅛	87	87	87
St. Paul	177¼	177¼	174¾	174⅞	174⅞
Tenn. Coal & Iron	72¼	72½	69⅛	70	70
U.S. Leather com.	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	13¾	13¾
Union Pacific	110⅞	110⅞	108⅞	109⅛	109
do., preferred	90¼	90¼	90	90	90
Western Union	93⅜	93¾	93	93	93
Wabash pref.	44	44	43¼	43½	43⅝
Am'n. Cotton Oil	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	31
Nor. & Western	52	53	52	53	52¼
do., preferred	....	....	....	....	89
U. S. Rubber	....	....	....	....	21
do., preferred	....	....	....	....	60¼
Reading 1st prfd.	79½	79⅞	79	79½	79
do. 2d preferred	56½	56⅜	56¼	56⅜	56¼
Illinois Central	154¾	154¾	152	152⅞	152⅞
U. S. Steel	48⅞	48⅞	47¾	48¼	48⅛
do. preferred	98⅛	99	98	98½	98¼

*Ex-div. 1¾ per cent. †Ex-div. 1¼. ‡Ex-div. 1.

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, July 1.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: Business on the stock exchange today was still restricted, but the week's trading began in a cheerful spirit and became dull later in sympathy with American stocks. These were strong early, there being many small buyers. There was a fall of 2 points later on New York rumors of other bank failures than the City National bank of Buffalo and reports of labor troubles in the steel trade. The close was flat at bottom prices and with few dealings.

The Bank of England has bought £75,000 gold in Australia, and his received £40,000 from Roumania. On the turn of the half year £20,000,00 is disbursed in interest on British and foreign bonds.

Copper fortnightly stocks show a decrease of 1,146 tons; supplies decrease 636 tons.

Foreign Finances.

London, July 1.—Consols for money 96⅞; for the account 93¾, August. Atchison 91; Illinois Central 157½; Louisville 113.

Bar silver steady at 27¼c.

Money 1¾@2¼ per cent.

Short bills 2⅜@2½ per cent; three months' bills 2½@2⅝ per cent.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are bid and asked prices:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years	110	112	Aug'ta 7s L. D.	107
Ga. 4½s, 1915	118	119	Macon 6s	115
Savannah 5s	109	111	Columbus 5s	107
Atl'a 8s, 1902	103½	104	Rome 5s	108
Atl'a 7s, 1904	110		So. Car. 4½s	117
Atl'a 6s, L. D.	120		New'n 6s L. D.	112
Atl'a 5s, L. D.	112		Chat. 5s, 1911	105
Atl't 4½	114		Col. S. C. gr'd. 2s & 4s, 1910	108
Atlanta 4s	108		Ala. Class A.	10[illegible]

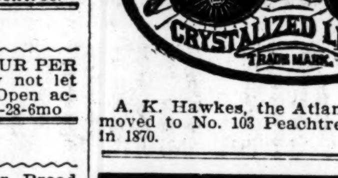
RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 5s, 1910	115	Atl'a & Chat. 1st 7s, 1907	117
Ga. 6s, 1922	117	Doinzoma 3s 1900	
Ga. Ca. 1s	123		
C. C. & A. 1st 6s 109	107		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

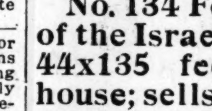
Georgia	230	235	A. & W. P.	140
Southwestern	114	116	do deben.	107
Aug. & Sav.	112	114		

Forsyth street is one of the most solid business streets in Atlanta. Watch the mammoth big stores go up, and buy the Israel property, Nos. 134 and 205, today at the court house.



A. K. Hawkes, the Atlanta optician, removed to No. 103 Peachtree. Established in 1870.

WEDDING GIFTS
At Special Low Prices.
JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,
JEWELERS,
7 West Alabama Street.



Why Pay Double Prices

for Oculists' prescriptions and special lenses? Every lense ground by us guaranteed Perfect. Reasonable prices. WHITTEMORE, 49 Peachtree.

No. 134 Forsyth street of the Israel property, is 44x135 feet, 6 room house; sells today at the court house.
H. L. WILSON.

LADIES' COLUMN.

YOU SEE, I send my waists and wash dresses to the Trio Laundry to be done up and that's the reason they look so nice and last so well. 6-30-sun-tues-thur

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 6-28 thur sun tues

I DON'T expect to wear a thing but wash dresses now until fall. They certainly become me after they've been done up at the Trio Laundry.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

IF YOU have a farm worth $3,500 that you want to exchange for a stock of general merchandise, store building and dwelling in a good factory town, address Farm, Constitution. sun tues thur

MATRIMONIAL.

THIS is my favorite shirt waist. I've worn it and worn it and it certainly does last well, but that's because I've always had it done up at the Trio Laundry.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and obstructions. Trial box by mail 50c. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Mfg. Chemist, 14 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. 5-12-tf

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

In the World of Sports

COLUMBIA IS TOO SPEEDY FOR YACHT CONSTITUTION

Newport, R. I., July 1.—The Constitution was defeated by the Columbia today by the small margin of 68 seconds in the first real race in which the new Hereshoff yacht has participated. Although the contest from start to finish was close and at times exciting, in the opinion of a majority of yachtsmen in Newport tonight the Constitution lost through misfortune. However, the result of today's contest is far from conclusive, and there is still much to be decided as to the relative merits of the two racers.

The mishap to the new boat came about an hour after the start. While the boats were on the second long tack to windward the clew of the jib of the new boat was carried away and for some ten minutes she was without the use of that sail. This accident set the Constitution back practically a mile, but in spite of it she was able to get within two minutes of the Columbia at the turn, and cut this lead down more than half on the home run. Some of this gain, however, was undoubtedly due to the fact that she came up in the better wind. The Columbia did not escape without accident, for immediately after crossing the finish line, in gibing over the big mainsail, her main boom buckled and she had to be towed to the city. It will be necessary to sling a new spar before the Columbia can race again, but it is expected it will be in place for a race Wednesday.

Fifteen miles dead to windward and back again was the course signalled by the flag hoisted on the flagship Colonia. The starting signal sent Columbia off at 11:40:34, well to windward and three seconds in advance. The Constitution, with a rare burst of speed, came on with a rush and ran through the Columbia's lee, pointing for a much higher position than was expected of her.

The Constitution by a large margin footed faster than the Columbia. But while the new boat was going along swift as the wind, she had not the grip on the water that the other craft had. Along on the starboard tack the two yachts sailed, both jogging at an eight-knot gait. The Constitution would not stand up as well as her rival by at least three degrees.

After the boats tacked to port the luff of the Constitution's big jib began to shake. The pennant or the sheet itself had evidently been carried away. Down came the jib halyards by the run, while a dozen men climbed out on the bowsprit to gather in the slack at the foot of the sail, so as to smother the flowing duck. For over ten minutes the Constitution, on that close-hauled stretch, was without the benefit of her jib. Columbia all that time was pointing higher and footing faster. When the sail was in place again the Constitution rapidly forged ahead, making up much of her leeway. It was, however, too big a gap to fill.

The time at the outer mark was:
Columbia, 1:24:55.
Constitution, 1:26:55.

Thus on the beat to windward the Columbia defeated her opponent nearly two minutes.

In the run before the wind the Constitution gained. With sheets eased off she is faster than Columbia. The times at the finish were:

Columbia, 2:32:38; Constitution, 2:33:29.

Thus, over the course of fifteen miles to windward and back, the elapsed time of Columbia was 2:52:04, while that of the Constitution was 2:52:52.

AT CHICAGO

FAVORITES NOT IN FORM; OUTSIDERS WERE FIRST

Chicago, July 1.—A terrific rain storm came up just in advance of the first race at Washington park today and made the going deep in mud. In the third race the finish was so close that dissatisfaction followed the decision of the judges in placing Ohnet ahead of Crocket.

Terminus met his defeat in the fourth race when he attempted to concede too much weight to Sam Fullen. She loafed with the latter to the strength and then won easily, while the derby colt had hard work defeating Rolling Boer.

Weather raining; track heavy.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Educate, 5 to 1, won; Fleuron, 25 to 1, second; Emma C. L., 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 2-5.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs: Sir Oliver, 18 to 5, won; Jaubert, 5 to 2, second; Evening Star, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:03 3-5.

THIRD RACE—Mile and a furlong: Ohnet, 4 to 1, won; Crocket, 4 to 1, second; Gawaine, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:58 4-5.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards: Sam Fullen, 4 to 1, won; Terminus, 7 to 5, second; Rolling Boer, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 2-5.

FIFTH RACE—Mile: Trinity Bell, 1 to 2, won; Conundrum, 2 to 1, second; Operator, 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:44 4-5.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs: Tulla Fonso, 10 to 1, won; Seide, 7 to 1, second; Astor, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:19.

Chicago Entries for Today.

First Race—Five furlongs: Mollie T, Plum Tart, Meabina, Wing Dance, Landseer, 100; Ishtar, Sly Maid, 102; McChesney, Jack Ratlin I, Samuelson, 105; Arian, Julia Junkin, 107; Harry Wilson, 110; Quality, 107.

Second Race—Six furlongs: Burnie Bunton, 86; Jim Winn, 102; Anna Bain, 110; Martimas, 112; Sevoy, Boney Boy, 119; Vulcain, 120.

Third Race—The Kenwood stakes, $2,000 added, five furlongs: Memnon, 115; Eddie Busch, Jaubert, Lucien Appleby, Alan-A-Dale, 118; Pentecost, 121; Ed Austin, 118, and Abe Frank, 125, coupled as Bennett entry.

Fourth Race—Handicap, one and one-eighth miles: Wild Pirate, 95; Monarka, 100; Star Chamber, 107; Gonfalon, 109; Advance Guard, 120.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Grandon, 88; Tammany Chief, 93; Fantasy, Our Nellie, 101; Banish, Excelsis, 103; Baird, 104; Don't Care, St. Wood, 106; Precursor, 107.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: John Drake, 85; Lee Newell, 91; G. W. W., 94; Evelyn Byrd, 96; Moses, 98; Bowen, 101; Scotch Plaid, 103; Hard Knot, 106; Gaubrian, 111.

AT ST. LOUIS

THREE FAVORITES GALLOP FIRST PAST THE JUDGES

St. Louis, July 1.—The formal opening of Delmar park today, controlled by Tilles, Adler and Cella, was not marked by the eclat usually accompanying the throwing open of the gates of race courses for the first time. The torrid heat and an unpretentious card served to keep down the attendance. Nineteen horses were originally carded to go to the post in the featured attraction—the Delmar inaugural handicap—but only five accepted the issue. Charles J. Cella's colt Peaceful, the animal that created the furore on the closing day of the fair grounds meeting, was made a top-heavy favorite with Ethel Wheat a strong second choice. The winner turned up in Blink, a neglected outsider, who won easily two lengths from Ethel Wheat with Peter Duryea, the longest shot in the race, a good third. Dale carried off the riding honors with three winning mounts, one second and one third. The track is made good and very slow. Three favorites, two second choices and two long shots won.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs, selling: Aegin, 3 to 1, won; Jungrau, 3 to 1, second; Colonel Stone, 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:03.

SECOND RACE—One mile and twenty yards, selling: Eda Riley, 11 to 5, won; Prince Stenmouth, 10 to 1, second; Sylvian, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:43½.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Gallagher, 15 to 1, won; Miss Wandeelohr, even, second; Josie F, 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:09¼.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Sue Johnson, 7 to 2, won; Matt Hogan, 9 to 5, second; Hasbrough, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:16¼.

FIFTH RACE—Delmar inaugural handicap, one mile: Blink, 10 to 1, won; Ethel Wheat, 16 to 5, second; Peter Duryea, 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:42½.

SIXTH RACE—One mile and seventy yards: Beana, 6 to 5, won; Amelia Strathmore, 5 to 1, second; Belle Simpson, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:47.

SEVENTH RACE—Six and a half furlongs: Brulare, even, won; Grantor, 3 to 1, second; Miss Mae Day, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:22.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY

HATASCO AND SWEET TOOTH TAKE THE STAKE EVENTS

New York, July 1.—Two stakes were run off at Sheepshead Bay today, the Vernal, for two-year-olds, and the Racing, for three-year-olds, at selling weights.

In the Vernal, Hatasco and Rossignol were equal favorites, but the most money went in on the former. Rossignol made the running to the stretch and then Hatasco went to the front and won easily. In the Racing, Glennellie was the choice, but she did not show. Annie Thompson took up the running with the favorite, who died early, and held the lead to the stretch, where Sweet Tooth came in against the rail like a whirlwind and won easily at 15 to 1.

Summary:

FIRST RACE—Five and a half furlings: Bonner, 5 to 2, won; Gunfire, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Allbert, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:07 3-5.

SECOND RACE—Selling, one mile: Contend, 6 to 1, won; Bluff, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Lucky Star, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:39 3-5.

THIRD RACE—Vernal stakes, five furlongs: Hatasco, 2 to 1, won; Disadvantage, 8 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Rossignol, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:00 3-5.

FOURTH RACE—Racing, six furlongs: Sweet Tooth, 15 to 1, won; Colonel Padden, 9 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Bedeck, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:13.

FIFTH RACE—One and three-quarter miles over hurdles: Cephalagia, 2 to 1, won; Holland, 7 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Hopeful, 40 to 1, third. Time, 3:19 3-5.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and three furlongs: Kamara, 2 to 1, won; Arden, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Lahon, 7 to 1, third. Time, 2:20 1-5.

Today's Entries at Sheepshead.

First Race—Six furlongs: Sanders, Intrusive, 128; Military, Demarrer, 117; Margurate, Kinnikinnic, Unmasked, Fabius, 115; Belle of Lexington, 113; Bobs, Handwork, Dublin, 112; Ashes, Flara, 107.

Second Race—Mile, selling: Intrusive, 120; Hammock, 109; Fatalist, 106; Ethics, 104; Delando, 103; Anacdote, 101; Pleasant Sail, Oread, 99; Barretto, 96; Vitellius, 92; Barbetter 89.

Third Race—Five furlongs: Howell W., Dereszke, 112; Sombrero, Remorse, Port Royal, 115; Sweet Clover, Gunfire, 112.

Fourth Race—Long Island handicap, mile and a furlong: Brigadier, 119; Watercure, 112; Carbuncle, Blues, Decanter, Gold Heels, 105; All Gold, 97.

Fifth Race—Selling, five furlongs: Fair Empress, 110; Lady Sterling, Tea Varre, Tenagra, 107; Concertina, 105; Furgartha, 103; Linora, 101; Hebron, Gulfstream, Elizabeth Jane, Venus Victrix, High Carnival, Succasunna, Emma A. M., Lady Radnor, Not Limah, 99; Frivol, Step Onward, Sand Flea, 94.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth on turf, handicap: First Whip, 122; Intrusive, 119; Decanter, 117; The Puritan, 112; The Musketeer, 111; Prince Richard, 110; May W, 100; Lady Chorister, St. Finnan, 96; Godfrey, 92; MacLeod of Dare, 90; Princeton Girl, Lady of the Valley, 88.

Entries at St. Louis for Today.

First Race—Five-eighths of a mile: Carat, 107; Connor Boy, Captain Foraker, 110; Petheen, Phonolite, Ben Hempstead, 106.

Second Race—One and one-sixteenth miles, selling: Fiddler II, 97; Pancharm, 100; Nandora, Jim Turner, Mace Russell, Castillo, 95; Clara M. Orlandine, Coral, Sadie Burnham, 93; Tom Gilmore, 98.

Third Race—Five and a half furlongs: Kegel, Bandrol, 100; Maggie Clopton, Sister Sarah, 102.

Fourth Race—Six and one-half furlongs, selling: Precision, 122; Florida, La Mascotta, 104; Great Pride, Hi Koller, Tobe Paine, 125; Jerry Hunt, Benham, Sam Lazarus, Clay Pointer, Engano, 126.

Fifth Race—Seven-eighths of a mile, selling: John Morton, Special Notice, Coreel, Eight Bells, Elsie Barnes, 103; Water Crest, Ben Boy, 103; Curd Gillock, 97; Early Bird, 109; Antelee, 102; Cherry Head, 107; Arbitrator, 105.

Sixth Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Joe Doughty, 105; Deminis, 106; Macon, 95; Klondike Queen, 100; Judge Steadman, 97; Orris, 102; Zonne, 107.

Jockey Coburn Injured.

Chicago, July 1.—Jockey Coburn had his leg broken while at the post for the first race at Washington park today. He had the mount on Emma C. L., and Educate whirled suddenly and crushed the boy's foot between her body and that of the horse he was riding. He fainted and was carried to the paddock, Ransch taking his place in the saddle.

SOUTHERN SPORTS PUNISHED.

Alleged That They Raced Arch W. Out of His Class.

Hartford, Conn., July 1.—Secretary Goucher, of the board of review of the National Trotting Association, today made public the decision in the case of the National Trotting Association vs S. R. Gilbert, Selma, Ala.; J. H. B. McAdams, Pulaski, Tenn.; Henry Wilson, Prattsville, Ala.; Vance Nuckels, Glenville, O., and the chestnut gelding Arch W.

It is ordered that Arch W. made a record of 2:16¼ at Birmingham, Ala., in November, 1899, and that his subsequent winnings in slower classes are unlawful. It is ordered that each of the parties named be suspended until the amount of unlawful winnings received are returned for redistribution, and that the horse, Arch W., be suspended until the entire amount of the unlawful winnings, $1,250, are returned for redistribution, and that S. R. Gilbert, who drove the horse when he made his record at Birmingham, Ala., and subsequently returned and drove him out of his classes at Meadville, Pa., shall stand expelled.

BASEBALL GAMES

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

New York 6, Chicago 4.

New York, July 1—New York won from Chicago through timely batting. In the sixth inning Doyle leaped into the right field stand and assaulted a spectator. He injured his hand and had to leave the game. Score: R. H. E.

New York.. .. ....1 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 *—6 11 3
Chicago.. .. ....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 1—4 7 4

Batteries—L. Taylor and Varner; J. Taylor and Kling.

Philadelphia 1, Pittsburg 0.

Philadelphia, July 1.—Both Philadelphia and Pittsburg played a perfect fielding game, the home team's runs resulting from a forced hit, a single and a long fly. Attendance 2,065. Score:

Pittsburg.. .. ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 9 0
Philadelphia. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 *—1 4 0

Batteries Chesbro and Zimmer; Donahue and Jacklith.

St. Louis 10, Brooklyn 8.

Brooklyn, July 1—St. Louis beat Brooklyn today in ten innings by better all-round playing. Attendance 1,000. Score:

St. Louis. . . . .0 0 2 2 0 0 3 1 0 2—10 11 2
Brooklyn . . . .0 1 4 2 0 1 0 0 0 0— 8 14 3

Batteries—Harper and Ryan; McJames, Hughes and Farrell.

Two Games for Boston.

Boston, July 1.—Boston won two games from Cincinnati today. Philips pitched a slow ball in the first game, which the home team found very easy. Newton's wildness in connection with some wretched fielding by the visitors in the second inning of the second game gave Boston three runs and the game. Attendance 2,500. Score: R. H. E.

Boston.. .. .. .. .1 0 1 2 1 3 1 0 *—9 11 2
Cincinnati.. .. ...0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 3

Batteries—Nichols and Kittridge; Phillips and Bergen. Time 1:43. Umpire—Nash.

Second game:

Boston.. .. ..0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4 6 0
Cincinnati.. .. ....0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2 8 4

Batteries—Dineen and Moran; Newton and Bergen. Time 1:50. Umpire—Nash.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

Baltimore 7, Boston 5.

Baltimore, July 1.—Boston scored five runs in the first inning, but got no more. Cuppy gave way to Lewis in the sixth inning. Seymour made a sensational running catch in the seventh, robbing the visitors of an opportunity to tie the score. Attendance, 2,051. Score:

Baltimore .. ..2 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 x—7 11 2
Boston ....5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—5 8 0

Batteries—Nops, McGraw and Robinson; Cuppy, Lewis and Criger.

Washington 13, Philadelphia 13.

Washington, July 1.—By a batting rally in the eighth and ninth innings Washington today tied the score with Philadelphia. Called on account of darkness. Attendance, 1,587. Score:

Washington .. ....0 3 0 1 0 1 0 4 4—13 15 3
Philadelphia .. ....2 1 2 0 2 0 0 6 0—13 19 4

Batteries—Lee, Carrick and Clarke; Plank, Milligan, Fraser and Powers. Time, 2:30. Umpire, Sheridan.

Cleveland 8, Milwaukee 5.

Milwaukee, July 1.—The visitors hit Sparks hard in the first and fourth innings, thereby taking a good lead, which the home team was unable to overcome. Attendance, 500. Score:

Milwaukee .. ..0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—5 9 3
Cleveland .. ..2 0 0 4 1 0 1 0 0—8 11 0

Batteries—Husting, Sparks and Connor; Hoffer, Hart and Wood.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE GAMES.

Memphis 8, New Orleans 7.

Memphis, July 1.—Memphis defeated New Orleans this afternoon in an interesting game, which should have been won by the visitors. New Orleans' errors were costly and in the eighth inning the locals made three unearned runs. When Memphis went to the bat in the ninth inning the score was tied. McGraw went to first on a single, stole second and reached home on Luzon's long drive to right field. Score: R. H. E.

Memphis.. .. ....0 2 0 0 2 0 0 3 1—8 9 4
New Orleans.. .. ..0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 3—7 10 4

Batteries—Robb and Armstrong; Wayne and Abbott.

Selma 5, Chattanooga 4.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 1.—Selma had all the luck today. With one to the good for the locals in the ninth and two out Dalrymple's hit tied the score. Frank's base on balls and Longley's lucky hit won the game in the thirteenth inning. Longley made two home runs.

Chattanooga . .0 1 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—4 8 1
Selma . . . . .1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—5 10 5

Batteries—Clayton and Roth; Cribbens and Harlow.

Nashville 6, Birmingham 5.

Nashville, Tenn., July 1—The Nashville ball team added to its long list of victories by defeating Birmingham 6 to 5. The visitors were helped along in the fourth inning by Parrott's errors. Corbett's all-round playing for Nashville was the feature of the game. In the ninth inning, with the score a tie and two men out, he put a high one over the right field fence and won the game.

Nashville.... .. .. .2 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1—6 9 2
Birmingham.. .. ..0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 1—5 9 4

Batteries—Corbett and Fisher; Wilhelm and Culver.

Little Rock 6, Shreveport 5.

Shreveport, La., July 1.—Keefe should have been credited with a shutout. Nine costly errors, after opportunities were presented to retire the side, tells the story of today's defeat. The features were the hitting of Reed and a sensational catch in left by Hubeman. Score:

Shreveport .. ....0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 0 0—5 14 9
Little Rock .....1 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 1—6 3 0

Batteries—Keefe and McGuire; Allemang and Lynch.

Virginia-Carolina League.

At Norfolk—Norfolk 13; Charlotte 7.

At Wilmington—Wilmington 4; Raleigh 1.

At Richmond—Richmond 14; Tarboro 2.

Colored Baseball.

Tuesday and Wednesday the Chattanooga Unions and the Atlanta Deppens will play for the championship of Georgia and Tennessee and a purse of $100 and all the gate receipts at Brisbine Park. 6-2-3-4.

OPENS JULY 1ST.

Cliff House, Tallulah Falls.

Under the management of Mr. J. C. Wyatt, extensive improvements have been made recently, and this popular resort will be conducted on a higher standard than ever before.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

Week-End Excursion Tickets to Tybee.

Week-end excursion tickets at very low rates are on sale via the Central of Georgia railway for noon, afternoon and evening trains Saturdays, good to return leaving Tybee and Savannah not later than Monday night following date of sale.

For tickets, schedules, etc., call on any agent of the Central of Georgia Railway Company. Ticket office, 16 Wall street and Union depot, Atlanta.

$60.00 San Francisco and Return Via Southern Railway.

Account Epworth League convention, San Francisco, Cal., July 18-21, 1901, Southern railway will sell round trip tickets from Atlanta for $60, and from all other points at correspondingly low rates.

Tickets on sale July 5th to 12th, inclusive, good to return as late as August 31st.

Choice of all routes, via New Orleans, Shreveport, St. Louis, Memphis or Kansas City.

For descriptive literature and further information address Brooks Morgan, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

SPICY PETITION FOR A RECEIVER

Irregularities Charged in Conduct of Collins Brick Works.

STOCKHOLDERS DISAGREE

Mrs. E. A. Collins Charges That L. D. and A. C. Morris Illegally Withdrew Money — Books Are Irregular in Reference to Pay Rolls.

Mrs. A. E. Collins, through her attorneys, Rosser & Carter, yesterday filed a sensational bill in the superior court for a receiver and injunction against the Collins brick works and L. D. and A. C. Morris.

The bill charges irregularities on the part of the Messrs. Morris in the conduct of the business, in that they have withdrawn a certain amount of money from the concern without making a record on the books, and also that they charged on the books larger sums for certain weekly pay rolls than the pay rolls really amounted to. Mrs. Collins alleges that she owns one-half of the capital stock and that the Messrs. Morris own the other half. Mrs. Collins is the wife of J. D. Collins, who, it is alleged, was elected president of the concern, but is now unable to give the business his personal attention, owing to feeble health.

According to the bill there is dissension among the three stockholders, and Mrs. Collins seeks a receiver for the conduct of the business. It is charged in the bill that since the health of Mr. Collins became feeble, the Messrs. Morris have taken full and complete control of the business; that they have eliminated her husband from the control and herself from any voice or control in the management of the business. It is stated that she subscribed for her stock with the distinct understanding and agreement that it would be under the protection and control of her husband.

The bill charges that a stockholders' meeting was held on June 21st in the office of the corporation in the Austell building and that when Mrs. Collins offered a resolution the Morris brothers left the room and announced that there should be no meeting. It is alleged that they announce that it is not their purpose to hold a meeting nor to submit or agree to any election, and that it is impossible to obtain a meeting of the stockholders.

It is alleged that the Morris brothers have drawn out of the treasury $2,641.60 without warrant or authority from the board of directors or any duly authorized officer, and that they refuse to pay back the money so illegally withdrawn. It is further alleged that $881 taken out did not appear on the book kept under the direction and control of the defendants. The discovery, it is stated, was made by an expert bookkeeper employed by Mrs. Collins. It is asserted that he made the discovery among paid checks and not upon the books themselves.

It is stated that Mrs. Collins's stock amounts to $19,033.52, and that she is willing to pay into the treasury the balance between that amount and $25,000, the amount of stock subscribed for by her. It is claimed that $15,889.33 is the amount paid on the stock subscribed by the Morris brothers. It is claimed that the corporation is indebted for $17,000 or other large sum, and that it is to the highest and best interest that the owners of stock pay their full stock. The bill asks that the unpaid stock be called in. It is stated in the bill that the Morris brothers assert that they do not mean to pay any further sum.

Judge J. H. Lumpkin set the case for a hearing at 9 o'clock on the morning of July 13th, and restrained the defendants from selling, encumbering, transferring or otherwise altering the status of the property or assets. The usual and ordinary course of daily trade is allowed to be continued, provided a strict account is kept and the proceeds held subject to the further order of the court.

GRIEF OF DARKTOWN AT "JEDGE BRILES'" ELECTION

"JEDGE BRILES."
His re-election as recorder has caused the denizens of Darktown to break forth in poetic lament.

Dar's grievin' down in Darktown,
And Hell's Half Acre moans,
An' Debbil's Dip am shakin'
Wid er mouty heap ob groans.
De news dey am er tellin'
Mos' ebbery whars ter day:
Jedge Briles ergin am 'lected
Ter run de matinee.

De sinners dey am solumn
An' layin' mouty low;
Dey all am disserp'inted
Bekase he didn't go;
Dey knows now dat de council
Hab put him dar ter stay—
Jedge Briles will keep er runnin'
De perlice matinee.

So git ter wurk, yer loafers,
An' git dar mouty quick,
Onless yer lubs de chaingang,
De shubbel an' de pick.
Let craps erlone an' licker,
An' leab yer wicked way—
Jedge Briles am still er runnin'
De perlice matinee.

—G. N. H.

DELKANO DEFIES LOCKS AND MYSTIFIES POLICE

Delkano, the wizard who defies handcuffs and shackles, mystified the police yesterday afternoon by some of his wonderful feats.

A large crowd assembled in the recorder's courtroom, police commissioners, city councilmen, the recorder and many members of the police force being present. Two o'clock had been selected as the hour, as the recorder's court convened at 2:30.

Captain John A. Thompson selected a pair of handcuffs belonging to Bicycle Officer Luck. The handcuffs were said to be the best in the police department and were proof against being picked or forced open. Delkano's wrists were securely fastened with the cuffs, a number of persons making an examination to see that there was no fraud.

After retiring into a waiting room for a few seconds, Delkano reappeared with the cuffs off, but still locked. This caused the police to gather about him in surprise.

Several times was he securely fastened with handcuffs of various makes, all having different keys, and each time he walked from the waiting room a free man.

Chains and shackles of all kinds were equally unable to hold him.

He did not give an exhibition of getting out of prison, as the cells were all filled with prisoners, it being Monday, a day when the prison is always crowded.

Police Commissioner Johnson, who was present, took occasion to state that he regarded the performance as one of the most wonderful he had ever seen. Captain Thompson agreed with him.

Just how Delkano performs his feat is not known. It is his secret. An officer at the barracks claimed to have "peeped" into the waiting room and he stated that he believed he saw Delkano use a key. If that were so, then the man must go about with hundreds of keys to fit every kind of handcuffs and shackles made.

Others thought he had the power to contract the muscles of his hands and feet, as was done by the noted Davenport brothers, and that no handcuff or shackle could be placed tight enough around his wrists or ankles so his hands and feet could not be slipped through.

Delkano is undoubtedly a wonder.

REVENUE STAMPS LIFTED YESTERDAY

No More Stamps Needed on Checks, Telegrams, Etc.

ACT TOOK EFFECT JULY 1ST

Much Trouble and Expense Saved in Business World.

EVERYBODY GLAD TO BE RELIEVED

Tax on Many Items Was Lifted or Reduced—Merchants Were Benefited by the Release.

The troublesome revenue tax stamps went out of use yesterday and bankers and business men heaved a sigh of relief. Besides the expense imposed upon the public at large in the necessity for affixing stamps to checks, telegrams, legal documents, etc., a heavy tax fell upon dealers who handled articles included in the revenue tax act. These manufacturers and tradesmen dealing in proprietary medicines, cosmetics, toilet articles, chewing gum, etc., are now free from an expense which greatly reduced their profits.

The revenue collector at the postoffice, who has been working overtime since the revenue act came in, will be able to settle down again into the even-tenored way of sleek and snug government officials and occupy his post with accustomed dignity and state, if not with the added activity.

Everybody is pleased that the stamps on articles in common use are no longer required. Most of the revenue tax has been lifted. A complete list of the items released and those reduced was published in last Thursday's Constitution.

Now the irritating "You forgot the revenue stamp" which for the past two years has so often greeted careless persons at the paying teller's window of banks, and the "1 cent for revenue stamp" required by telegraph managers will no longer grate on the ears of the forgetful.

The aggregate amount of time saved by the lifting of this tax is illustrated by an instance recently. A man in a hurry, who wanted one 2-cent internal revenue stamp for a bank check, stepped up to the window in the postoffice to buy it. A placard informed him that the window was closed and directed him to the second floor. After a few minutes' search—including the delay in waiting for the elevator—he found the proper room.

"One 2-cent revenue stamp, please," he said to the clerk, who was seated at a desk.

"Fill out an application," said the clerk.

"But I only want one."

"Never mind; fill out an application."

And the clerk waved at a pile of papers on a shelf. There were various forms lying there and after studying over them a few minutes the man decided the one headed, "Order for Documentary or Proprietary Stamps" was the one he wanted. It looked as complicated as a trial balance sheet. It was addressed, "To——, Collector," and began: "Sir: Please furnish me with the internal revenue stamps specified below, viz:" First there was a column headed "No. of Stamps." The second column gave various denominations from $1,000 down to ½ cent, and the third was ruled for values. The man marked the figure "1" opposite the 2-cent denomination, and carefully wrote .02 in the space at the foot of the column marked "Total face value of stamps." He figured out that the lines, "Discount 1 per cent deducted," and "Amount remitted" did not concern him. Then on the proper lines he filled in the place and date, signed his name and handed the document through the window.

"Come round to the other window," said the clerk. The man came round.

"Shall I fill in the collector's name on the blank?" he asked.

"No, I'll do that," said the clerk, kindly. Then he examined the paper thoroughly.

"You forgot to extend the value opposite the denomination," he exclaimed, reproachfully at the end of his inspection. The man sighed and admitted his error. He had filled in .02 as total value, but had not written the .02 near the head of the column. When he had done this the clerk carefully inspected the document again. Then he took it to his desk, stamped it and filed it away. After which he crossed the room and handed the man a 2-cent stamp. It had taken him fifteen minutes to make the purchase.

HOTEL MARLBOROUGH.

A Rathskellar One of Its Most Interesting Features.

The vastness of a modern metropolitan hotel is not readily conceived by the average person. Its host of employees and many departments require a manager of exceptional experience and ability. It is in many respects almost a city in itself. A private livery, telephone system, bakery, laundry, chef department with its head and many assistants and a spacious storeroom filled with crockery, cooking utensils and staple provisions are a few of the requirements to be found at an establishment of this kind. The amount of business transacted can be estimated somewhat when it is known that thousands of dollars are paid annually for the privilege of its news and cigar stands.

The Marlborough of New York is a representative type of the American hostelery. It is spacious, practically fireproof and as gorgeous as lavished money can make it. A rathskellar, which is a place where the finest beers of all kinds are served in the cream of style, is one among many of its attractions. This hotel is very centrally located in the metropolis, right in the midst of the shopping and theatrical centers, and has many other advantages that are exclusively its own.

JULY 4TH.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway.

One and one-third fare round trip to all points east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers via Southern railway. Tickets on sale July 2d, 3d and 4th; limit July 8, 1901.

Information Kimball House corner, 'phone 142; or Union Depot, 'phone 178.

BROOKS MORGAN, D. P. A., Atlanta.

Barnesville Chautauqua.

Low rate excursion tickets will be sold to Barnesville via Central of Georgia Railway, June 29th to July 5th, inclusive, limited July 8th returning. Trains leave Atlanta 8 a. m., 4:05 p. m. and 9 p. m. For further information apply to Union Depot or W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., 16 Wall st., Atlanta.

There's a World of healthful refreshment, inspiration and delight in a glass of Saint Louis A·B·C· BOHEMIAN "King of all Bottled Beers."

A sparkling, wholesome beverage, rich in that indescribably pleasing flavor of pure hops. Its fine effervescence and rare keeping qualities have made it the chosen beer of the most discriminating critics.

Order from

Jacobs' Pharmacy. Atlanta, Ga.

Our book of menus, "Some German Suppers," free, write The American Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Pleasant Journeys TO THE Pan-American Exposition OVER THE Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway.

Every purchaser of a ticket to Buffalo and return this year desires that the journey be a pleasant and successful one. To be such it must be comfortable, prompt, interesting.

The use of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway will best meet such desire. This is an indisputable fact.

You will secure a selection of train service such as no other line of railway can present.

Do not overlook return trip feature. After doing the Exposition, Niagara Falls, etc., you'll be tired, and wish to reach home quickly. The frequency and certainty of Lake Shore service will stand you in good stead at that time, promoting a prompt departure and affording the best advantages for homeward travel of any line.

Our "Book of the Pan-American" contains maps and other useful matter for intending visitors. "Book of Trains" tells about our service. You will need them both. Sent free on request.

When you are ready to buy your ticket be particular to tell the agent that you desire it to read over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. All such tickets give option, boat or rail, either way, between Cleveland and Buffalo.

A. J. SMITH, G. P. & T. A., Cleveland, Ohio.

WALLACE & COMPANY, Leading Livery Stables.

Finest Carriages in the South. We can accommodate a few more nice boarding horses—Rates $18.00 per month.

7 TO 61 IVY ST. 'PHONE 178.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING FUND

$3.50 ROUND TRIP

THE MASONIC TEMPLE ASSOCIATION AND THE RETAIL GROCERS OF ATLANTA

CORDIALLY INVITE THEIR FRIENDS TO JOIN THEM IN

Their Grand Excursion, July 5th, 1901,

VIA SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

TO

WRIGHTSVILLE, NEAR WILMINGTON, N. C., AND RETURN

Leave Atlanta 7:00 P. M., Arrive Wrightsville Next Morning for Breakfast. Tickets on Sale July 5th, Good to Return Until July 9th, Inclusive.

THREE DAYS ON THIS FAMOUS BEACH

Beach like a Race Course for Driving; Finest Fishing on the Coast; Surf Bathing Unsurpassed; Hotels Modern in Every Respect.

Governor Chas. B. Aycock, of North Carolina, has courteously placed at the disposal of the Masons and their friends 200 tents for their accommodation on the Beach. Those desiring to occupy tents while there can engage same by applying at City Ticket Office, S. A. L. Railway, or to Fred E. Ladd, Corner Marietta and Peachtree Streets.

IN THE HEART OF THE CAPE FEAR REGION, HISTORIC WITH BATTLEFIELDS

AMPLE PULLMAN SLEEPING-CAR ACCOMMODATIONS WILL BE PROVIDED. IF YOU WANT A BERTH, WRITE AT ONCE.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION SEE

Hoke Smith, J. W. English, J. L. Mayson, F. E. Ladd, Committee Masonic Temple Association.

G. S. Prior, I. S. Mitchell, Geo. Sims, B. E. Gardner, A. C. Minhinnett, Committee Retail Grocers' Association

OR

Wm. B. Clements, T. P. A., 723 Equitable Building.

Chas. B. Walker, Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

Ed E. Kirby, Pass. and Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House, Phone 100.

R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. - - - W. E. Christian, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.

BUYING WAS ACTIVE

Nearly Every Factor Lined Up on the Bull Side.

COTTON LEFT OFF EASY

On a Late Hasty Turn for Profits. Wheat, Oats and Provisions Lower—Corn Higher.

New York, July 1.—Cotton prices today returned to the high level reached on the bulge of a week ago. Nearly every factor lined up on the bull side and from start to finish the attitude of shorts was defensive rather than offensive. The market opened firm and 10 to 14 points higher on very active buying for both accounts. The upward movement continued until August touched 8.05, October 7.69 and January 7.74, when there was a turn for profits and brisk selling by the room for a turn. Early in the afternoon there was a sharp reaction to 7.57 for October and to 7.62 for January, under talk of rains in Texas and rumors that the south was preparing to sell in our market and later deliver the cotton. But an official forecast from Washington for continued dry weather generally tonight and tomorrow in Texas once more started shorts on the retreat and prompted liberal buying all along the line. The dominating influence here was an advance of 7@7½ points at Liverpool. The bulls were encouraged by the special report of The Journal of Commerce, showing the present crop condition to be but 77 per cent of perfect, as against 81.5 last month. Ravages by boll weevil, cut worms, sharp shooters and other insects in the southwest were said to be reaching alarming proportions. The South Atlantic states complained of further soaking rains, scarcity of labor and a very backward condition. Near the close a hasty turn for profits caused prices to settle rapidly. The market was finally easy with prices net 3 to 9 points higher.

Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 1.—The cotton market was firm today, with sales of 3,400 bales, including 1,500 to arrive. The exchange committee advanced quotations ⅛c on all grades.

Developments were of a sensational character in the market for contracts. The consensus of opinion among conservative operators Saturday evening had led them to look for a mildly lower range of prices at first call, but when Liverpool opened with gains of 1-32d on spots and 3-64@4-64d on deliveries and continued her upward course until the net gains for the day on contracts had been pegged at 6-64@8-64d, local traders became somewhat excited and rushed prices up 17 to 20 points under the caller's gavel. After a mild fluctuation the market eased off, showing gains on the day of 7 to 8 points over Saturday's close prices.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 1.—Intense heat has again had a restrictive influence over spot trade in all directions. Mail orders of average extent. There has been no change in general tone in either cotton or woolen goods, nor any alteration in prices. Print cloths have been inactive at firm prices.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 8 3-16c.
Liverpool—Firmer; middling 4 23-32d.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 8⅝c.
New York—Dull; middling 8⅞c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 8 3-16c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 8 1-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 8½c.
Mobile—Nominal; middling 8⅛c.
Charleston—Steady; middling 8¼c.
Augusta—Firm; middling 8⅜c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 8 5-16c.
Houston—Steady; middling 8¼c.
St. Louis—Firm; middling 8¼c.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1901	RECEIPTS 1900	EXPORTS 1901	EXPORTS 1900	STOCKS 1901	STOCKS 1900
Saturday	11794	5013	658	3389	449992	166983
Monday	6900	2127	2603	2653	446995	163968
Tuesday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Wednesd'y	......	......	......	......	......	......
Thursday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Totals	18694	7140	3261	6042	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Last Sale	Closing bid and asked
July	8 70	8 72	8 62	8 67	8 66-67
August	8 00	8 05	7 92	7 92	7 92
September	7 67	7 76	7 65	7 66	7 66-67
October	7 63	7 69	7 57	7 59	7 59-60
November	7 62	7 63	7 55	7 57	7 56-57
December	7 65	7 71	7 58	7 59	7 59-60
January	7 69	7 74	7 62	7 62	7 62-63
February	7 66	7 68	7 68	7 68	7 62-64
March	7 72	7 72	7 69	7 69	7 65-66
April	......	......	......	......	......
May	......	......	......	......	......
June	......	......	......	......	......

Futures closed easy.

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

July	8 26	January	7 35
August	8 03	February	7 37
September	7 54	March	7 39
October	7 34	April	.....
November	7 32	May	.....
December	7 33	June	.....

Futures closed quiet.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, July 1—4 p. m.—Cotton, spot, business moderate with prices firmer; middling 4 23-32; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,400; speculation and export 500; receipts 4,000; all American.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
July	4 38-64	4 40	Buyers
July-August	4 36-64	4 39	Sellers
August-September	4 30-64	4 33	Value
September	....	4 33	Buyers
October	4 17-64	4 19⅛	Sellers
October-November	4 11-64	4 16⅛	Sellers
November-December	4 11-64	4 14⅛	Sellers
December-January	4 12-64	4 14⅛	Sellers
January-February	....	4 14⅛	Sellers

Futures closed very steady.

Movements at the Ports.

New York, July 1.—Cotton dull; sales 19,858 bales; middling uplands 8⅞; gulf 9⅛; net receipts 300; gross 4,367; stock 164,562.

New Orleans, July 1.—Cotton firm; sales 3,400; middling 8⅝; receipts 834; stock 111,447.

Galveston, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8 1-16; sales 1,383; receipts 3,564; stock 1,703.

Mobile, July 1.—Cotton nominal; middling 8⅛; receipts 13; stock 6,435.

Savannah, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8 3-16; receipts 1,611; stock 13,577.

Charleston, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; receipts 7; stock 3,739.

Wilmington, July 1.—Cotton firm; middling 7¾; receipts 30; stock 4,010.

Norfolk, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8½; sales 77; receipts 687; stock 18,176.

Baltimore, July 1.—Cotton nominal; middling 8 11-16; receipts 150; stock 5,146.

Boston, July 1.—Cotton dull; middling 8 13-16; receipts net 133; gross 314.

Philadelphia, July 1.—Cotton firm; middling 9⅛; receipts 69; stock 1,935.

St. Louis, July 1.—Cotton firm; middling 8¼; sales 500; receipts 1,763; stock 62,417.

Memphis, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8 5-16; receipts 434; shipments 1,735; sales 100; stock 44,401.

Augusta, July 1.—Cotton firm; middling 8⅜; sales 277; receipts 198; stock 17,899.

Houston, July 1.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; sales 564; receipts 2,293; stock 29,160.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—The reaction that was to be expected after a break of 40 points last week has more than reached expectations. This morning reports that the drought in Texas was not broken and rains had been comparatively unimportant started the Liverpool market, and before noon prices came within a few points of the high record of last week. In view of the uncertainty over the Washington report on Wednesday, there were few who looked for as substantial advance as has been recorded on Saturday and today. For this reason the selling on the advance of the morning proved greater than the market could withstand, and an advance of about 2 points was lost during the morning. A large number of operators who bought cotton last week sold this morning, looking for a setback before Wednesday. The important factor in the situation continued to be the absence of rain in the southwest, where nothing more important than showers has been reported so far. Predictions today were not favorable to rains for tomorrow, though thunder storms were indicated in some sections. But Texas needs general soaking rains, and there can be little hope of a change in the market until rains are reported. We are inclined to take a very conservative view of the situation, pending the receipt of the bureau figures of Wednesday. The price is up ½ to ¾c since the report was received, and those who sold on the advance last week are out of the market waiting developments on any decline. We believe the market a purchase for a turn at least, and there is certainly nothing in the outlook upon which to sell. There is a general feeling that the figures on Wednesday will not show a decided change from June 1st. Many are looking for an improvement of 2 or 3 points, and others believe there will be a decline of 3 or 4 points. A great deal depends on this report, and on the eve of its receipt the market is likely to be irregular. If a decline is shown we look for an advancing market unless soaking rains improve the Texas outlook.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 1, 1901.

Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Atlanta, partly cloudy	89	73	.00
Chattanooga, clear	93	72	.00
Columbus, clear	91	75	.12
Gainesville, cloudy	90	70	.00
Greenville, clear	88	66	.22
Griffin, clear	96	71	.00
Macon, clear	92	75	.00
Newnan, partly cloudy	93	72	.00
Rome, clear	93	72	T
Spartanburg, clear	97	68	.13
Toccoa, cloudy	90	68	.00
West Point, clear	90	72	.11

HEAVY RAINFALL.

St. George, S. C. 1.98

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

Central Station.	No. stations reporting.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta	12	92	72	.04
Augusta	11	94	72	.06
Charleston	5	92	72	.78
Galveston	29	94	74	.08
Little Rock	13	96	72	.04
Memphis	16	94	74	T
Mobile	10	92	72	.20
Montgomery	8	94	70	.02
New Orleans	14	92	72	.22
Savannah	11	96	74	.01
Vicksburg	11	94	72	.04
Wilmington	10	90	70	.14
Oklahoma	7	94	74	.00

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Showers have fallen in all districts save Oklahoma, although in Memphis district the rainfall was very light. Very warm weather continues.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, July 1.—Liverpool advices were very favorable this morning, being influenced by The New York Journal of Commerce's crop report indicating a condition on July 1st less than the bureau's figures of June, and our market opened 16 to 19 points higher, but the weather map shortly after showing good rains in eastern Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi caused realizing by longs and a decline of 10 points from the top, at which it closed. Much of the recent firmness in the market is due to the fact that operators in New York generally are expecting the bureau's report of condition on July 3d to show a decrease from last month's, and considerable buying has been done on this theory. The impression here amongst most people is that it will not be less than it was in June and might be slightly over. The weather west of the Mississippi river continues to govern prices, and even if the bureau's monthly report on Wednesday should be better than expected, sellers will not be aggressive unless good rains in the above mentioned territory should follow. For the present the character of the weather will be the dominating influence.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—Liverpool advanced sharply on the early advices of lack of rain in Texas, and our market opened at a corresponding advance to react when the government reported showers yesterday and Saturday at Longview, Huntsville, Tyler and Brenham. It is so clearly a weather market that forecasts of the weather for the next two days can be accepted as foreshadowing the course of prices. At the moment the disposition is strong to avoid being short and to buy on all weak markets. These recent showers in Texas give hope of more rain, and the trade are now looking at Arkansas and Oklahoma as having too hot weather for the crop. There is a general disposition to expect this crop to meet with some disaster. The coming bureau report will be watched for with great interest. The report last season was the worst July report in many years.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—Cotton futures opened from 12 to 15 points higher, and with heavy buying in the first hour for both accounts, prices continued to advance until they reached 2 to 9 points above the initial figures. Cables and crop news were the principal factor in the market, Liverpool having surprised our trade by an advance of 3 to 4-64d on futures and 1-32d on spots; sales 7,000. After our advance Liverpool closed 6 to 8-64d net higher than Saturday. Crop news was of a bullish character in the early trading, no rains of any consequence having been reported from the drought sections, although later the market broke on reports of rain at several points in Texas and the gulf states. Rain was reported at Houston, Longview, Huntsville and Beaumont, Tex., also at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and several points in Georgia and the Carolinas. Recent buyers turned sellers to secure profits, and prices became easier in the late trading and the market closed dull 3 to 9 points net higher.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—Weather conditions this morning were favorable to the bull side when we opened. The government map and reports from other sources were eagerly scanned for signs of rains in Texas but without discerning the slightest moisture at a single place. Bears did not conceal their chagrin at having been confidently expecting that at some points at least rain would have fallen the past 48 hours. The Texas situation again monopolizes attention. It is quite suggestive that while last week's rain in that state extended to many points not usually reported here, as disclosed by mail accounts today, none of them claim more than a fair amount of rain and none of them pretend that there was anything approaching a ground soaker. The belief is that anything short of 3 to 4 inches will amount to little. It may and probably will cause a little halt on the upward course of the market but prices will soon rally after we have had news of the wanted rain. The best people say Texas is in mighty bad shape; in fact, they call it critical. This may be exaggerated, but it is certain that the prospect is rapidly assuming such a shape. Liverpool no doubt takes such a view of the Texas outlook and promptly responds to the bullish developments there. Rain fell today to a moderate extent at Vicksburg, New Orleans, Montgomery, Augusta, Charleston and Savannah. The temperature was 90 at Shreveport, 85 at Mobile, 84 at Savannah, 84 at Austin, Tex. New Orleans was buying at Liverpool today. New York opened 12 to 15 points higher. The only Texas stations reporting rain were Huntsville, Longview and Beaumont and Houston. In the Liverpool market futures advanced 7 points and spots 1-32. Port receipts estimated 7,000, against 2,100 last year.

CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, July 1.—Continued hot weather throughout the northwest caused wild excitement in the corn pit today at the opening and a grand scramble to buy ensued. The opening figures on September ranged between 46¼@48⅝@46½c, 2½@2⅝c higher than Saturday's close, but later on reports of rains in Kansas the market assumed a more rational tone and the close was ⅝c higher. Wheat closed ⅝c lower, oats were ⅜c higher and provisions 5@10c lower.

Higher cables imparted strength to wheat today, but the early strength was all lost. The special features of the weakness was the heavy deliveries of July contracts—1,500,000 bushels—and this was supplemented by reports of fine crop prospects. September opened ⅛@¾c higher at 66⅝@66¾c, and after advancing to 67c early in the session, the prices weakened, the low point being reached at 64⅞c. The close was ⅝c lower at 65⅝c. The visible supply decreased 2,110,000 bushels and there was a decrease on passage of 168,000 bushels. The world's shipments were 8,429,000 bushels, compared with 9,481,000 last week and 6,840,000 a year ago. The seaboard reported 11 boatloads taken for export, while clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 812,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 858,000 bushels, against 578,000 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 514 cars, against 430 cars last week and 332 a year ago. Local receipts were 63 cars, 1 of contract grade.

The opening in the corn pit was wildly excited, September ranging between 46⅛@48c. Continuation of the hot, scorching weather in the southwest was the cause of the bulge. The trading was largely on the basis of 1c over Saturday's close. There was free liquidation at the advance and later, on reports of rain in Kansas, the market sold off. September delivery sold between 46⅛@48c, the opening figures, closing ⅝c higher at 46¼@46⅜c. There was an increase in the amount on passage of 952,000 bushels. The visible supply decreased 2,028,000 bushels. Clearances were 728,000 bushels. Deliveries on July contracts were estimated at 2,000,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 314,000 bushels, against 993,000 bushels a year ago. Local receipts were 222 cars, with only 4 of contract grade; 26 cars were reported taken for export.

Oats were unchanged to ⅛@¼c up at the close after a day of big trading and a rather sensational upturn in prices early. Weather conditions were responsible for the strength, together with good country buying. Profit taking caused the slump toward the close. September ranged between 27½@28c, closing ⅛@¼c higher at 27⅜@27⅝c. Visible increased 176,000 bushels, and clearances were 245,000 bushels. Deliveries on July contracts were 1,500,000 bushels. Local receipts were 161 cars.

Provisions opened dull and without feature. Commission houses bought quite freely early. An easier feeling developed on heavy receipts of hogs together with local selling, and the close was heavy and lower. Deliveries on July contracts were very light. September pork sold between $14.72½@14.85, closing 10c lower at $14.75. Lard ranged between $8.65@8.75, closing 7½c lower at $8.67½. Ribs ranged between $8.10@8.12½@8.15, closing 5c lower at $8.12½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat 90 cars; corn 200 cars; oats 155 cars; hogs 21,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
July	65⅞	66⅛	64½	64⅞
September	66⅞	67	65½	65¾
December	68½	68¾	67¼	67½
CORN—				
July	46½	46½	44⅜	44½
September	48	48	46⅛	46⅜
December	47⅝	47⅝	44⅜	44¾
OATS—				
July	28	28	26⅞	27
September	27⅞	28	27¼	27⅜
May	30	30¼	29⅜	29¾
MESS PORK—				
July	14.55	14.55	14.55	14.55
September	14.85	14.85	14.72½	14.75
LARD—				
July	8.67½	8.67½	8.57½	8.60
September	8.75	8.75	8.65	8.67½
October	8.70	8.70	8.62½	8.65
SHORT RIBS—				
July	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
September	8.15	8.15	8.10	8.12½
October	8.07½	8.07½	8.05	8.05

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	26,000	21,000
Wheat, bushels	88,000	493,000
Corn, bushels	153,000	220,000
Oats, bushels	208,000	2,000
Barley, bushels	1,000	1,000

W. E. Small & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 1.—Wheat: There was a rush to buy at opening by frightened shorts due to strength abroad and sharp upturn in corn. Good selling appeared on orders from a wealthy local operator, the market turning very heavy and declining quite sharply with the closing heavy. The large arrivals of new wheat in Kansas City and St. Louis was responsible for a large part of the selling and received more consideration from operators than anything else. There was some talk of damage in the northwest by rust. Should any further weakness appear it might be advisable to cover shorts, but on all strong spots we favor sales.

Corn—Export sales 56 loads. A glance at the weather map was enough to frighten shorts in, while commission houses had their hands full of buying orders, largely from the west. A great deal of long corn held by local operators came out on the advance. The closing was rather heavy, but the course of prices will be governed by the weather. We favor sales on strong spots.

No feature in oats.

Provisions—Hogs closed weak. Shipments of lard 1,346,000 pounds; meats 2,253,000 pounds. The closing was weak in sympathy with the balance of the market. On further declines we look for good buying.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 1.—Wheat: Trade was moderately active and prices were quoted higher on the cables and on the advance in corn. There was quite a little covering early and some buying for long account. The weather was very fine through the harvesting section, but there is a little complaint of rainfall from the northern states. Foreign statistics showed a gain afloat and large world's exports, India exported 1,280,000 bushels, the largest movement of the season. Total deliveries were about 200,000 bushels. Wheat broke in the afternoon on increased offerings, larger interior receipts and rather slow demand.

Corn was excited and very active. Prices opened up ¼c, all markets reacting a little, with a large local trade, however, on the advance, owing to the continued hot, dry weather in the southwest and south. Reports were unfavorable, and country offerings are reported very small. The situation is serious, and unless the drought is broken shortly the outcome of the crop will be materially affected. Cables showed strength abroad, following the American advance of Saturday. Corn was lower in the afternoon on favorable weather reports and predictions of showers and cooler weather.

Provisions—The trade was moderately active and prices were lower notwithstanding the gain in feeding grain. Provisions closed quiet and rather heavy.

Condition of Crops Abroad.

London, July.—The Market Lane Express, in its weekly review of the crop situation, says today:

"The official report giving the yield of the Indian wheat crops as 30,926,000 quarters, should mean that nearly 6,000,000 will be available for export, but as the granaries are completely depleted it is not likely that more than 3,000,000 will be exported.

Summarizing the continental position, The Market Lane Express says it expects over the average wheat yield in Russia, Spain and Servia, an average yield in Italy, Austria-Hungary, Roumania and the Netherlands and below the average yield in Germany, Poland and Scandinavia.

"The feature of the maize trade continues to be spirited competition of Roumania, Bulgaria and Turkey with the United States and Argentina."

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, July 1.—Cotton seed oil neglected and more or less nominal at old prices. Prime crude, barrels, nominal; prime summer yellow 38c; off summer yellow 36½c; prime white 40@42c; prime winter yellow 41c. Prime meal $24@25.

Memphis, July 1.—Cotton seed oil: Car lots, per gallon, prime crude 31c; off crude 26c; in car lots; 30c in less; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car lots, per gallon 42c. Cotton seed meal and cake: Car lots, per ton, prime $19.50; less than car lots $20.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, July 1.—Coffee, spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6 1-16; mild market quiet; Cordova 8¼@12½. Futures quiet and unchanged to 5 points lower and during the rest of the morning and all the early afternoon was dull and narrow, though showing a heavy undertone. The European market news was disappointing and receipts in Rio overtopped general ideas. Near the close several leading bears attacked the market aggressively and forced prices off 5 points; closed barely steady net 10 points lower; sales 21,175 bags; July 5.05@5.10; September 5.20@5.25; October 5.20@5.30; November 5.35; December 5.45@5.50; February 5.60; March 5.60; May 5.75@5.80.

Sugar, raw steady to firm; centrifugal 96-test 4 7-32; molasses sugar 3 5-16. Refined steady.

New Orleans, July 1.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3 3-16@4; open kettle centrifugal 3⅞@4⅛; centrifugal yellow 4¼@4 9-16; seconds 2⅜@4. Molasses dull; centrifugal 7@15.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, July 1.—Flour, all wheat first patent, $4.75; second patent, $4.30; straight $3.75; extra fancy, $3.65; fancy, $3.55; extra family, $3.30. Corn, choice white, 67; No. 2 do. 64; No. 2 mixed 65. Oats, white, 44; mixed, 42c. Texas rust-proof, 43c. Rye, Georgia, $1; western rye, 90c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.10; No. 1, small bales, $1; No. 2 90c. Meal plain, 63c; bolted, 58. Bran, small sacks, $1.05. Shorts, $1.10. Stock meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds. Cotton seed meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds; hulls, $7.50. Grits, barrel, $3.25; bags, $1.55.

New York, July 1.—Flour neglected and nominally lower. Wheat, spot easier; No. 2 red 74⅛; options opened firm with corn, but soon settled nito decided weakness under liquidation, good home crop news and prospects for increasing receipts; closed weak at ¼@⅝c net decline; July 72¼; September 71⅝; October 72¼; December 73½. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 48⅝; option market had an excited strong advance on covering, due to extreme heat west, but later eased off under report of rains; closed easy at ⅜@⅝c net advance; July 48⅜; September 49⅝; October 49⅞. Oats, spot dull; No. 2 32½; options inactive.

Chicago, July 1.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet. No. 3 spring wheat 62@65 1-4; No. 2 red 66 1-4@66 1-2. No. 2 corn 44 1-2; No. 2 yellow 44 1-2. No. 2 oats 29 1-2; No. 2 white 30 3-4@31 1-2; No. 3 white 29 1-2@31. No. 2 rye 48@49.

St. Louis, July 1.—Flour dull. Wheat, No. 2 red cash 62⅜; July 62⅛; September 63⅛@63¼; December 65½. Corn, No. 2 cash 42; July 42¾; September 45¼@45¼. Oats, No. 2 cash 29; July 27¼; September 27¼.

Cincinnati, July 1.—Flour quiet; fancy $2.90@3.25; family $2.20@2.55. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 66@66 1-2. Corn firm and higher; No. 2 mixed 44 1-4@44 1-2. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 31.

Provisions.

Atlanta, July 1.—Clear ribs sides, boxed 9; ribs 8¾; rib bellies 9¾@10; ice cured bellies, 10¼. Sugar cured hams, 10½@13½. Lard, 9½; best 10.

St. Louis, July 1.—Pork steady; jobbing $15.75. Lard dull; July $8.45. Dry salt meats, boxed, steady; extra shorts $8.12½; clear ribs $8.37½; clear sides $8.50. Bacon, boxed steady; extra shorts 9c; clear ribs $9.37½; clear sides $9.50.

Chicago, July 1.—Mess pork 14.55@14.60. Lard 8.60@8.62 1-2. Short ribs sides (loose) 7.90@8.10; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 7 1-8@7 1-4; short clear sides (boxed) 8.35@8.45.

Cincinnati, July 1.—Lard quiet at 8.45. Bulk meats steady at 8.17 1-2. Bacon steady at 9.00.

New York, July 1.—Lard easy; western steam 8.90; refined easy; compound 7. Pork steady.

Groceries.

Atlanta, July 1.—Roasted coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle, $11.80; Lion, $11.80 Green coffee, choice, 11¼; fair 10@10½; prime 9½@9¾. Sugar, standard granulated, 6. Sirup, New Orleans, open kettle, 25@40c; mixed, choice, 20@28c. South Georgia cane, 36@38. Salt, dairy, sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; 100 3c; ice cream, $1.25. Common, 60@70c. Cheese, full cream 12@12½c. Matches, 65, 45¾@55; 200s, $1.50@1.75; 300s, $2.75. Soda, boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 6¼c; cream 7¼c; ginger snaps, 6¼c. Candy, common stick 7c; fancy 10@14c. Oysters, F. W., $2.10@2; L. W., $1.20.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, July 1.—Eggs 12½ doz. Butter, fancy Jersey, 15c; creamery butter, 15c; Georgia butter, 10@11; Tennessee butter, slow sale, 12 to 12½. Live poultry, hens, 30 to 32c; turkeys, no sale. Ducks puddle, 18@20; Pekin 25@27. Honey, strained, 6@7; comb 7@8. Onions $3.50@4 bbl. Tomatoes, fancy stock, $1.25@1.50. Okra, $1.00@1.25. New potatoes, No. 1 $2.00@2.50 per bbl.; No. 2 $1.50@1.75 per bbl.; market full; slow sale.

Fruit and Confections.

Atlanta, July 1.—Lemons, choice $3.50; fancy $3.75@4.00. Nuts, almonds 14@15, pecans 10@11, Brazil 13@14, filberts 11½c. Peanuts, Virginia 4@5c, Georgia 2@3c. Peaches, 60@65c crate, Watermelons, $18@20 per 100; $150@200 per car. Cantaloupes, $1.25@1.50 per crate. Pine apples $2@2.50 per crate.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, July 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33 1-2; receipts 2,071; sales 1,574; exports 10. Rosin firm; receipts 4,479; sales 761; exports 525. uote: A, B, C $1.05; $1.10; E $1.15; F $1.20; G $1.25; H $1.35; I $1.50; K $1.75; M $2.25; N $2.60; windowglass $2.90; waterwhite $3.20.

Charleston, July 1.—Turpentine firm at 34; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; B $1; D $1.05; E $1.10; F $1.15; M $2.20; N $2.50; windowglass $2.80; waterwhite $3.15.

Wilmington, July 1.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 87. Rosin firm at 95c@$1.; receipts 352. Crude turpentine firm at $1.25@2.20; receipts 148. Tar firm at $1.50; receipts 204.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, July 1.—Wheat, spot dull; No. 2 red western winter dull at 5s 7d; No. 1 northern spring 5s 6¾d; No. 1 California 5s 9¾d; futures firm; September 5s 6⅝d; December 5s 7⅛d.

The Metal Market.

New York, July 1.—Tin easy at $27.80@28. Lake copper unchanged at $17. Lead unchanged. Spelter easy at $3.90@3.95. Pig iron warrants $9.50@10.

St. Louis, July 1.—Lead firm at $4.30@4.50. Spelter firm at $3.82½.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, July 1.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, June 29th, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat 30,793,000 bushels; decrease 2,110,000.

Corn 15,158,000 bushels; decrease 2,028,000.

Oats 10,780,000 bushels; increase 179,000.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, July 1.—Cattle: Receipts 23,000, including 700 Texans. Steady; good to prime steers $5.25@6.25; poor to medium $4.15@5.15; stockers and feeders $2.75@4.60; cows $2.70@4.75; heifers $2.75@5.15; canners $2@2.65; bulls $2.75@4.60; calves $4@5.35; Texas grass steers $4.25@5.35; Texas bulls $3.50@4.20.

Hogs—Receipts 37,000. Steady to slow; good to choice heavy $5.95@6.22½; light $5.80@6.10; bulk of sales $6@6.10.

Sheep—Receipts 25,000. Weak and a shade easier; good to choice wethers $3.40@4; fair to choice mixed $3@3.70; western sheep $3.35@4; yearlings $3.60@4.10; native lambs $3.50@5.10; western lambs $4.25@5.10.

July Investments!

15,000 Alabama 4s, 1902.
20,000 Georgia 4½s, 1915.
16,000 Georgia 3½s, 1926.
8,000 Georgia 3½s, 1932.
7,000 Georgia 3½s, 1933.
4,000 Georgia 3½s, 1934.
10,000 Augusta 4½s, 1923.
7,000 Augusta 5s, 1921.
10,000 Savannah 5s, 1909.
2,000 Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co., reg'd. 6s, 1910.
15,000 Atlanta and West Point debentures, etc., etc.

Send for price list.

John W. Dickey,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

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AND
Hallgarten & Company,
26 and 28 Broad Street, New York,
INVITE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR

$8,000,000
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
Refunding Collateral Trust Five Per Cent Ten-Year Gold Bonds.

Part of a total authorized issue of $10,000,000 (of which $2,000,000 are reserved to retire an equal amount outstanding of Collateral Trust Five Per Cent Gold Bonds maturing October 1, 1902), to be secured by the deposit with the Trustee of $20,000,000 First Mortgage Fifty-Year Four Per Cent Gold Bonds of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, which latter bonds are selling in the open market at about 85.

PRINCIPAL PAYABLE MAY 1, 1911.

Interest payable semi-annually on May 1st and November 1st in the City of New York. Principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States of the present standard of weight and fineness, free of all taxes.

COUPON BONDS OF $1,000 EACH, WITH PROVISION FOR REGISTRATION AS TO PRINCIPAL.

The entire issue (but not any part of the same) is subject to redemption at 105 and accrued interest on any half-yearly interest day on three months' notice.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

A considerable part of the above bonds having been placed, subscriptions for the balance will be received at 102 and accrued interest to date of payment, at which price, if not redeemed before maturity, they will net about 4¾ per cent upon the investment.

The subscription list will be opened at ten o'clock a. m. on Friday, the 5th of July, 1901, and closed at 3 p. m., or earlier on the same day; the right is reserved to reject any application and to allot a smaller amount than applied for. Payment on allotments to be made on or before Thursday, the 11th of July, 1901, at which time interim certificates will be ready for delivery. It is expected that the engraved bonds will be ready within thirty days thereafter.

Copies of the trust agreement, which has been prepared by Messrs. Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson, may be obtained at the offices of the bankers.

Application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Reference is made to the following letter from Mr. John Skelton Williams, president of the railway. Copies of the more exhaustive letter to which Mr. Williams refers may be obtained at the offices of the bankers.

NEW YORK, June 29, 1901.

MESSRS. VERMILYE & CO.,
AND
MESSRS. HALLGARTEN & CO.,
NEW YORK.

DEAR SIRS:

With reference to the $10,000,000 Seaboard Air Line Railway Refunding Collateral Trust Five Per Cent Ten-Year Gold Bonds which you recently purchased from this Company, I beg to state that these bonds are to be secured by a deposit of $20,000,000 First Mortgage Fifty-year Four Per Cent Gold Bonds of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, due April 1st, 1950, to be held in trust by the Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Of the $10,000,000 Refunding Collateral Trust Bonds, $2,000,000 will be reserved to take up the $2,000,000 Seaboard Air Line Railway 5 Per Cent Collateral Trust Bonds, due October 1, 1902. The proceeds of the remaining $8,000,000 will be used:

(a) For the immediate retirement of the $3,400,000 six per cent certificates of indebtedness, due March 26, 1902, which are redeemable at the pleasure of the company at any time on sixty days' notice, and which will be called at once.

(b) To pay for a one-sixth interest in the Richmond-Washington Company controlling the road from Washington, D. C., to Richmond, Va., 114 miles.

(c) To pay the installments maturing prior to 1902 under all car and equipment trusts.

(d) To pay floating debt and other liabilities of the System, and

(e) To provide a fund of at least $1,000,000 for additions and improvements.

Upon the issuance of the $8,000,000 refunding bonds and the redemption of the 6 per cent certificates, the annual interest on outstanding bonds (exclusive of bonds owned by the Seaboard Air Line Railway or its constituent companies) and the rentals of the System will be as follows:

Interest on underlying bonds on the several divisions of the System*	$1,470,400
Rentals	43,500
Interest on $12,775,000 First Mortgage 4s	511,000
Interest on $2,000,000 Collateral Trust 5s, 1902	100,000
Interest on $8,000,000 Refunding Collateral Trust 5s	400,000
	$2,524,900

*The Company has outstanding $2,143,687 Car Trusts, maturing at various dates, from January 1st, 1902, to July 1st, 1918, the interest on which will be charged against income.

The total authorized issue of First Mortgage 4s is		$75,000,000
There are issued	$32,775,000	
(of which amount $20,000,000 will be deposited as collateral against $10,000,000 Refunding Collateral Trust 5s)		
Reserved for underlying bonds	29,725,000	
Issuable only after July 1, 1903, for additional properties, improvements, extensions, etc., at not exceeding $1,500,000 per annum for four years, and $1,000,000 per annum thereafter	12,500,000	
		$75,000,000

EARNINGS.

Notwithstanding the drawbacks attendant upon beginning the operation of the system as a whole, the business of the system for the eleven months ending May 31, 1901, (one month approximated), shows gross earnings of $10,008,773, against $8,801,936 for the same period in the preceding year, an increase of $1,206,837, or 13.7 per cent. The growth since January 1, 1901, has greatly exceeded previous records, as the following statement will demonstrate:

STATEMENT FROM JANUARY 1st TO APRIL 30th.

	1901	1900	Increase.	
Mileage	2,600	2,358	242 miles	10.2 per cent
Gross Earnings	$3,906,230	$3,287,400	$618,830	18.7 per cent
Operating Expenses and Taxes	2,624,563	2,409,650	214,913	9 per cent
Net Earnings	$1,281,667	$ 877,750	$403,917	46 per cent

Net Earnings, four months ending April 30, 1901		$1,281,667
Interest on outstanding Bonds	$761,800	
Interest on Car Trusts and other interest	49,864	
Rentals	14,500	826,164
Surplus		$455,503

Within the next few weeks it is expected that the necessary final action will be taken to vest in the Seaboard Air Line Railway by consolidation, or merger, or purchase, 1,210 miles of road, which include all lines in the System north of Savannah and east of Atlanta, except the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, 81 miles, from Portmouth, Va., to Weldon, N. C. The Seaboard Air Line Railway owns more than ninety-two and one-half per cent of the stock of the latter company, which is deposited with the Trustee under its first mortgage.

On the completion of the consolidation above mentioned, the first mortgage 4 per cent bonds of the Company will be secured by a first and only mortgage on some 320 miles of railroad, including 102 miles of main line from Richmond to Ridgeway and 108 miles from Hamlet to Columbia (subject only to $155,000, prior lien bonds on two branches), and also by a direct mortgage on the whole 1,210 miles of consolidated road, subject only to prior lien outstanding bonds thereon, not exceeding $12,748,000 (or an average of $10,500 per mile). The roads upon which these 4 per cent bonds will thus become a direct lien include the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, the Raleigh and Augusta Railroad, the Carolina Central Railroad, the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railroad, the South Bound Railroad, the Palmetto Railroad and several less important lines.

In conclusion, I wish to say that I have every reason to believe that such results that have been attained in the past are not a measure of the future possibilities of the property, and it is my confident expectation that the recent appointment as Vice President and General Manager of Mr. J M. Barr, who assumed charge on May 1st last, will result in establishing the property and service of the road upon the high plane of excellence which has characterized the other important railroads with which he has been heretofore connected, and that with the changes of management and the consolidation, physically and otherwise, of the several properties which comprise the System, and with additional new capital as provided, the property will reach a still higher state of efficiency, and that the earnings of the System in the not distant future will exceed $12,000,000 per annum, while the ratio of operating expenses should be less than 66 per cent.

For further details, I beg to refer you to the more exhaustive letter which I have written you under today's date.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) JNO. SKELTON WILLIAMS, President.

RICHMOND, JUNE 15, 1901.

MESSRS. VERMILYE & CO.,
AND
MESSRS. HALLGARTEN & CO.,
NEW PORK.

GENTLEMEN—I have, at your request, examined the properties constituting the system of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and also the accounts of that Company, and I concur in the statements made by President Williams in the foregoing letter.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) JOHN SCOTT.

46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, June 27, 1901.

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CRAIGIE HOUSE TO OPEN WITH BIG CELEBRATION

Patriotic Organizations to Observe Fourth of July.

GROWTH OF D. A. R. HAS BEEN GRATIFYING

Engagement of Miss Isabelle Wood and Mr. Robert Patterson. Marriage of Miss Askew and Mr. Frank Ellis This Afternoon.

THE Atlanta Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will open Craigie house the afternoon of July 4th at a quarter before 5 o'clock, when an appropriately happy and patriotic programme will be presented. Colonel Albert Cox will be the orator of the occasion, and the following patriotic bodies are invited to be present: The Piedmont Continental, Joseph Habersham and Thomas Jefferson chapters, Daughters of American Revolution; the Colonial Dames, Sons of the Colonial Wars, Sons of the American Revolution, Daughters of 1812, United Confederate Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, the Order of Robert E. Lee.

In Compliment to Miss Thompson and Her Guests

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT ALSTON entertained at a delightful supper party last evening in honor of Miss Maude Tompkins and her two guests. The table was beautifully decorated in white and pink sweet peas and a delicious and dainty supper was served. The guests were: Miss Tompkins, Miss Anderson, Miss Washington, Miss Toombs, Mr. duBignon, Mr. Natt Conyers, Dr. Hoke, Mr. R. A. Palmer.

Theater Party to Miss Louise Todd and Her Guests

Mr. Gilham Morrow entertained at a theater party at the Lyceum last evening, followed by a delightful supper, in honor of Miss Louise Todd and her attractive guests.

Those present were: Miss Todd, Miss Phillips, of North Carolina; the Misses McCabe, of Baltimore; Mr. Charles Sisson, Mr. Joseph Brown Connally, Mr. Eugene Ottley.

Mrs. Jos. Raine Addresses U.D.C.

In response to the cordial invitation of the Atlanta chapter, Daughters of American Revolution, to Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, to be present at the Fourth of July exercises at Craigie house. The latter is urged by Mrs. Joseph Raine, regent of the chapter, to attend in a body.

Miss Wilby's Reception.

Miss Eva Wilby has issued invitations for a reception the evening of July 9th, from 6 until 8 o'clock, 371 Peachtree street. The reception is a compliment to Mrs. Daniel Ruden.

Askew-Ellis.

Miss Mary R. Askew and Mr. Frank E. Ellis will be married this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Laura E. Askew, 83 East avenue. Dr. Theron H. Rice, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, will officiate.

Meeting.

The board of managers Georgia Baptist Orphans' Home will meet this morning at 10:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Second Baptist church.

Engagement of Mr. Patterson and Miss Wood

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Weems announce the engagement of their sister, Isabelle Emily Wood, to Mr. Robert Claud Patterson, the marriage to occur September 11th.

Miss Wood is a young woman of many charms, and her wide popularity, with that of Mr. Patterson, who is well known and admired, makes their engagement one of large interest.

Gratifying Growth of D. A. R.

Three of the Daughters of the American Revolution chapters which were published in the "Proceedings of the Second Annual State Conference" as incomplete have now more than the necessary number for complete organization. The Lochlan McIntosh, of Savannah, has eighteen accepted members, while the Columbus, Ga., chapter and the Stephen Heard chapter, of Elberton, have each sixteen members.

The Georgia Historical Society has in its possession several manuscripts, historical documents of great value, which for the lack of means have never been published. It is true that these papers have been accessible to the historians of our state; still much of their worth has been lost in its present form.

Recognizing the value of the information contained in these papers and the good to be accomplished by their publication, the Savannah chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, with a generous and patriotic feeling entirely worthy of that noble organization has undertaken at its own expense the publication of the collection in book form.

The issuance of this handsome volume is especially noteworthy, as the first publication by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state, as a contribution to Georgia history. The Savannas chapter has been working for the accomplishment of this end for more than two years and now it has come to "full and rounded shape at last." The chapter will distribute many volumes gratis, beginning, of course, with the state library and other prominent libraries throughout the country. The books will be on sale at $1 per volume.

The historical spirit and the tireless energy of Mrs. Edward Karow, regent of the Savannah chapter, inspired the undertaking. Mrs. Karow and Mrs. John Marshall Bryan, the regent of the Lochlan McIntosh, did much of the copying of the manuscript with their own hands.

A Watch—

If you've had several, fairly good, bad and indifferent, you will appreciate more a perfect timepiece. The Vacheron holds the highest records in a century of fine watch-making.

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Jewelers.

Social Items.

Miss Bessie Draper and Miss Jennie English have returned from Rome, Ga.

Mrs. Meta Tutt, of Augusta, is the guest of Miss Ella Pope.

Mr. John Spalding and Mr. Hugh Foreman returned Sunday night from Macon.

Mr. Charles Miller, of Augusta, Ga., is in the city for a few days.

Miss E. F. Andrews, who has been sick for the past week at Dr. Noble's sanitarium, left Sunday night for Washington, D. C., where she will spend the summer engaged in literary work.

Miss Maude Tompkins, Miss Anne Washington and Miss Lulie Anderson leave tonight for Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Belle Nash is the guest of friends in Cedartown.

Miss Marie Chaffin is the guest of relatives in Arlington, Ga.

Miss Hattie Mae Mitchell, who has been the guest of Mrs. Talmadge in Athens, has returned to the city.

Miss Anais Cay is the guest of Miss Pauline Carter.

Miss Ellen Lowry has returned to Dalton.

Mr. Frank Ellis has returned from spending Sunday at Gainesville.

Mr. Mark Johnson, of Birmingham, Ala., is in the city for a few days.

Mr. Blanton Fortson, of Washington, Ga., is in the city.

Mrs. Clarence Knowles, Miss Constance Knowles and Master Clarence Knowles, who have been visiting friends in the city, left Sunday night for Asheville.

Mr. Charlie Black returned yesterday morning from the house party given by the Misses Black at Peters' farm.

Miss Jean Swift is the guest of Miss Annie Fitten.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Powers have left for their cottage on Wrightsville beach to spend the summer.

The friends of Mrs. William Davies, who was the guest of Mrs. Robert Alston several weeks ago, will regret to learn of her serious illness at Manistee, Mich.

Mr. Priestly Orme has returned from the house party at Peters' farm.

Miss Susie Jones, of Waynesboro, is the guest of Mrs. C. Shumake.

Mr. C. W. DuBose, of Athens, is in the city.

Mr. Albert E. Thornton is in Buffalo.

Mr. John G. Winter, of Montgomery, is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. R. P. McPeer, of Knoxville, Tenn., is in Atlanta.

Mr. Ben Lee Crew returned Sunday from Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Dozier, of Carrollton, are spending a few days in the city.

Mr. R. W. Campbell, of Augusta, is in the city.

Miss Bessie May, of Montgomery, Ala., is in Atlanta for several days.

Mr. A. S. Bacon, of Savannah, is in the city.

Mrs. Charlotte Peck left last week for Warm Springs.

Miss Annie Fitten will entertain the Tallulah club tomorrow morning.

Miss Lucy Newman leaves today to visit Miss Maybell Powers at Wrightsville Beach.

Miss Josie Stockdell leaves this week for Old Point Comfort.

A delightfully informal party was entertained at the Driving Club last evening in honor of Miss Tompkins, Miss Washington and Miss Anderson.

Mrs. Robert Thack, of Birmingham, Ala., is the guest of Mrs. Edward Werner.

Miss Fannie LaHatte leaves today to spend the summer in Philadelphia and New York. Before returning home she will also visit Buffalo and the Pan-American.

The Woman's Relief Corps of G. A. R. will hold a Fourth of July celebration at the residence of Mrs. S. Cole, Gordon street, West End. Recitations, music, cake walk by Uncle Sam and our new possessions, fire works and refreshments. All members and friends invited.

Mr. and Mrs. St. Julien Ravenel, of New York, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Clark.

Miss Jean Swift is receiving a warm welcome from her friends in the city and is the guest of Miss Annie Fitten.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Goldsmith will make their home with Mrs. John Fitten.

Mrs. Earnest West leaves next week for Brooklyn.

Mrs. Ida M. Palmer will make her permanent residence in New York.

Mr. J. Lewis Brown is at present in Switzerland.

Mrs. W. H. Felton spent Sunday in the city en route from Warm Springs.

Mrs. Henrietta Hill Thompson will spend the summer at Mt. Airy.

Mrs. C. P. N. Barber and Miss Barber are in Marietta.

Miss Anne Wallace and Miss Julia Rankin leave today for a visit in the northwest.

Mrs. Walter Taylor will retain her cottage on Peachtree street during the summer months.

Mrs. Martha Harris and Miss Sallie Maud Jones are the guests of Mrs. James Boynton in Griffin.

Miss Iredell, who has been the guest of Miss Janie Speer, returns home today.

Messrs. Winship Nunnally and Willis Ragan, Jr., will attend college in Oxford this fall.

Mr. Frank Hawkins has returned home.

Dr. and Mrs. J. N. Ellis will visit Virginia this summer.

Mrs. Orr Venable is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Walter Jervey, who is very much better.

Mrs. John Dailey is very much better.

Miss Martha Boynton is visiting in Pennsylvania.

Miss Wood, of Cedartown, and Miss Janie Reed, of Crawfordville, were guests last week of Misses Adele and Eleanor Waddell at their home on West Harris.

Miss Minnie Avis Tidwell will spend the next ten days in Quitman, Ga., as the guest of Miss Eddie McCall.

The friends of Colonel T. B. Neal will be glad to learn that he was resting well last evening at the sanitarium of Dr. Noble, on Pryor street.

Little Miss Corry Hoyt Brown was resting easier yesterday morning.

Miss Josie Stockdell will spend part of July at Old Point Comfort.

Miss Elizabeth Lovejoy has returned home.

Mr. Albyn Haynes has returned home.

Mrs. W. E. Wilmerding returns home this week.

Mrs. Lee Jordan's many friends in Atlanta will be interested to learn that she leaves Macon for New York Saturday, and that she will sail for Europe July 11th. She will be accompanied by her friend, Mrs. Pancoast, of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Atkinson and their children will spend a part of the summer in Canada.

Mr. Charles D. Ryan will visit Tate Springs this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hartsfield are in the city.

Mrs. Nathaniel Baxter has returned to Nashville.

Mr. Robert Alston will attend the meeting of the bar association at Warm Springs this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton Smith will spend this week at Warm Springs.

Captain Joseph Haskell has returned from a trip through the west.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Draper, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Ashford, Mr. and Mrs. Cobb Caldwell and Miss Draper will spend the greater part of the summer in Tennessee.

Miss Jennie English and Miss Bessie Draper have returned from Rome.

Mrs. Ira Fort leaves next week for a visit to California.

Mrs. Julien Field will spend part of the summer in North Carolina.

Dr. Frank Ridley has returned to LaGrange.

Mr. W. P. Hill has returned from Macon.

Mrs. Alexander Smith is very much better.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parrott, accompanied by Mrs. Laulie Ray Parrott, leave next week for a visit to Tate Springs. Later Mrs. Parrott will visit Asheville.

Mrs. E. F. Andrews, of Washington, Ga., who has been at Dr. Noble's for the week past, is better.

Mr. Smith Pickett, of Jacksonville, Fla., is at the Aragon.

Misses Emeline Haynes, Bertha Ford, Rosa Berman, Kate Massey, Agnes Morgan, Lillian Pierce and Kate Culpepper have returned from Warm Springs.

Professor and Mrs. W. M. Slaton and Miss Lamar Slaton are in Greenville, Ga.

Mrs. Charles Roberts and Miss Marie Roberts leave Thursday for White Path for the summer.

Miss Wilmer Minchehor, of Troy, Ala., is the guest of Mrs. John Murphy, on Pryor street.

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin and Miss Rankin will visit Tate Springs in July.

Miss Annie Reid Rhett has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Heath and family will spend the summer at Roswell, Ga.

Mr. Forrest Adair and Miss Elizabeth Adair have returned home.

Miss Kirtley has returned from Warm Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Spain, the Misses MacDonald and Captain Nash have returned from Warm Springs.

Miss Mary Aldridge is at Lithia.

Miss Marie Holliday leaves Thursday for Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.

Miss McGee, of Rome, who has been visiting Mrs. Eula B. Griffin, has returned home.

Miss Catherine Cain, of Quitman, Ga., will spend Sunday in Atlanta.

GEORGIA WOMAN WRITES OF THE LONDON SEASON

London, June 18.—(Special Correspondence.)—They say with truth that the season in London—even now in its very midst—is declining. The people are leaving for the continent. Lucerne is the fashionable resort of the English nobility. Social functions are confined almost exclusively to the opera, dinner parties and the giddy parade at Hyde Park; tho' the small and very rash gambling at bridge whist is still the folly of the hour. Many women are head over heels in debt from this cause, and men are sharing similar fates. It is as distressing as 'tis demoralizing to know that this state is actually existing among what was, and is esteemed, the most religious, polite and cultured society in Great Britain.

I think I told you of this in my last letter, but it is so pronounced, ministers are so loud in their denunciations and the press so full of admonition, that I am impressed with its extent. When once an austere and phlegmatic nation assumes a vice, they rush into it with the same gusto as they embrace a virtue.

The game, I fancy, is not so much indulged in from love of greed, 'tis more the caprice of the grand dame, which is actuated through rivalship. You seldom, if you mark closely, see a woman struggle for her own personal betterment, she must have some incentive for competition in order to plunge forth her highest endeavors. As for my part, as long as she feels she must gamble, I wish her success. It is not such a drain upon her nervous system to come out victorious in any of her games of chance. Give her victory throughout life and the reposeful, restful side of her nature is turned toward society. She is sweet to contemplate! It is the woman whose sympathies have suffered and struggled over a bitter defeat and felt the depression of thwarted ambition, who repels the outstretched hand of humanity. She shrinks from friendship with the same broken spirit which shirks the responsibilities of her finer nature and true principles.

Royalty has much to do with the customs of its court and nobility. Everybody in the kingdom knows that Edward VII is not averse to small vices. He does not confine himself to virtues, I promise you.

The queen is to the contrary—if being absorbed in her grandchildren and the numerous changes going on in the reconstruction of Windsor castle—are indications of her womanly qualifications. She is either a very clever and tactful wife in her unmindfulness of the censorious voice of May Fair or extremely callous to its innuendoes.

She is also very fond of driving her own automobile, which is a most unostentatious little machine and managed perfectly by her royal hands. The king possesses a most gorgeous one, stamped with his coat of arms and every appurtenance to his exalted position.

I saw Queen Alexandra, who is now in London, driving in the park in a smart victoria. She was gowned in deep black with a dainty chiffon ruffle at her throat. She is handsome and well preserved—a trifle stiff, maybe. Her placid exterior denotes a contented existence. The great secret of happiness, says a philosopher, is not enjoying, but renouncing. Another secret, which such natures learn sooner or later, is to suffer and be silent.

It requires the proverbial well-oiled disposition of the Englishman not to croak and groan over the invasion of their country by the commercial kings of America. From the present outlook it is very possible that they will have possession of him and everything he owns before he musters up nerve to resist them. There is no use disguising the fact that he is essentially a lazy mortal, and his indulgence in club life unfits him for commercial achievements.

The reception given by Ambassador Choate to the New York chamber of commerce was one of the most lavish entertainments that has ever occurred at Carlton house. He is a graceful host, and is not slow to extend hospitality to his countrymen. It is a happy selection of our government to have a man with such a high order of intellectuality to represent us at the court of St. James. I think his claim to this reputation has never been questioned. He stood, we all know, with his illustrious father, at the head of the American bar, among the greatest legal lights blazing around the temple of fame.

Say what you will of royalty, nobility and English scions, commend me all the same to American brains with all of their primitive fertility, as well as splendid culture. The knowledge which they gain from their own country is combined with the benefit of travel. The American capitalist is by no means crude or provincial. He is crammed with erudition and can compete with any scholar of this land.

The Choate home is a gorgeous mansion flanked by the Carlton terrace and St. James park. It is furnished in a simple but elegant style. That which is usually overdone in the spacious mansions of America is happily conspicuous by its absence.

On the night of the reception given to the New York chamber of commerce, a table was set in the banquet hall overlooking the sumptuous garden of St. James, and the large corridor leading thereto was exquisitely decorated with many blossoms and potted ferns. Behind a trellis of vines sat a stringed orchestra, which gave forth national airs. The street was under the control of a special squad of police in order to keep the private carriages and hansoms in perfect order as they arrived and departed.

The ambassador received at the head of the stairway and the entrance of each guest was announced in a stentorian voice by a gorgeously liveried page, whereupon the hospitable host grasped his visitor by the hand and then presented him to the president of the New York chamber of commerce, Mr. Jesup.

After mingling with the crowd the guest gradually descended to the supper room, where every conceivable luxury was to be found. The wine list was perfect.

The banquet given the next night by the London chamber of commerce to our same illustrious citizens was held at Grocer's hall, Princes street. Here, too, assembled English lords and millionaires to greet their wealthy cousins from across the sea. Wine flowed freely enough to open the floodgates of patriotism. Uncle Sam's health was imbibed by cousin Jonathan, who at the same time stuffed this gentleman's ample capacity with sugar plums and taffy. The truth is, the American feels his importance now on this little island. He hears so much of his own pluck and enterprise—his missions and his wonderful prospect for future developments—that he strokes his bearded chin and strides with equilibrium. But I was telling you of the banquet and not Uncle Sam's pomposity.

While these commercial invaders were being wined and dined they were toasted like Bacchus. Little Mr. Carnegie answered their courtesy in words stronger than his body. J. P. Morgan was reticent. His is the order of mind which does much listening and little conversing. He is not unlike Brer Rabbit, who usually scratches his head and "lays low." Mr. Clement A. Grescom uttered a few commonplace remarks, which were followed by other speeches, accompanied by the jingle of wine glasses and patriotic enthusiasm. There was a hush and Mr. Choate arose—everybody always expects to hear something worth hearing from him—and in a few words he covered the ground with firm and faithful sentiments.

The table, to use a trite metaphor, groaned under the weight of roses and rich viands. The Americans have no reason to complain of the munificence and generous entertainment from the city of London.

There is a great deal being said of Kaid McLean, who has arrived in this country with the ambassador of Morocco to offer the sultan's congratulations to Edward VII. The oriental minister brought with him, besides his good intentions, two wives, whom he placed in the upper story of a palatial mansion overlooking Hyde park. These royal ladies are closely veiled and are under the most rigid surveillance. They are not allowed even to see or be seen by their attendants. The lower part of their windows have thick damask curtains and they are not at liberty to peep into the sunlit gardens beyond. They never see a human face but their own reflections in the mirrors, and their liege lord's, who I hear makes his visits like an angel's—few and far between.

Kaid McLean, a once humble Scotch soldier, has turned from his stolid faith and become a Mussulman. He is said to have more influence in the sultan's army than any other commander. His salary is simply enormous. This is from understanding so many different tongues. He is a perfect linguist.

The ambassador of Morocco—a typical Moor and a most polished and agreeable person, though he does not speak a word of English—brought with him a gorgeous sword heavily studded with rare jewels which he presented to the king with a felicitous little speech, interpreted by the useful Scotchman. There may be a diplomatic move behind the generosity of the oriental embassy. 'Tis said that the condition of political affairs in Morocco is somewhat complicated. The sultan is uneasy at the encroachments of France and desires to strengthen himself by a European ally. England's ownership of Gibraltar would cause her to protect herself at that point and in this way deter the maneuvers of other countries. But the lives of servitude of these two Moorish ladies stir my compassion more than any political complication. They are object lessons for our own free, untrampled existence to contemplate.

The next exciting event in the English world of fashion is the Ascot race, which promises to be less brilliant than usual—since the king has prescribed that no color shall be worn. Black gloves, ties, and full mourning regulation, among the men, and black and white and mauve with the women. So madam la comtesse will have nothing in her attire to differentiate her from the actress in her somber garb. The turf with both these sporting ladies means something more than the bright coloring in their attire. They open their purses on this occasion to reap a rich harvest of guineas—or perhaps lose all they have hitherto won at bridge whist—nous verrons!

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A hint to those who've been waiting for Bargains. Come in, but don't talk about it till you've made your pick.

One-fourth off on all Straw Hats.
$1.50 to $4.50 off on Men's Suits.
One-third off on all Children's Suits.

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WILL INSTALL OFFICERS.

Public Installation and Entertainment Tonight by Cherokee Tribe, Red Men.

The newly elected officers of Cherokee tribe, Red Men, will be installed tonight.

The exercises will be public and a delightful entertainment will be given in connection with the installation. Delicious refreshments will be served during the evening. All of the members of the tribe and their friends are cordially invited to be present.

FRANK POTTS TO GIVE 'CUE.

Special Train Will Leave Atlanta for Lenox on July 4th.

Mr. Frank M. Potts will give a barbecue at his country home at "Lenox," Cobb county, on Thursday, July 4th. A special train provided for the guests of the occasion will leave the union depot at 11:40 a. m.

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This is to certify that I think Dr. Butler's Magnetic Treatment is a most wonderful success, as verified on myself. The doctor relieved me of a neuralgia after repeated doses of antikamnia and morphine had failed. I recommend his treatment to any one suffering from nervous diseases. S. S. ROBINSON, M. D.

One of the most popular dentists in Griffin, Dr. H. J. Garland, testifies to the cure he received at the hands of the magnetic healer, Dr. Butler, when the best medical aid had failed to help him:

Griffin, Ga., Oct. 2, 1900.

This is to certify that Dr. Butler has cured me of a severe pain in my side, caused from my liver and kidneys being out of order.

H. J. GARLAND, Dentist.

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Popular Prices, 10, 15 and 25c.

The Theatres

The performance last night at the Lyceum played to one of the best houses of the season. Upstairs and down were well filled, including both tiers of boxes. A good bill is on for this week, headed by the Aglos trio, who come up even to the expectations aroused by superlative advance notices. Their act was excellent of its kind, remarkable balancing feats and tests of strength. One awe-inspiring accomplishment exhibits the man holding a chair between his teeth with a woman seated in the chair, also balancing a heavy table between her teeth. Added to this the man balances on a large ball during the feat. A beautiful and intelligent dog also excites the admiration of the audience.

George C. Davis made the hit of the evening when he opened up his budget of brand new stories and Irish imitations. He was the most genuinely entertaining feature on the programme. His extemporaneous song in rhyme, making good-humored local hits in the audience, provoked spontaneous applause and continued encore.

Wilson and Leicester sang some romantic songs with plenty of "heart interest," which appealed to the sentimentally inclined.

The "winsomeness" of Miss "Dot," surnamed Davenport, is a matter of personal taste. But what she lacked in voice she made up in nerve, and the gallery seemed pleased, so she is probably earning her salary.

As has been the case frequently recently the performance was late in beginning. The first number did not open until a quarter to 9, occasioning demonstrations of impatience from the audience.

The pianist was, as usual, a delight of the evening and furnished his share, which is always a large proportion, of the pleasure of the Lyceum shows. He is a whole orchestra rolled into one.

Fourth of July Rates.

On July 2d, 3d and 4th the Seaboard Air-Line Ry. will sell round-trip tickets to all points within the states of Georgia, South and North Carolina, Virginia and including Washington, D. C., at the rate of one and one-third fares. Tickets good returning until July 8th. Ticket office 12 Kimball house.

WINSTON CHURCHILL

Has written a great book to follow in the wake of "Richard Carvel." "The Crisis" would make him famous, were he not already "known" throughout the world. "The Crisis" is for sale by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

$60.00 San Francisco and Return Via Southern Railway.

Account Epworth League convention, San Francisco, Cal., July 18-21, 1901, Southern railway will sell round trip tickets from Atlanta for $60, and from all other points at correspondingly low rates.

Tickets on sale July 5th to 12th, inclusive, good to return as late as August 31st.

Choice of all routes, via New Orleans, Shreveport, St. Louis, Memphis or Kansas City.

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MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO. VS. BOWEN & CARTER—Notice is hereby given that we will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder before the courthouse door in Atlanta, Ga., county of Fulton, at 10 o'clock a. m., July 18th, twenty shares of East Edgewood Land Co.'s stock, being numbered 44, and bearing date of March 19, 1892. Said stock having been pledged to us to secure an indebtedness of $1,000 and interest due by Bowen & Carter. The proceeds of said stock to be applied first to the payment of said debt and cost accruing. The residue, if any, to be delivered to Bowen & Carter.

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Peter Lynch is also running at No. 7 West Mitchell street his great Variety Store, and is daily getting more and more established as such. He has now on hand Spring Turnip Seeds, Bush Beans, Cornfield Beans, Butter Beans, Onion Sets, Seed, Corn in the Ear, and nearly all other Seeds fo. garden and field planting; Kentucky Blue Grass Seed, also Fruit Jars, Mason's Improved, Mason's Metal Top, Millville and Woodbury, pints, quarts and half gallons; also gardening and other tools; 100 empty wine and spirit barrels, half barrels and kegs. Terms cash.

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E. Van Winkle Gin & Machine Works
Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Mang'r Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 8, Austell, Ga.

IF YOU NEED SHINGLES
...Come to See Us...
The timber from which our Shingles were manufactured has not been bled, therefore our Shingles last longer than others.
Prompt delivery—Low Prices—'Phone 532.
SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER COMPANY.
O. STEWART, Proprietor—62 W. Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.

MAY NOT BUY CITY HALL BUILDING

Joint Committee Does Not Favor the Proposition.

WILL DECIDE IT NEXT WEEK

City May Want To Put Up a $250,000 Building Soon.

OPPOSITION TO SALE OF LAKEWOOD

Use of Appropriation for Formwalt Street School Brought Into Question.

The council committees on finance and public buildings and grounds do not appear to view with any degree of favor the proposition from the Atlanta chamber of commerce that the city take the chamber of commerce building and assume the existing indebtedness upon it, amounting to $37,500.

The matter was brought up for consideration before these committees in joint session yesterday morning, and several citizens and members of the chamber were present to speak in favor of the plan. Those who addressed the meeting were President J. K. Orr, of the chamber of commerce; Wylie Pope, one of its directors; Hugh T. Inman and Captain J. W. English, who appeared only as citizens to urge the acceptance of the proposition. It was argued that the investment would be a valuable one, that the property was cheap, and that ultimately the city might build a city hall upon the property that would comport with the dignity and importance of the city. Several side lines of discussion were indulged in during the session.

The proposition from the chamber of commerce was that the city should take the property and assume the indebtedness of $37,500, of which $7,500 is due within a few months and bears interest at 8 per cent, while $30,000 is in 5 per cent bonds, due in about two years more. It is said the property originally cost the chamber about $58,000.

Says Building Is Safe.

Before entering into a discussion of the question, members of the committee said they would like to hear from Building Inspector Frank Pittman with regard to the condition of the building. This followed a motion by Councilman Barrett to accept the proposition of the chamber of commerce.

"The building is absolutely safe for its present purposes," said Mr. Pittman when he appeared before the committees. "The walls are poorly put together, but the materials are good. The brick inside the walls was laid dry—without mortar. The foundations are all right and there has been no sinking except at one corner, where there is a small crack. The building is perfectly safe for the purpose for which it is now used, but would hardly do for a wholesale grocery store."

After this statement Alderman Day seconded the motion of Councilman Barrett to accept the chamber's propositon.

"It is a poor policy," Mayor Mims said, "to buy something that won't suit our purpose simply because it's cheap. It is not desirable to have a piece of unproductive property. Property does not increase in value to any extent in this section of the city. Rents are low around this building, and some of the buildings in this section are unproductive."

"I have bought some little property," said Councilman Longino, "and I have always been suspicious when a fellow was anxious to sell. I am not in favor of buying this building or the custom house either. Some day before long, when we can afford it, we want to put up a $250,000 city hall, and I believe we had better jog along as we are going now and wait until we can get the money to pay for such a building as we ought to have."

The city is now paying the chamber of commerce $4,500 a year rental, but practically all of the help about the building is paid for out of that. The Masons pay $1,000 a year for the upper floor. It was considered that the city would have little advantages in owning the building over the present arrangement, especially as it would have to pay 8 per cent and 5 per cent on the indebtedness assumed. Councilman Rawson declared that the rate of interest was too high, especially the 8 per cent on $7,500, and that the city did not have that amount of money to pay off the indebtedness at the present time.

Councilman Rawson thought some action should be taken at once, so that the chamber of commerce might sell the building to some one else if it had an opportunity to do so. Other members of the committees, however, wanted further time for consideration, and it was decided to postpone final action until Wednesday, July 10th.

It was clear from the discussion that the two committees were not in favor of accepting the proposition, and it is believed it will be declined.

Would Not Sell Lakewood.

A question was raised before the two committees as to whether the city would consent to part with its property at Lakewood, consisting of about 360 acres. The matter came up on a request of the mayor for an expression of opinion from the committees as to what was being done with the property and what should be done with it.

It was reported that some party had offered to pay $35,000 for the property, or about $100 an acre. Who made the offer is not known. The mayor did not know and none of the committeemen knew, but they did know they did not want the property sold.

"It would be the grandest mistake we could make to sell this Lakewood property at any price," declared Councilman Barrett. "That property will one day be to Atlanta what Fairmount park is to Philadelphia. It will be the life preserver of future generations, and it would be robbing them to part with it."

Other members of the committee took the same view, and this question was asked:

"If any member of the committee is in favor of selling the Lakewood property at any price let's hear from him."

Nobody had a word to say and the conclusion was that Lakewood is positively not for sale.

Money for Formwalt School.

Before the meeting adjourned members of the finance committee got into a discussion over the matter of $3,000 which was appropriated to build the eighth grade at Formwalt Street school, and which the board of education has diverted to the purpose of making other school repairs.

Several members of the committee protested strenuously against this action, saying the money had been specifically appropriated by council to the purpose named. It was suggested that a committee see the president of the board of education as to whether the eighth grade at the school was wanted or not.

Councilman Rawson thought that the board of education knew more about spending its money than did council, and that it should be allowed full discretion in that respect.

Some of the members made the threat, however, that they would bring the matter up before council and ask for an investigation. The matter was mentioned in council meeting but no action was taken.

SAY STREET IS OBSTRUCTED

Property Owners Want Kendall Street Opened.

RECORDER HEARS THE CASE

Proceedings in Nature of Civil Suit. Recorder Must Say Whether Obstructions Are Nuisance.

It isn't often that the recorder holds a trial in which there is no case entered against a defendant, but it happened yesterday morning, when he was called upon to say whether or not a house and fence erected across a thoroughfare which has been known as Kendall street, and which is first north of Highland avenue and runs from Fortune street to the railroad, was a nuisance within the meaning of the city ordinance and city charter.

There are about sixty lots facing on Kendall street. In 1880, when that section of the city was not within the limits, Mrs. Martha Johnson, it is now contended, opened Kendall street. It was forty feet wide and was first known as Mangum street. Several of the lots on the street were sold to the Equitable Loan and Security Company. The remainder were bought by W. B. Lowe and Charles A. Davis.

A short while ago the company and J. E. Carroll, who bought a lot, obstructed the street by the erection of three fences and a stable.

Heirs of W. B. Lowe and Charles Davis instituted the proceedings in the recorder's court to have Recorder Broyles declare the obstructions nuisances, so that the street could be opened.

It was stated that Kendall street had been accepted by an ordinance in council after it was made a part of the city.

The defendants filed a demurrer, alleging that the plaintiffs or complainants had not known that the city had legally accepted the street. The demurrer was overruled and Wednesday morning set for a hearing of the facts in the case. The recorder will have to go into the titles of the property, making the investigation in the nature of a civil suit.

Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne should be in every household. It is perfectly pure and naturally fermented.

CLEARINGS BREAK RECORD.

$1,000,000 Increase in Clearing House Statement Over Last June's Business.

Atlanta's growth can be no better indicated than in the clearing house report given out yesterday by Darwin G. Jones. "Money talks," and Atlanta's clearing house figures speak eloquently and convincingly of its increasing prosperity.

During June of this year the local banks did nearly $1,000,000 worth of business more than in the same month last year. Every month since January has shown a proportionate increase over the corresponding time last year.

These figures are taken over a time which has been generally considered dull. Last month's bank clearings amounted to $6,845,146, as compared with last June's $5,811,392. Increase over last year in the past six months has been nearly $10,000,000. This is perhaps a better record than shown by any other city in the country. Being due to no unusual causes or "boom" prosperity, it testifies to the city's steady and substantial growth and prosperity.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at all drug stores. Every bottle guaranteed.

Quicker Schedules Than Ever Before to Morehead City, N. C., Via Southern Railway.

On June 23d the Southern Railway inaugurated for the summer season quick through schedules to Morehead City, N. C., connecting with all through trains from Atlanta.

Trains leaving Atlanta at 12 noon and 12:20 p. m. reach Morehead City at 11:15 next morning. Train leaving Atlanta at 11:50 p. m. reaches Morehead City next evening at 9:15.

The summer tourist rate Atlanta to Morehead City and return is $23.60; final limit October 31, 1901.

For any additional information desired, address

BROOKS MORGAN, D. P. A., Atlanta.

JULY 4TH.

Low Rates Via Southern Railway.

One and one-third fare round trip to all points east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers via Southern railway. Tickets on sale July 2d, 3d and 4th; limit July 8, 1901.

Information Kimball House corner, 'phone 142; or Union Depot, 'phone 178.

BROOKS MORGAN, D. P. A., Atlanta.

WHAT MORE DELIGHTFUL

For summer reading than Mark Twain's books of bubbling humor? They may be had at popular prices at Miller's, 39 Marietta.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Buffalo via Erie R. R.

Effective Sunday, June 23d, the Erie will run through Pullman sleepers to Buffalo on train No. 8 leaving Cincinnati at 6:25 p. m., arriving Buffalo the following morning. Passing Chautauqua Lake en route with privilege of stopping off in both directions if desired. For Pan-American, Chautauqua Lake and New York tickets with 10 days' stopover privilege at Buffalo, berth reservations and handsome Pan-American folder, apply to connecting lines in Atlanta or H. C. Holabird, G. A. P. D., Erie R. R., 11 W. 4th st., Cincinnati, O.

The South's Opportunity

of a lifetime to see Nature's wonder, the Falls of Niagara. Low fares to the Pan-American exposition, via Philadelphia or New York and the Lehigh Valley railroad. Write Chas. S. Lee, general passenger agent, New York, for pamphlet describing the route.

ATLANTA LEADS IN LOW TEMPERATURE

Northern and Western Cities Suffer from Great Humidity.

PROSTRATIONS REPORTED

At the Highest Point Yesterday Atlanta's Temperature Was 90.6.

CROP CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVED

Peaches Are Reported Shorter Than at First Expected—Some of the Fruit Will Be Very Fine.

Yesterday's temperature in Atlanta:

Highest	90.6 degrees.
Lowest	73 degrees.
Mean	81.8 degrees.
Normal	77 degrees.

Yesterday's temperature in other cities:

Baltimore—102 degrees at noon; 88 degrees at 8 a. m.; humidity, 65 per cent.

Chicago—92 degrees at noon; humidity, 65 per cent.

New Haven—96 degrees at noon.

Columbus, O.—96 degrees at 12:30 p. m.

St. Joseph, Mo.—105 degrees at 10 a. m.

Kansas City—100 degrees at 2 o'clock.

Indianapolis—92 degrees at 10:30 a. m.

Cincinnati—96 degrees at noon.

Louisville—97 degrees at 4 p. m.; excessive humidity.

Philadelphia—102 degrees at noon.

Washington—192 degrees at 2 p. m.

New York—98 degrees at 4 p. m.

In various cities over 400 prostrations from heat were reported yesterday, and over one hundred deaths.

The foregoing table shows that Atlanta yesterday was one of the coolest cities in the country. All during the past week, when so much suffering was reported in northern and western cities Atlanta has maintained a comparative coolness.

The official monthly meteorological summary shows the coolest day in June to have been on the 13th, with an average of 67 degrees, highest 71, lowest 63. The hottest day was on the 25th, reaching 95 degrees. The month averaged about normal in temperature.

The highest point yesterday was 90.6, which was much less than in other large cities. A shower in the afternoon cooled the air and layed the excessive dust blown about in thick gusts by the preceding wind storms. There have been no prostrations or deaths in Atlanta from heat, as has been the case for two weeks past in northern cities. As a practical summer resort Atlanta is exhibiting all the necessary qualifications.

Today is forecasted continued high temperature with local thunder showers.

These afternoon showers, which are a characteristic of tropical countries, are getting to be a regular feature of Atlanta weather.

Condition of crops all over the state is much improved. Cessation of previous wet weather has enabled farmers to work in the fields. The peach crop is reported poor and shorter than expected. Many peaches have rotted, though the new trees will bear well. Some of the fruit which will mature is counted on as being particularly fine. The apple crop is reported small.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.

DATE OF OLD KIMBALL HOUSE

Statement Corrected as to Time When Kimball House Was First Built

A recent statement in regard to the date of erection of the old Kimball house was inadvertently erroneous. Ground was first broken for the hotel building on March 28, 1870, instead of 1872, as previously stated.

The Constitution's attention was called to this error by William R. Hanliter, of Hapeville, Ga. Mr. Hanliter states that Mr. Kimball purchased the lot March 26, 1870, and that the hotel opened October 17, 1870, ready for guests attending the first great Atlanta exposition.

MR. ELFE CORRECTS ERROR.

John A. Elfe and Family Are Not in a Destitute Condition, as Previously Stated.

A statement previously made in The Constitution in regard to the condition of John A. Elfe and his family appears to have been erroneous. Mr. Elfe states that he did not write to the chief of police that he was in a destitute condition, nor convey such an impression to any officer. Being both deaf and crippled, Mr. Elfe was unable to care for his aged mother, whom he wished to have admitted to the hospital. In soliciting the aid of Chief Ball for this purpose an erroneous impression of his being in a destitute condition was inadvertently printed.

Low Rates to Delightful Cumberland Island.

Southern railway sells daily round trip tickets to Cumberland island, good to return until October 31st, at $13.15; sells on Saturdays good to return late as Monday night, at $6.50 round trip.

Hotel now open; service first-class; fishing good; surf excellent.

Through sleeper leaves Atlanta 10:45 p. m. daily for Brunswick. Close boat connection.

For further information address Brooks Morgan, D. P. A., Atlanta.

Low Rate Excursion Tickets.

To Buffalo, N. Y., and the east, via Central of Georgia railway to Savannah thence steamship lines via New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia.

Tickets are now on sale to Buffalo for the Pan-American exposition at very low rates, also summer tourist tickets to all eastern cities, choice of routes, all rail or via Savannah and steamer. For full particulars, rates, schedules and sailing dates of steamers from Savannah, apply to any Central of Georgia railway agent, or to W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., 16 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Contractors and Skilled Mechanics Wanted at Jacksonville.

Since the great Jacksonville fire a large amount of building has commenced and a great many individuals and firms are expecting to go to work rebuilding just as soon as contractors and laborers can be secured to do the work.

Contractors can find information of value by calling on Brooks Morgan, district passenger agent Southern railway, at Kimball House.

G. W. ADAIR, - - Auctioneers.

On Tuesday, July 2d, at 11 o'clock we will sell at auction before the courthouse door the Irby property at administrator's sale.

There are six pieces of property as follows:

1. No. 134 West Pine street, corner Lovejoy, lot 33.3x95, with a 3-room house.
2. No. 168 Magnolia street, lot 50x200, with four houses on it.
3. No. 340 Mangum street, 74x106, well built 6-room house.
4. No. 344 Mangum street, 38.2x100, adjoining above, good 4-room house.
5. No. 348 Mangum street, 37.1x99.5, corner Henry street, good 4-room house.
6. One-half interest in corner Rhodes and Mangum street, Nos. 186 and 190, lot 100x93.

Investors and home seekers will do well to attend this sale. Plats and full information at office.

G. W. ADAIR, 8 Wall St.

IS IT WORTH WHILE?

With reference to many things this question may well be asked.

However, if it's a matter of Printing quality, no good business man will question the importance of having his advertising matter make the right impression. Nothing can do this better than the "Best." That's the kind of Printing we do, therefore it will be worth your while to see us before placing your order for anything in that line. Our Office Supplies and Blank Books are of the "Best" kind, too.

Foote & Davies Company
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

JUST A MOMENT!!!

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

Next Tuesday afternoon, July 2nd, at 4:30 o'clock, I will sell at auction that valuable business property known as 58 Central avenue (Loyd street). This property is divided into four lots, and is located right

IN THE CENTER OF ATLANTA,

within 500 feet of the Kimball house, depot, court house and capitol. I have positive instructions to sell, owing to the ill health of the owner. This class of property is RARE; none on the market. You can purchase this at your own price. An absolute bona fide sale. For further information, plats, etc., apply to

COKER REAL ESTATE CO., Agents, 47 1-2 Central Avenue.
STEVE JOHNSON, Real Estate Auctioneer.

For Sale.

Don't fail to avail yourself of this bargain. A cottage on Woodward avenue, close to junction of Cherokee and Woodward, 6 rooms, east front, well shaded; lot 50x195, gas, water and baths. Price will suit; easy terms. Must sell and will.

On Hill street, between Glennwood and Clark, we have a cottage for sale; 6 rooms; terraced yard, beautiful flowers, east front and will surely please you. Call to see us. Price $3,000, and terms to suit.

Robson & Holleman
GOULD BUILDING.

$25 will pay for as good a suit made to order as the majority of men require. We can supply such a suit, which is valued at $35 elsewhere. The goods are first class, the tailoring and cutting beyond criticism and entire satisfaction is insured to the customer.

BARTRAM & SHOMO,
For the Present at
85 NORTH PRYOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that Arthur S. Wilson has applied to the superior court of Fulton county for removal of disabilities imposed by the granting of a divorce to his wife, Georgia T. Wilson, and the same will be heard in said court at Atlanta, Ga., at the fall term to be held on the first Monday in September, 1901. LAVENDER R. RAY, Attorney at Law for Petitioner.

A. F. LIEBMAN

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

I am authorized by a non-resident to sell two half acre lots, near the Agnes Scott institute, in Decatur at a great sacrifice. The price will interest any one familiar with the locality.

$7,500 buys a close in corner, 100 x100, on which is located a substantial brick building. The best value for the amount in the city.

A. F. LIEBMAN
28 Peachtree Street.

Whew!!!!
Ain't It Hot?
Our famous Dixie Ventilators will reduce the temperature in your house more than anything else—try them.

Dowman Mfg. Co.,
Both 'Phones 525. 20 Trinity Ave.
Contractors for Tin, Galvanized Iron and Slate Work Anywhere.

$14.25
CINCINNATI AND RETURN
—VIA—
SOUTHERN RAILWAY,
ACCOUNT
Christian Endeavor Convention,
JULY 6-10, 1901.

Tickets on sale July 4, 5 and 6, good to return as late as September 1st, on deposit and payment 50 cents.

TWO DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY

LEAVE ATLANTA 5:15 P. M. ARRIVE CINCINNATI 8:00 A. M.,
LEAVE ATLANTA 5:30 A. M. ARRIVE CINCINNATI 7:45 P. M.

Through Train, Dining Cars and Sleepers. The Direct Route--Several Hours Quicker.

Official train with Delegates to Convention will leave Atlanta

5:30 A. M. FRIDAY, JULY 5TH,

in charge of State Manager Rev. C. J. Harris. For circulars and detailed information address

BROOKS MORGAN, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MARKHAM—The friends of Miss Emma Markham, Mr. Marcellus O. Markham, Mrs. Robert J. Lowry and Mrs. T. G. Healey are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Emma Markham from the residence of Mrs. T. G. Healey, corner Ivy street and Auburn avenue, this (Tuesday) morning, July 2d, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Oakland.

The Georgia State Board of Embalming will meet in the city of Macon, Ga., on July 16th, for the purpose of examining applicants in said state.

For further information apply to secretary.

W. EDWARD PLATT, President.
L. H. BURGHARD, Secretary.

MEETING.

A regular communication of Georgia lodge, No. 96, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Work and lectures. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to meet with us.

WILLIAM M. SLATON, W. M.
M. Z. CRIST, Secretary.

Meeting Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Bank Block Association will be held on Tuesday, July 9, 1901, 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county commissioners, courthouse, Fulton county.

SANDERS McDANIEL, President.
H. F. SCOTT, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, July 1.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Georgia—Showers and thunderstorms Tuesday; light to fresh southerly winds. Wednesday showers and thunderstorms.

Virginia—Partly cloudy Tuesday, thunderstorms in western portion. Wednesday partly cloudy, probably showers in southern and western portions; light south to west winds.

North Carolina—Showers and thunderstorms Tuesday and probably Wednesday, except fair on the north coast; light to fresh southerly winds, becoming variable.

South Carolina—Local showers and thunderstoms Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light to fresh southerly winds.

Eastern Florida—Showers Tuesday and Wednesday; variable winds, mostly brisk easterly.

Western Florida—Showers Tuesday. Wednesday fair; variable winds.

Alabama—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; probably showers and thunderstorms Tuesday in southern portion; variable winds.

Mississippi—Partly cloudy Tuesday; probably showers and thunderstorms in southern portion. Wednesday fair; variable winds.

Louisiana—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday. Wednesday fair, except probably thunderstorms and cooler in northwestern portion; fresh southerly winds.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday; probably showers and cooler in the Pan Handle. Wednesday fair; variable winds.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Tuesday, probably showers in eastern portion. Wednesday fair; not so warm in western portion; variable winds.

Kentucky—Fair; continued warm Tuesday. Wednesday threatening; possibly showers and cooler; variable winds.

Local Temperature.

Mean temperature	82
Normal temperature	77
Highest temperature	91
Lowest temperature	73
Rainfall in twenty-four hours	.04
Excess of rainfall since January 1st	4.57

Received from Other Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours.
Abilene, clear	92	94	.00
Augusta, partly cloudy	76	88	.56
Buffalo, clear	78	82	.00
Charleston, partly cloudy	74	14	.02
Charlotte, partly cloudy	84	92	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	72	92	.00
Chicago, partly cloudy	76	92	1.56
Cincinnati, clear	92	96	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	84	84	.00
Detroit, cloudy	86	94	.00
Dodge City, clear	90	96	.00
Galveston, cloudy	84	86	.00
Huron, clear	78	80	.00
Jacksonville, rain	76	94	1.24
Kansas City, partly cloudy	94	100	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	82	90	T
Memphis, clear	88	92	.00
Mobile, clear	84	94	.00
Montgomery, partly cloudy	88	94	.00
New Orleans, clear	82	90	.00
Norfolk, partly cloudy	86	100	.00
North Platte, partly cloudy	78	84	.00
Omaha	72	94	.68
Palestine, partly cloudy	84	90	.00
Raleigh, partly cloudy	88	94	.00
Rapid City, partly cloudy	74	74	.00
St. Louis, partly cloudy	80	82	.00
St. Paul, clear	80	82	.00
Savannah, cloudy	78	84	.04
Tampa, cloudy	84	92	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	84	90	.00
Wilmington, clear	80	90	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

One Dollar round trip via Seaboard Air Line Railway, Atlanta to Athens, every Sunday.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
101	Jonesboro 8 45 am	*102	Jonesbor 8 50 am
* 3	Savannah 7 25 am	* 2	Savannah 8 00 am
*103	Jonesboro 8 05 am	104	Hapeville 8 30 am
109	Hapeville 9 40 am	108	Jonesboro 12 10 pm
* 11	Macon 11 20 am	116	Hapeville 3 45 pm
111	Jonesboro 2 05 pm	* 12	Macon 4 05 pm
113	Hapeville 4 50 pm	112	Hapeville 5 00 pm
115	Hapeville 6 15 pm	114	Jonesboro 6 10 pm
1	Savannah 7 45 pm	* 4	Savannah 9 00 pm
117	Jonesboro 8 10 pm	118	Jonesboro 11.10 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
119	Hapeville 10 45 am	120	Hapeville 9 10 am
121	Hapeville 2 05 pm	122	Hapeville 12 50 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To.
* 3	Nashville 7 30 am	* 2	Nashville 8 15 am
73	Marietta 9 40 am	74	Marietta 12 10 pm
*91	Nashville 11 35 am	*92	Nashville 5 00 pm
75	Marietta 3 40 pm	76	Marietta 5 30 pm
* 1	Nashville 7 30 pm	* 4	Nashville 8 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
*17	Norfolk 8 00 am	* 53	Clinton 4 45 am
*31	Washington 3 55 pm	*408	Washington 12 00 n'n
* 53	Clinton 7 00 pm	* 52	Norfolk 5 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
* 2	Augusta 8 00 am	* 2	Augusta 7 55 am
26	Conyers 9 45 am	26	Lithonia 10 05 am
9	Covington 7 45 am	*28	Augusta 3 10 pm
* 1	Augusta 12 20 pm	24	Conyers 5 30 pm
25	Lithonia 3 25 pm	10	Covington 6 10 pm
*27	Augusta 8 00 pm	* 4	Augusta 11 35 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From.	No.	Depart To.
*26	Montgomery 11 40 am	*25	Montgomery 5 30 am
*34	Selma 7 30 pm	*33	Montgomery 12 30 pm
*36	Selma 11 40 pm	*37	Selma 4 30 pm
14	LaGrange 8 30 am	15	Palmetto 11 59 am
16	Palmetto 3 40 pm	35	LaGrange 5 30 pm
	Sunday Only		Sunday Only.
39	LaGrange 10 30 am	41	LaGrange 8 10 am

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).
Leave Atlanta for Knoxville 3 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville 7 30 pm

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Pursuant to an order granted by DeKalb court of ordinary, I will sell before the courthouse door, in Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in July, within the legal hours of sale, to highest bidder for cash, one city lot of land in land lot 82 and 14th district Fulton county, Georgia, 38½x100 feet, on the northeast corner of Kennedy and Lambert streets in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia.

JNO. W. GREEN,
Admr. H. H. Green's Estate.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Luella J. Jonas vs. Howard H. Jonas.—Fulton Superior Court, September term, 1901.—No. 90.—To Howard H. Jonas, Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 28th day of June, 1901, that Luella J. Jonas filed suit against you for a total divorce returnable to the September term, 1901, of said court. You are hereby required to be and appear at the September term, 1901, of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1901, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 1st day of July, 1901.

ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.